

CMI-CMD

Chiang Mai Initiatives and Chiang Mai Declaration

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Rationale of East Asia RFA

Capital account crisis in 1997-98
 ASEAN concerns on hedge fund
 Lacking of cooperation (Regional problems)



ASEAN+3
Chiang Mai Initiative (CMI)
Self-help mechanism
Swap Arrangement/Surveillance System/
Peer Review

A proposal: Beyond CMI

To go above 10 % (Maximum Trust)

- 1. Effective capital account monitoring system (Short-term capital flows—example Thailand and Malaysia)
- Proposed *out-placement* of Foreign reserves to reduce moral hazard problems
 Identify short-term and volatile capital inflows

A proposal: Beyond CMI

- 2.2 A certain portion of new short-term capital inflow (40%) were to invest in other member central bank → out- placement
- 2.3 when capital reverse

Use 60% kept at home first (first line of defense)

Used 40 % (second line of defense)

Use ASA and BSA 10 % and above 10 %(third line of defense)

A proposal: Beyond CMI

- 2.4 Effective monitoring should reveal and provide diagnostic of abnormal short-term capital flows and possible currency attack
- 2.5 Those who suffer traditional current account crisis should not eligible for ASA and BSA, but work under IMF program

A Proposal: Beyond CMI

- 3. As out-placement continue and getting larger, it might develop into Asian Currency Fund (ACF) and institutionalized.
- 4. Size of reserve pool depend very much on exchange rate regime in the region.

 Single currency pegged needs larger pool of reserves to counter the movement than common basket pegged.

Asian Bond Market in the RFA Framework

- 1. Out-placement (40 %) can be invested in Asian Bond
- 2. Stimulating transparency and information flows for surveillance system
- 3. Stimulate the necessary financial infrastructure for future cooperation (Securitization, credit rating, credit guarantee and enhancement, currency swap)

Progress on ASIAN BOND:

Demand Side

- EMEAP sets up Asian Bond Fund (ABF) for an initial investment (small in size)

 Supply side
 - **AFMM+3**

(New product/Securitized Asset Backed Bond/ Credit guarantee)

Infrastructure

AFMM+3 & APEC FMM (Appropriate infrastructure development)

of East Asia and Pacific Central Banks: (EM EAP)

Actions	Date
•EMEAP to undertake study on possibility to invest in local currency denominated debt instruments.	Jul 2003 to Dec. 2004

II.ASEAN+3 Finance M inisters M eeting:

(AFMM+3)

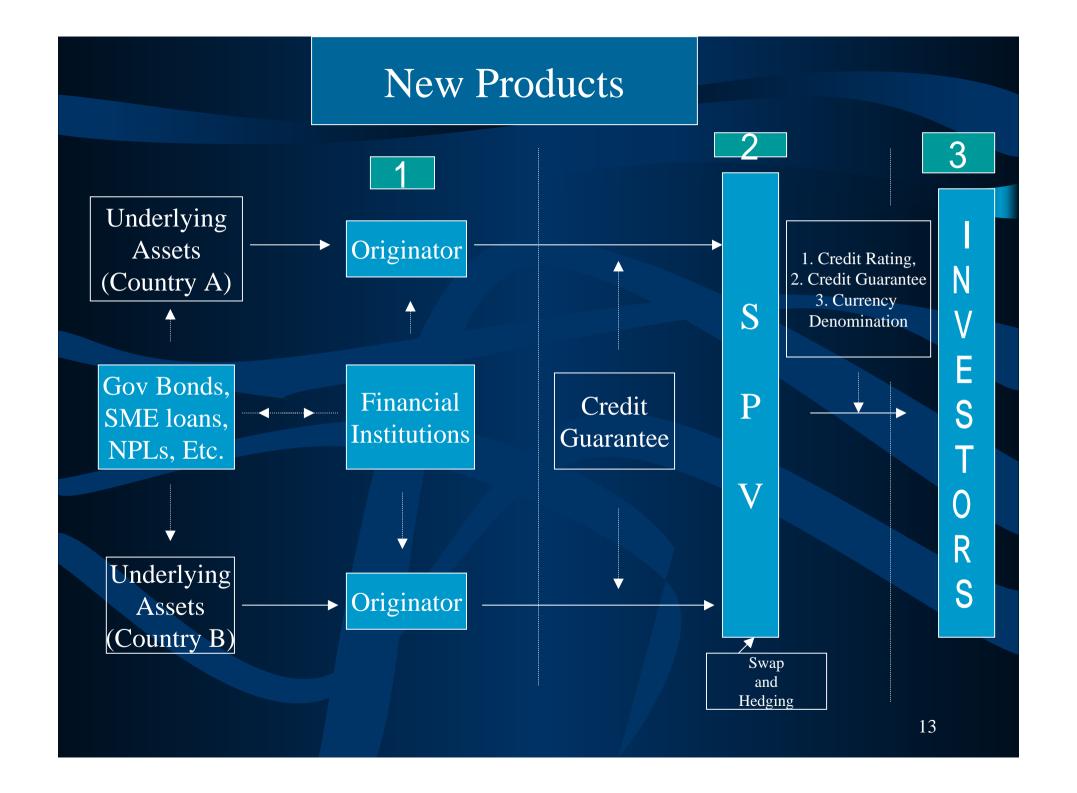
Actions	Date
 To consider technical and operational issues to structure: - Asset-backed bond - Credit Guaranteed/Enhanced bond - Currency Basket Bond 	Feb. 2003 to Dec. 2005

Finance Ministers' Meeting (APEC FM M)

Actions	Date
• APEC FMM : To identify impediments and	Sep. 2002
draw action plans to develop securitization and	to
credit guarantee markets	Dec. 2004
• AFMM+3 & APEC FMM: To consider	Sep. 2002
appropriate infrastructure to develop ABM	to
- Taxation&Accounting - FX Controls	Dec. 2008
- Laws & Regulations - Credit Guarantee	
- Clearing & Settlement - Credit Rating	
- Hedging Facilities - Etc.	

IV. Asia Cooperation Dialogue: (ACD)

Actions	Date
• 1st Meeting of ACD WGFC	May 12,
- Roadmap to Develop ABM	2003
- CMD on ABM Development	
Prime Minister of Thailand to announce	June 22,
CMD with ACD member countries' support	2003
• ACD WGFC Meetings to take place on a regular basis	2004- onwards



Thailand's Proposal of New Products

