

PROMOTING REGULATORY REFORM FOR INVESTMENT IN INDONESIA

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BACKGROUND

- 1. Indonesia has changed a lot in terms of regulatory reforms.
- 2. After the crisis, a dynamic trend has occurred to response towards the internal as well as external influences including political and economic situations.
- 3. Challenges emerges: (i) Low investment, (ii) Moderate Economic Growth, (iii) Poverty and Unemployment

Paper Focuses on:

- □ Review on Macro Economic Condition
- ☐ Policy Reforms on Investment
- Review on Investment Progress in Regions
- ☐ Impact of Investment on Employment
- □ Summary

GEOGRAPHICAL MAP OF INDONESIA



Α

MACRO ECONOMIC CONDITION

ECONOMIC INDICATOR

	2001	2002	2003	2004
Growth (%)	3,4	3,7	4,1	4,8*
Inflation (%)	12,55	10,03	5,06	6,50*
Deficit on Budget (% GDP)	3,5	1,7	1,9	1,2*
Interest Rate for SBI (%)	17,62	12,99	8,31	7,34**
Export Growth on Oil Gas (%)	-11,0	3,4	5,2	7,0*
Savings (miliar USD)	28,02	32,04	36,25	36,6**
Rupiah/USD	10.452	9.375	8.465	8,500*

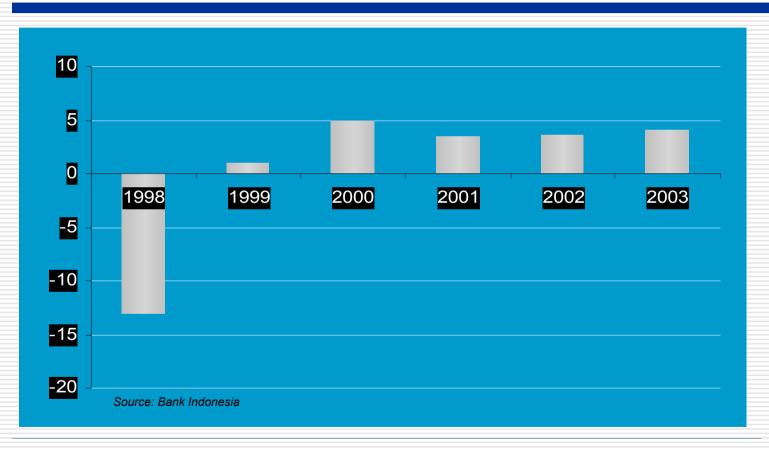
^{*)}Govt. target

^{**)} June 2004

FINANCIAL INDICATOR

	2001	2002	2003
Fluctuation Rupiah on USD (y-o-y), (-: depreciation)	-21,8	9,3	7,9
Change on IHSG (y-o-y)	-17,9	12,4	58,1
Debt Rate (S&P)	CCC	CCC+	B+
Savgs in months of Imports and Debt pymnt	5,9	6,6	7,0
Public Debt (% GDP)	87,7	81,2	67,7

ECONOMIC GROWTH



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Economic Progress....

- ☐ The GoI sets up proper policies. The objective is to improve competitiveness with minimizing impacts.
- ☐ Several steps are taken into account: (i) to improve the investment climate; (ii) to encourage the export development; (iii) to refresh the function of intermediary banking; (iv) to improve the resilience of fiscal base overcoming the financing gap; (v) to sustain stability on monetary and financial sectors; (vi) to alleviate the poverty and increase employment.
- ☐ In short, GoI attempts to set up related economic policies through 2 major packages, i.e. Presidential Instruction No 5 of 2003 (White Paper) and Presidential Decree No 87 of 2003.

ECONOMIC PACKAGES

□Presidential Instruction No. 5/2003 (White Paper)□Presidential Decree No. 87 /2004

INSTRUCTION OF PRESIDENT No. 5/2003

□White Paper (Inpres No.5/ 2003) - main goals :

- Maintain Macro Economic Stability
- Continue restructuring & reforming on financial sector
- Promote Invesment, Export and Employment.

President Decree No. 87/2003

- □ Set up a National Team for Industrial Development
 - & Invesment Promotion (*Tim Nasional Peningkatan Ekspor dan Peningkatan Investasi* / PEPI), Keppres 87 / 2003.
 - Main Tasks:
 - □Formulate Policy on Export and Invesment;
 - □Set up Startegic Steps to Boost Economic Export and Investment;
 - □Review and Give Recommendations in Boosting Export and Promoting Investment.

OTHER RELATED POLICIES ON INVESTMENT

- □Proposed Draft of Law on Investment
- □Presidential Decree No 29 of 2004 on One Roof Service
- □A Presidential Decree No 80 of 2003 on government procurement, and followed by e-procurement

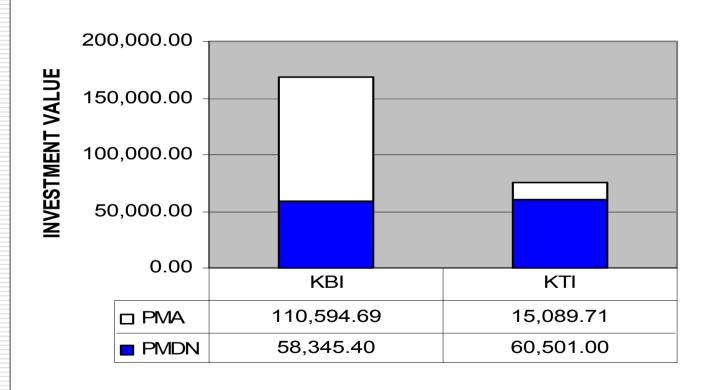
BOOSTING EXPORT AND INVESTMENT

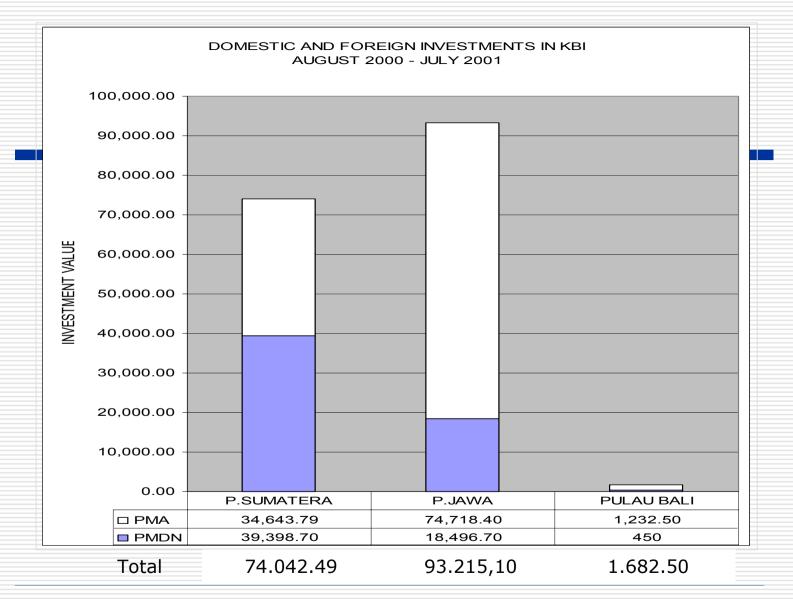
- Economic package on Export and investment. Promotion (Pres. Decree No.87/03) with A National Team
- □ Progress on related policies
 - 1. The government maintains its vigilance to prevent issuance of local regulations inconsistent with prevailing laws and regulations.
 - 2. The Customs and Excise streamlines its operations to reduce malfeasance and evasion.
 - 3. High priority to investment in infrastructure to support growth, investment and employment creation.
 - 4. A series of trade facilitation measures is underway.
 - 5. The support for SMEs
 - 6. Presidential Decree No 29 of 2004 dealing with Provision on Investment for domestic and Foreign Investment through one roof licensing service.

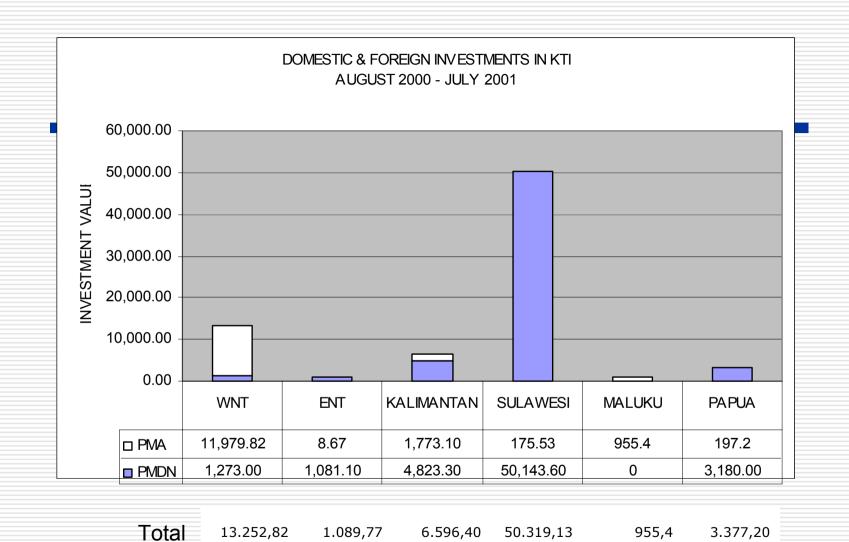
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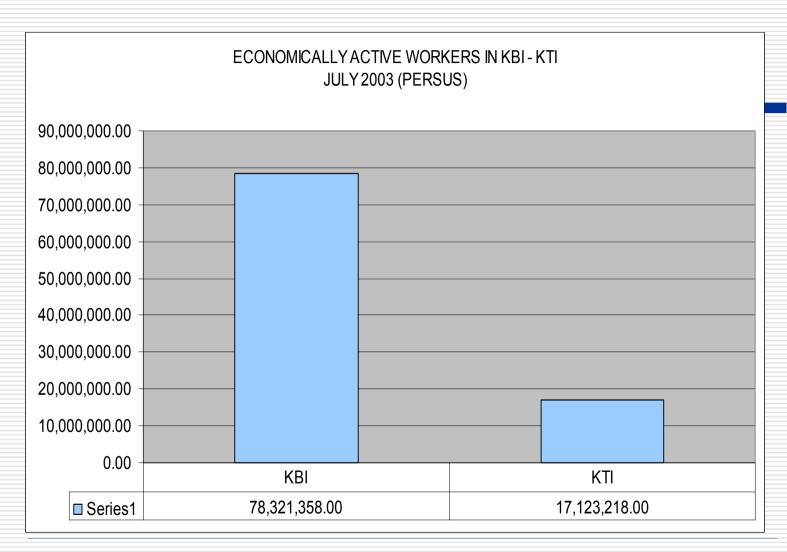
INVESTMENT VS EMPLOYMENT

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN INVESTMENTS IN KBI-KTI AUGUST 2000 - JULY 2001

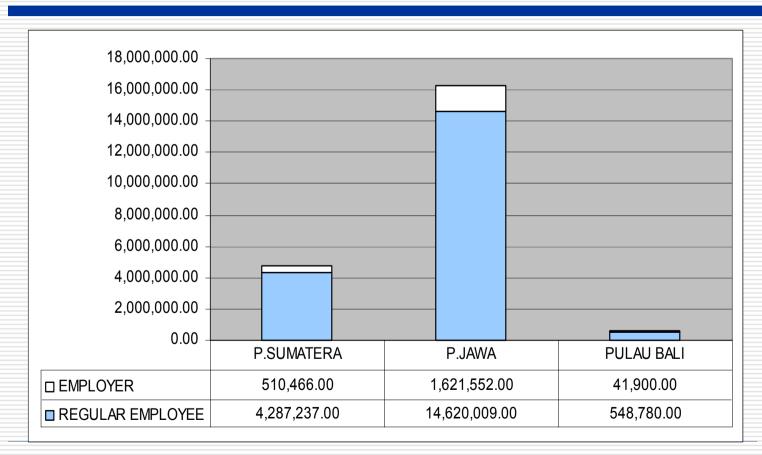




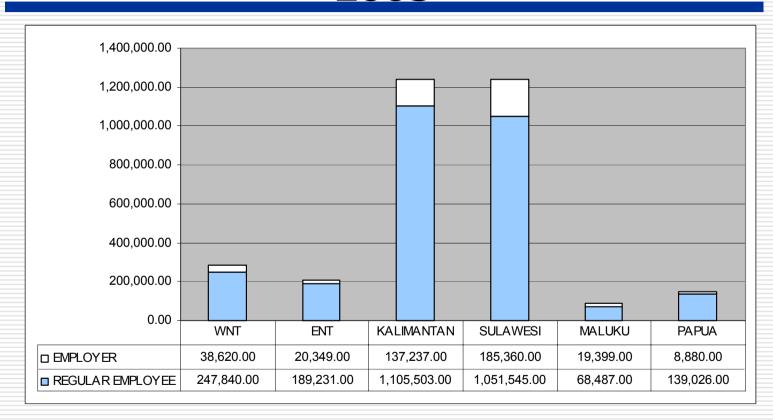




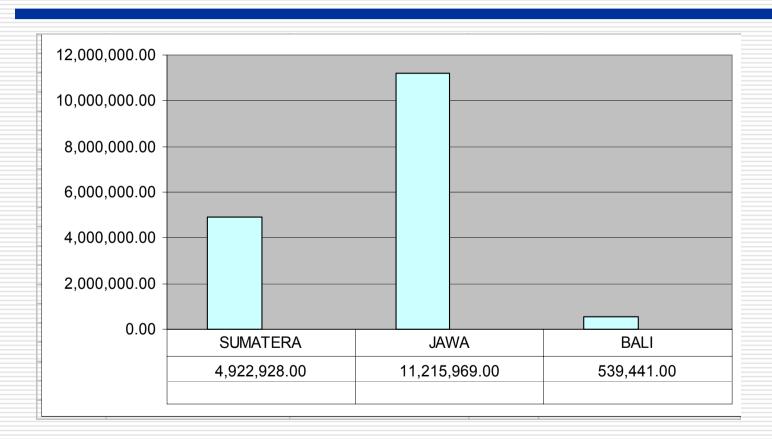
Employee & Employer of KBI for 2003



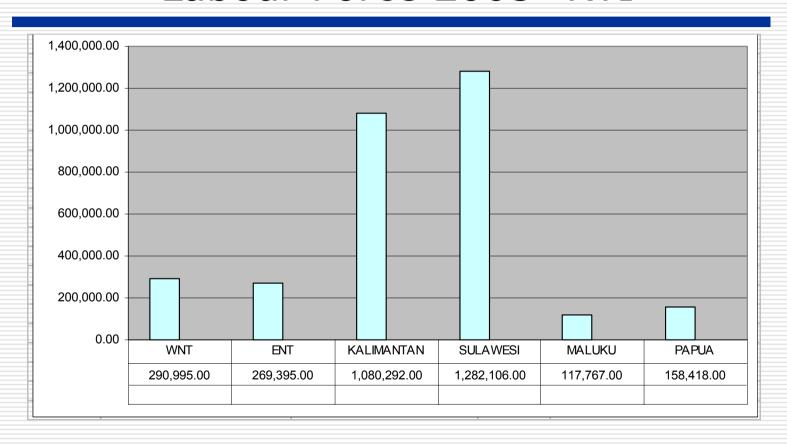
Employee & Employer of KTI for 2003



Labour Force 2003- KBI



Labour Force 2003- KTI



SUMMARY

- ☐ Indonesia is relatively successful in recovering the crisis, and ready to promote investment and export development with proper policy reforms.

 ☐ Challenges that can be put properly as opportunity
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- The Government attempts to boost the economy through structural and directive policy reforms: i.e. 'White Paper' and Pres. Decree No. 87 of 2003, and proposed draft on Law on Investment, Presidential Decree No. 29 of 2004.
- ☐ Synchronized systems introduced in complying with domestic and international dynamics

SUMMARY (cont...)

□ Econ Packages: On Track □ Pattern of Investments Varied □ Dom. Investm.: Traditional Sectors; Foreign Investm.: Modern Sectors ☐ HR Quality-Low: 70% of total Workers □ Reltnship. b/w Invstm vs Workers: Contrast Pattern; KBI (Sumatra) Strong Corr. KTI Weak & Neg.

Continued...

- □ Through the laws and related decrees, investors and business people can look forward to a more harmonious relationship and all brings into investors' confidence and improving competitiveness.
- ☐ The government remains committed to implement the Presidential Decree No. 87 of 2003, and related policy reforms on Investment.