

TICAD IV Follow-up (Status of Implementation, May 2008-February 2009)



Japan's Commitments at TICAD IV

By 2012, Japan will:
double ODA for Africa (US\$ 0.9 billion → US\$1.8 billion)
provide support for doubling Japanese private investment in Africa (US\$1.7 billion → US\$3.4 billion), etc.

There has been progress in a large number of areas, even amidst the current financial and economic crisis

Major Examples of Progress

1. Boosting Economic Growth

Joint public/private sector missions (180 participants in total) have been dispatched to 12 African countries with the aim of fostering trade and investment and a report has been compiled including recommendations on measures to be taken. In addition, a trade and investment symposium was held, with 6 African countries invited to Japan.

In June 2009, the Africa-Asia Business Forum will be convened in Uganda, with tourism as the theme.

Since May 2008, the Japan Bank for International Cooperation (JBIC) has authorized financial assistance of a total of US\$740 million, US\$300 million has been extended in soft loans to the African Development Bank (AfDB) in order to assist the private sector.

The Coalition for African Rice Development (CARD), which aims to double Africa's rice production output in 10 years, has commenced activities.

In infrastructure development, Japan has already made commitments regarding about 40% of the amount of assistance to be provided over the next 5 years in the form of grant aid and technical cooperation.

2. Achievement of the MDGs and the Consolidation of Peace

Progress has been seen in numerous assistance measures in community development, education, health, and water and sanitation, among other areas, and efforts towards the consolidation of peace are progressing.

Various types of emergency assistance are being carried out flexibly to address the food crisis and humanitarian crises. Support is being provided to five PKO Centers.

3. Addressing Environmental Issues and Climate Change

Expand the Cool Earth Partnership, which assists developing countries that aim to contribute to the stabilization of the climate by working to achieve both greenhouse gas emissions reductions and economic growth in a compatible way, to 27 African countries, or more than half the countries on the continent.

Efforts towards further progress

In the fields of infrastructure, agriculture, water, health, environment, and education in Africa, a total of more than 100 preparatory survey missions for cooperation will be dispatched by the first half of this year



*Details on the status of implementation can be found on the MOFA website, at: http://www.mofa.go.jp/mofaj/area/ticad/tc4_fum.html