(2) (a)

⑦の規定に従つてこの条の規定が適用される著作物に

その著作物のある特定の版の複製物が、

その版

のつ

ては、

と。含む。)において、専ら⑪の目的のために使用されるこ含む。)において、専ら⑪の目的のために使用されるこめに適法に行われた録音又は録画を用いて行う放送を

(iv) その翻訳の使用が、営利性を有しないこと。 た放送機関の同意を得て、使用することができる。 関も、。(a)に定める目的及び条件で、かつ、その翻訳を行つ 関が行つた翻訳の録音又は録画は、当該許可を与えた権限 関が行った翻訳の録音又は録画は、当該許可を与えた権限 は、その翻訳の使用が、営利性を有しないこと。

(d) (1)から(8)までの規定は、(a)から(c)までの規定に従うことの翻訳のためにも、放送機関に与えることができる。件として、専ら教育活動において使用されるために作成さい。許可は、(a)に定める基準及び条件が満たされることを条(c) 許可は、(a)に定める基準及び条件が満たされることを条

| 付与及び行使について適用する。|| を条件として、この例の規定に基づいて与えられる許可の||の|| (1)から(8)までの規定は、(a)から(c)までの規定に従うこと

第三条

とができる。の改正条約第九条に規定する排他的複製権の代わりとするこの改正条約第九条に規定する排他的複製権の代わりとするこつて与える非排他的かつ譲渡不能の許可の制度をもつて、こ権限のある機関がこの条に定める条件でかつ次条の規定に従()この条に定める権能を利用することを宣言した同盟国は、()

b) De enregitrements sonores ou visuels d'une treducion qui a été faite par un organisme de radiodiffusion nous l'empire d'une lience accordée en vertu du présent alinés puvent, aux fins et sous réserve des conditions énunérées dans le nouvalinéa y et avec l'accord de cet organisme, être assais utilisée par tout autre organisme de radiodifusion syant son sège dans le pays dont l'autorife compétente a accordé la licence en question.

¿) Pourva que tous les critères et conditions énumérés au sousailités a) sient respectés, une license peut efgalement être accordée à un organisme de radioutiffession pour traduire tout texte incorparé dans une fraction audio-visuelle faite et publiée aux seules fins de l'usage soolaire et universituire.

d) Sous récerve des sous-alinéas a) à co, les dispositions des alinéas précédents sont applicables à l'octroi et à l'exerciee de toute licence accordée en vertu du présent alinéa.

Article II

j) Tout pays qui a décharé qu'il invoquera le binéfice de la faculté prévue par le prévent article area habilité à substiture au d'oùt exclusif de reproduction prévu à l'article 9 un régime de licences non exclusives et incessibles accordére par l'autorité compétente dans les couditions réspirés et conformement à l'article IV.

 a) A l'égard d'une œuvre à laquelle le présent article est applicable en vertu de l'alinéa 7) et lorsque, à l'expiration

③に定める期間

ための許可を受けることができる。

- (b) 後に、 (ii) (i) 係る版の許諾を得た複製物が、 とができる。 に六箇月の間頒布されていないときは、その版を複製し 度の価格で当該国において一 発行するための許可を、 a)に規定する頒布が行われた場合におい その国の法令が定める一 当該国において同種の著作物に付される価格と同程 この条に定める条件で与えるこ 層長い期間 般公衆に又は教育活動 (a)に規定する期間 . て、 その頒 の 満了の のため 布
- (3)(i) ②aiiにいう期間は、 自然科学及び科学技術に関する著作物については、 五年とする。ただし、 三年

とする。

- (ii) 作物及び美術書については、 小説等のフィクション、 詩、 七年とする。 演劇 用の著作物、 音楽の著
- (4)(a)六箇月の期間が満了するまで、 として受けられる許可については、 この条の規定に基づく許可は、三年の期間 与えてはならない。 次のいずれかの日 の満了を条件 Iから
- (i) 許可を申請する者が次条①の手続を行つた日

九七一年にパリで改正された著作権に関するベルヌ条約

- de la période fixée à l'alinéa 3) et calculée à partir de la première publication d'une édition déterminée d'une
- d'une période plus longue fixée par la législation natio nale du pays visé à l'alinéa l) et calculée à partir de la

obtenir une licence pour reproduire et publier cette édition. soit de l'enseignement scolaire et universitaire, par le titudes œuvres analogues, tout ressortissant dudit pays pourra prix comparable à celui qui est en usage dans ledit pays pour laire du droit de reproduction ou avec son autorisation, à un dans ce pays, pour répondre aux besoins, soit du grand public. des exemplaires de cette édition n'ont pas été mis en vente oesoins de l'enseignement scolaire et universitaire. ce prix ou à un prix inférieur, en vue de répondre aux

de l'enseignement scalaire et universitaire, à un prix compacerné pour répondre aux besoins, soit du grand public, soit en vente, pendant une durée de six mois, dans le pays conle présent article si, après l'expiration de la période applia été mise en circulation comme le décrit le sous-alinéa a) rable à celui qui est demandé dans ledit pays pour des œuvres cable, des exemplaires autorisés de cette édition ne sont plus peut aussi être accordée en vertu des conditions prévues par b) Une licence pour reproduire et publier une édition qui

cinq années. Toutefois, 3) La période à laquelle se réfère l'alinéa 2)u/i) est de

i) pour les œuvres qui traitent des sciences exactes et natu relies et de la technologie, elle sera de trois années;

ii) pour les œuvres qui appartiennent au domaine de l'ima dramatiques et musicales, et pour les livres d'art, elle gination, telles que les romans, les œuvres poétiques

de six mois dée en vertu du présent article avant l'expiration d'un délai d'une période de trois années, la licence ne pourra être accor 4) a) Dans le cas où elle peut être obtenue à l'expiration

i) à compter de la date à laquelle le requérant accompli les formalités prévues par l'article IV.1);

- (ii) ころに従つて発送した日 機関に提出した許可の申請書の写しを次条②に定めると 合には、 複製権を有する者又はその者の住所が明らかで 許可を申請する者が、 許可を与える権限のあ な い る 場
- (b) まで、 は、 可の場合において次条②の規定が適用されるときは、 三年の期間 申請書の写しの発送の 与えてはならない。 .以外の期間の満了を条件として受けられる許 日から三箇月の期間が満了する 許可
- (c) (d) えてはならない。 頒布が行われた場合には、 著作者が複製及び発行のための許可が申請された版 @又はbの六箇月又は三箇月の期間内に②@に規定する この条の規定に基づく許可を与 許可を与えては 0) 頒
- ならない。 布中の複製物をすべて回収した場合には、

(5)

次の場合には、

著作物の翻訳を複製しかつ発行するため

- (i) 許可をこの条の規定に基づいて与えてはならない。 を得て発行されたものでない場合 その翻訳が、 翻訳権を有する者により又はその者の許諾
- いて一般公衆に又は教育活動のために頒布される場合におい 種の著作物に通常付される価格と同程度の価格でその国にお り又はその者の許諾を得て、 (ii)著作物のいずれかの版の複製物が、 れている言語によるものでない場合 その翻訳が、 許可が申請された国において一般に使用さ ①に規定する同盟国において同 複製権を有する者によ

よるものであり、

かつ、

許可に基づいて発行された版と同一の言語に

ほぼ同一の内容のものであるとき

- ou bien, si l'identité ou l'adresse du titulaire du droit ticle IV.2), à l'envoi des copies de la requête soumise à laquelle le requérant procède, comme prévu à l'arde reproduction n'est pas connue, à compter de la date par lui à l'autorité qui a compétence pour accorder la
- a eu lieu, aucune licence ne sera accordée en vertu du présent lai de trois mois à compter de l'envoi des copies de la requête alinéas a) et b) la mise en vente comme le décrit l'alinéa 2)a) la licence ne pourra être accordée avant l'expiration d'un dé c) Si durant le délai de six on de trois mois visé aux sousb) Dans les autres cas et si l'article IV.2) est applicable
- a retiré de la circulation tous les exemplaires de l'édition pour la reproduction et la publication de laquelle la licence d) Aucune licence ne peut être accordée lorsque l'auteur

traduction d'une œuvre ne sera pas accordée, en vertu du Une licence en vue de reproduire et de publier une

i) lorsque la traduction dont il s'agit n'a pas été publice

par le titulaire du droit de traduction ou avec son auto

- lorsque la traduction n'est pas faite dans une langue
- d'usage général dans le pays où la licence est demandée

tiellement le même que celle et celui de l'édition publiée cu cette édition est dans la même langue et son contenu essenlicence accordée en vertu du présent article prendra fin si en usage dans ledit pays pour des œuvres analogues, toute avec son autorisation, à un prix comparable à celui qui est et universitaire, par le titulaire du droit de reproduction ou besoins, soit du grand public, soit de l'enseignement scolaire en vente dans le pays visé à l'alinéa 1) pour répondre aux se poursuivre jusqu'à leur épuisement plaires déjà produits avant l'expiration de la licence pourr vertu de la licence. La mise en circulation de tous les exem-6) Si des exemplaires d'une édition d'une œuvre sont mis

れた著作物に限定される。(河)()の規定が適用される著作物は、印刷その他類似の複製形式で発行さり)(の規定が適用される場合を除くほか、この条の規定がで引き続き頒布することができる。

は、

許可の消滅前に既に作成された複製物は、

それが無くなるまでは、消滅する。

この条の規定に基づいて与えられた許可は、

(b) この条の規定は、適法に作成された視聴覚的固定物であるいて使用されるために作成されかつ発行されたものであるかを収録したものを視聴覚の形式で複製すること及びそれを一体となつている本文を許可が申請された国において一と一体となつている本文を許可が申請された国において一と一体となっている本文を許可が申請された国において一と一体となっている本文を許可が申請された視聴覚の固定物である。

第四条

(1) 第二条又は前条の許可は、許可を申請する者が、権利を有ると同時に、②に規定する国内的又は国際的情報センターに発行の許諾を求めたが拒否されたこと又は相当な努力を払つを当の規則に従つて立証する場合に限り、与えることができ該国の規則に従つて立証する場合に限り、与えることができる。許可を申請する者は、権利を有さるとができなかったことを当ると同時に、②に規定する相談の発行若しくは版の複製及びると同時に、②に規定する者は、権利を有ると同時に、②に規定する者が、権利を有ると同時に、②に規定するとの旨を通報しなければならない。

許可を申請する者は、権利を有する者と連絡することがで

九七一年にパリで改正された著作権に関するベルヌ条約

(2)

7) a) Sous réserve du sous-alinéa b), les œuvres auxquelles le présent article est applicable ne sont que les œuvres publiées sous forme imprimée ou sous toute autre forme analogue de reproduction.

b) Le présent article est également applicable à la reproduction audio-visuelle de fixations licites audio-visuelles en tant qu'elles constituent ou incorporent des œuvres protégées ainsi qu'à la traduction du texte qui les accompagne dans une langue d'usage gérierel dans le pay où la licence est demandée, étant bien entendu que les fixations audio-visuelles dont il agri ont été conque et publices aux seules fins de l'usage récolière et universitaire.

Article IV

1) Tout licence vice à l'article II ou à l'article III ne pourra être accordée que si le requirant, conformient aux dispositions en viguerr dans le pays en cause, justifie avoir demandé au titulière du droit l'autorisation de finre une traduction et de la publière ou de reproduire et publice l'édition, desciu et de la publière ou de reproduire et publice l'édition, delon le cas, et n'a pu obteuir son autorisation, ou, après dues déligences de sa part, n'a pu l'atteindre. En même temps qu'il fait cette demande au tituliàre du droit, le requérant doit en fidormer tout centre national ou international d'information vité à l'Alines 2).

 Si le titulaire du droit n'a pu être atteint par le requé rant, celui-ci doit adresser, par la poste aérienne, sous pl

機関に提出した申請書の写しを書留航空便で送付する。 的又は国際的情報センターに対し、 定される国 きなかつた場合には、 及び発行者がその主たる事務所を有していると推 の政府が事務局長に寄託した通告で指定した国内 著作物にその名を表示され 許可を与える権限 てい 、る発行 のある

- に際し、 行われた翻訳又は複製に係るすべての複製物には、その発行 らの複製物には、 の場合には、これらの複製物に著作物の原題名を表示しなけ ばならない。 第二条又は前条の規定によつて与えられた許可に基づい 著作者の名が表示されていなければならない。 著作物の題名を表示するものとする。 これ
- (4) (a) てのみ有効とする。 領域内で翻訳又は複製に係る複製物を発行することについ 製物の輸出には及ばないものとし、それが申請された国 第二条又は前条の規定に基づいて与えられる許可は、 の
- (b) 付は、 て第一 (a)の規定の適用上、 条5の規定に基づく宣言を行つた国への複製物の送 輸出とみなす。 いずれか の領域からその領域につ l,
- (c) とみなさない。 他の国に送付する場合には、 公の機関がその許可に基づいて発行され べての条件が満たされるときは、 以外の言語への翻訳の許可を与えた国の政府機関その 第二条の規定に基づき英語、 その複製物の送付は、 スペイン語及びフラン (a)の規定の適用上、 た翻訳の複製物を 次のす 、ス語 輸出 他 0
- 国 受取人が、当該許可を与えた権限のある機関が属する の国民であること又はそのような国民から成る団体で

avoir le siège principal de ses opérations ral, par le Gouvernement du pays où l'éditeur est présume une notification déposée à cet effet auprès du Directeur géné international d'information qui peut avoir été désigné, dans torité qui a compétence pour accorder la licence, à l'éditeur recommandé, des copies de la requête soumise par lui à l'au

doit en tout cas figurer sur tous ceux-ci plaires. S'il s'agit d'une traduction, le titre original de l'œuvre l'article III. Le titre de l'œuvre doit figurer sur tous ces exem l'empire d'une licence accordée en vertu de l'article II ou de plaires de la traduction ou de la reproduction publiée sous 3) Le nom de l'auteur doit être indiqué sur tous les exem

ou de la reproduction, selon le cas, à l'intérieur du territoire elle ne scra valable que pour la publication de la traduction l'article III ne s'étendra pas à l'exportation d'exemplaires et 4) a) Toute licence accordée en vertu de l'article II ou de

déclaration conformément à l'article I.5). regardé comme exportation l'envoi d'exemplaires à partir d'un territoire vers le pays qui, pour ce territoire, a fait une b) Aux fins de l'application du sous-alinéa a), doit être

un autre pays, une telle expédition ne sera pas considérée toutes les conditions suivantes sont remplies: aux fins du sous-alinéa a), comme étant une exportation plaires de la traduction publiée en vertu d'une telle licence à autre que l'anglais, l'espagnol ou le français envoie des exemorganisme public d'un pays qui a accordé, conformément à 'article II, une licence de faire une traduction dans une langue i) les destinataires sont des particuliers ressortissants du c) Lorsqu'un organisme gouvernemental ou tout autre

universitaire ou de la recherche des organisations groupant de tels ressortissants;

pays dont l'autorité compétente a accordé la licence, ou

- les exemplaires ne sont utilisés que pour l'usage scolaire
- iii) l'envoi des exemplaires et leur distribution ultérieure aux destinataires n'ont aucun caractère lucratif; et
- le pays auquel les exemplaires ont été envoyés a conclu un accord avec le pays dont l'autorité compétente a de ce dernier pays a notifié au Directeur général un tel délivré la licence pour en autoriser la réception, ou la

一九七一年にパリで改正された著作権に関するベルヌ条約

(b)

著作物の正確な翻訳又は版の正

確な複製を確保するた

め、

E

「内法令により適当な措置をとる。

こと。m~その複製物が、教育又は研究のためにのみ使用されるであること。

その複製物の送付及びその後の受取人への頒布

- の政府がその合意を事務局長に通告していること。り、かつ、当該許可を与えた権限のある機関が属する国は頒布又はその双方を許可することについて合意しておのある機関が属する国との間でその複製物の受領若しくい。その複製物が送付された国が、当該許可を与えた権限利性を有しないこと。
- の場合に通常支払われる使用料の基準に合致する公正なぼ、 許可が、翻訳権又は複製権を有する者のため、二の関係) 次のことを確保するため、適当な国内措置をとる。

補償金を伴うこと。

(6)

あらゆる努力を払う。補償金の移転を確保するため、国際的な機構を利用して補償金の移転を確保するため、国際的に殻換可能な通貨又はこれに相当するものによる国際的に交換可能な通貨又はこれに相当するものによる国内規制が存在する場合には、権限のある機関は、()()の補償金の支払及び移転が行われること。通貨に関

secordée on vertie de l'article III on le l'article III doit contenir une mention dans la lungue appropriée précisant que l'accomplaire n'est mis en circulation que dans le pays ou le territoire anquel ladite lirence éapplique.

6 a) Des mesures appropriées seront prises sur lo plantional pour que

- i) la lience compacte en faveir du titulaire du droit de traduction ou de reproduction, selon le cas, une rémanération équitable et conforme à l'échelle des redevances normalement versées dans le cas de liences librement régoriées entre les intéressés dans les deux pays concerné.
- soient assurés le pairment et le transfert de cette rémunération; ill existe une réglementation nationale on matière de devises, l'intérité compétente ne ménagera aueun effort, en recorantat aux ménatismes internationants, pour assurer le transfert de la rémunération en montais internationalement convertible ou en son équivalent.
- b) Des mesures appropriées scront prises dans le cadre de la législation nationale pour que soit garantie une traduction correcte de l'ensure ou une reproduction exacte de l'édition dont il s'agit, selon le cas.

_ t 0

第五条

その宣言の代わりに次の宣言を行うことができる。 きる国は、この改正条約を批准し又はこれに加入する際に、⑴a 第二条に定める権能を利用することを宣言することがで

(i)この改正条約第三十条②@の規定が適用される同その宣言の代わりに次の宣言を行うことができる。

同条②心の第一文に規定する宣言(同盟に属しない国でないものをも含む。)については、(同盟に属しない国でないものをも含む。)については、翻訳権に関し、その規定に基づく宣言については、翻訳権に関し、その規定に基づく宣言

力を有する。 「一条(1)に規定する開発途上にある国でなり、関については、この(1)の規定に基づいて行われた宣言は、「関については、この(1)の規定に基づいて行われた宣言は、「お一条(1)に規定する開発途上にある国でなくなつた同盟

利用することができない。 は、その宣言を撤回した場合にも、第二条に定める権能を(ご) この(1)の規定に基づいて宣言を行つた同盟国は、その後

定の適用が妨げられることはない。 規定に基づく宣言を行うことができない。もつとも、③の規② 第二条に定める権能を利用した同盟国は、その後は、①の

を行うことができる。その宣言は、第一条③の規定に従つてらずこの改正条約第三十条②的の第一文の規定に基づく宣言では、同条③の規定に従つて適用される期間の満了の二年前ま③ 第一条⑴に規定する開発途上にある国でなくなつた同盟国

.

 I) a) Tout pays habilité à déclarer qu'il invoquera le bénéfice de la faculté prévue par l'article II peut, lorsqu'il ratific le présent Acte, on y adhère, an lieu de faire une telle déclaration,

 faire, s'il est un pays auquel l'article 30.2/a) est applicable, une déclaration aux termes de cette disposition pour ce qui concerne le droit de traduction;
 faire, s'il est un pays auquel l'article 30.2/a) n'est pas

applicable, et mênte s'il n'est pas un pays étranger à l'Union, une déclaration comme prévu par l'article 30.2)6), première phrase.

(δ) Dan le cas d'un pay qui a cessé d'être considère comme ur paye a voir de dévelopment let que vité à l'arrède. L'I), une déclaration, fair conformément au présent linéa rente valable puqu'à la date à laquelle expire le défit applicable conformément à l'article L'I).

c) Tout pays qui a fait une déclaration conformèment au présent alinéa ne peut invoquer ultérirurement le bénéfice de la faculté prévue par l'article II, même s'il retire ladite déclaration.

2) Sous réserve de l'alinéa 3), tout pays qui a invoqué le bénéfice de la faculté prévue par l'article II ne peut faire ultérieurement une déclaration conformément à l'alinéa 1).

3) Tout pays qui a cessé d'être considéré comme un pays on vois de développement tel que vite à l'urticle 11, pourra, deux ans an plus tard avant l'expiration du délai applicable conformément à l'article 13), faire une déclaration au sem de l'article 302/b), première phane, nonobitant le fait qu'il ne s'egit pas d'un pays étranger à l'Union. Cette déclaration prendra effet à la date à laquelle expire le délai applicable conformément à l'article 13).

適用される期間が満了する日に効力を生ずる。

第六条

る。ととなる時まではいつでも、次のことを宣言することができととなる時まではいつでも、次のことを宣言することができ条から第二十一条までの規定及びこの附属書に拘束されるこ()「同盟国は、この改正条約の作成の日からこの改正条約第一

(1) 当該同盟国が、この改正条約第一条から第二十一条まで、この規定及びこの附属書に拘束される旨を述べることができるで規定に従い第二条若しくは第三条子しくはその関とする権能を利用することができるであろう国の場合には、(ii)の規定に従い第二条若しくは第三条若しくはその関とする権能を利用することができるであろう国の場合の規定及びこの附属書に拘束されるとしたならば第一条(1) 当該同盟国が、この改正条約第一条から第二十一条までとができる。

務局長に寄託する。宣言は、寄託の日に効力を生ずる。(1)の規定に基づく宣言は、書面によつて行うものとし、事を適用することを認めること。言又は第一条の規定に基づく通告を行つた国がこの附属書(i) 自国を本国とする著作物について、(i)の規定に基づく宣

(2)

.

 Tout paya de l'Union peut déclarer, à partir de la date du présent Acte et à tout moment avant de devenir lié par les articles 1 à 21 et par la présente Annexe;

ji è il «igit d'un pays qui, «il était lis par les articles 1 à 21 et par la présente Annexa, erait habilité à invoquer le béméfice des facultés vitées à l'article II.), qu'il appliquers les dispositions de l'article III ou de l'article III, ou bien des deux, aux œuvres dont le pays d'origine est un pays qui, en application du point ii) étaprès, accepte l'application de ce articles à de telles œuvres ou qui est lié par les articles 1 à 21 et par la présente Annexe; une telle déclaration peut se référer à l'article V au lieu de l'article II;

ii) qu'il accepte l'application de la présente Annexe aux œuvres dont il est le pays d'origine, par les pays qui ont fait une déclaration en vertu du point i) ci-dessus ou une notification en vertu de l'article I.

 Toute déclaration selon l'alinéa 1) doit être faite par écrit et déposée auprès du Directeur général. Elle prend effet à la date de son dépôt.

条約に署名した。 以上の証拠として、下名は、正当に委任を受けて、この改正

千九百七十一年七月二十四日にパリで作成した。

(署名欄省略)

EN FOI DE QUOI, les soussignés, dûment autorisés à cet effet, ont signé le présent Acte.
FAIT à Paris, le 24 juillet 1971

Berne Convention for the Protection of Literary and Artistic Works

of September 9, 1886,

completed at PARIS on May 4, 1896, revised at BERLIN on November 13, 1908, completed at BERNE on March 20, 1914, and revised at ROME on June 2, 1928, at BRUSSELS on June 26, 1948, at STOCKHOLM on July 14, 1967.

and at PARIS on July 24, 1971

The countries of the Union, being equally animated by the desire to protect, in as effective and uniform a manner as possible, the rights of authors in their literary and artistic works.

Recognizing the importance of the work of the Revision Conference held at Stockholm in 1967,

Have resolved to revise the Act adopted by the Stockholm Conference, while maintaining without change Articles 1 to 20 and 22 to 26 of that Act.

Consequently, the undersigned Plenipotentiaries, having presented their full powers, recognized as in good and due form, have agreed as follows:

Article

The countries to which this Convention applies constitute a Union for the protection of the rights of authors in their literary and artistic works.

Article 2

(1) The expression "literary and artistic works" shall include every production in the literary, scientific and artistic domain, whatever may be the mode or form of its expression, such as books, pamphiles and other writings; lectures, addresses, seronous and other works of the same natures, addresses, seronous and other works of the same natures dramatic or dramatic or mission lowers, thoreographic works and entertainments in dumb show; musical compositions without words; thinmatographic works to which are assimilated words expressed by a process analogous to cinematography; works of thereing, positioning, architectures, conjustes, engages, and lithography; photographic works to which are sentenced.

asimilated works expressed by a process analogous to photography; works of applied art; illustrations, maps, plans, sketches and three-dimensional works relative to geography, topography, architecture or science.

(2) It shall, however, be a matter for legislation in the countries of the Union to prescribe that works in general or any specified categories of works shall not be protected unless they have been fixed in some material form.

- (3) Translations, adaptations, arrangements of music and other alterations of a literary or artistic work shall be protected as original works without prejudice to the copyright in the original work.
- (4) It shall be a matter for legislation in the countries of the Union to determine the protection to be granted to official texts of a legislative, administrative and legal nature, and to official translations of such texts.
- (5) Collections of literary or artistic works such as encyclopardius and anthologies which, by reason of the self-etion and arrangement of their contents, constitute intellectual resultion shall be protected as such without perjudice to the copyright in each of the works forming part of such cols.
- (6) The works mentioned in this Article shall enjoy protection in all countries of the Union. This protection shall operate for the benefit of the author and his successors in title.
- (7) Subject to the provisions of Article 7(4) of this Convenion, it shall be a matter for legislation in the countries of the Union to determine the extent of the application of their laws to works of applied art and industrial designs and models, as well as the conditions under which such works, designs and models shall be protected. Works protected in the country of origin solely a designs and models shall be entitled in another country of the Union only to such special protects in as it granted in that country to designs and models; however, if no such special protection is granted in that country works shall be protected as artistic works.
- (8) The protection of this Convention shall not apply to news of the day or to miscellaneous facts having the character of mere items of press information.

- (1) It shall be a matter for legislation in the countries of the Union to exclude, wholly or in part, from the protection provided by the perceding Article political speeches and speeches delivered in the course of legal proceedings.
- (2) It shall also be a matter for legislation in the countries of the Union to determine the conditions under which

informatory purpose. 1164(1) of this Convention, when such use is justified by the the subject of public communication as envisaged in Article broadcast, communicated to the public by wire and made are delivered in public may be reproduced by the press. lectures, addresses and other works of the same nature which

right of making a collection of his works mentioned in the preceding paragraphs. (3) Nevertheless, the author shall enjoy the exclusive

Article 3

- (1) The protection of this Convention shall apply to:
- (a) authors who are nationals of one of the countries of the Union, for their works, whether published or not;
- (b) authors who are not nationals of one of the countries the Union and in a country of the Union. those countries, or simultaneously in a country outside of the Union, for their works first published in one of
- to nationals of that country. them shall, for the purposes of this Convention, be assimilated of the Union but who have their habitual residence in one of (2) Authors who are not nationals of one of the countries
- musical, cinematographic or musical work, the public recita of the work. The performance of a dramatic, dramaticoable requirements of the public, having regard to the nature means of manufacture of the copies, provided that the availbroadcasting of literary or artistic works, the exhibition of a lished with the consent of their authors, whatever may be the work of art and the construction of a work of architecture tion of a literary work, the communication by wire or the ability of such copies has been such as to satisfy the reasonshall not constitute publication. (3) The expression "published works" means works pub
- in two or more countries within thirty days of its first pub simultaneously in several countries if it has been published (4) A work shall be considered as having been published

Article 4

conditions of Article 3 are not fulfilled, to: The protection of this Convention shall apply, even if the

- (a) authors of cinematographic works the maker of which countries of the Union; has his headquarters or habitual residence in one of the
- (b) authors of works of architecture erected in a country the Union a building or other structure located in a country of of the Union or of other artistic works incorporated in

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they are protected under this Convention, in countries of the Convention. nationals, as well as the rights specially granted by this respective laws do now or may hereafter grant to their Union other than the country of origin, the rights which their (1) Authors shall enjoy, in respect of works for which

- to protect his rights, shall be governed exclusively by the laws tection, as well as the means of redress afforded to the author of the country where protection is claimed. from the provisions of this Convention, the extent of proin the country of origin of the work. Consequently, apart not be subject to any formality; such enjoyment and such exercise shall be independent of the existence of protection (2) The enjoyment and the exercise of these rights shall
- under this Convention, he shall enjoy in that country the the country of origin of the work for which he is protected domestic law. However, when the author is not a national of ame rights as national authors. (3) Protection in the country of origin is governed by
- (4) The country of origin shall be considered to be:
- (a) in the case of works first published in a country of the simultaneously in several countries of the Union which Union, that country: in the case of works published legislation grants the shortest term of protection; grant different terms of protection, the country whose
- (b) in the case of works published simultaneously in a counthe latter country; try outside the Union and in a country of the Union.
- (c) in the case of unpublished works or of works first pub taneous publication in a country of the Union, the counprovided that: try of the Union of which the author is a national lished in a country outside the Union, without simul-
- (ii) when these are works of architecture erected in (i) when these are cinematographic works the maker of origin shall be that country, and residence in a country of the Union, the country of which has his headquarters or his habitual
- origin shall be that country. located in a country of the Union, the country of a country of the Union or other artistic works incorporated in a building or other structure

Article 6

in an adequate manner the works of authors who are nationals of one of the countries of the Union, the latter country may (1) Where any country outside the Union fails to protect

restrict the protection given to the works of authors who are, at the date of the first publication thereof, nationals of the other country and are not habitually resident in one of the countries of the Union. If the country of first publication avails itself of this right, the other countries of the Union shall not the required to grant to works thus subjected to special treatment a wider protection than that granted to them in the country of first publication.

- (2) No restrictions introduced by virtue of the preceding paragraph shall affect the rights which an author may have acquired in respect of a work published in a country of the Union before such restrictions were put into force.
- (3) The countries of the Union which restrict the grant of copyright in accordance with this Article shall give notice thereof to the Director General of the World Intellectual Property Organization theremafter designated as "the Director General" by a written declaration specifying the countries in regard to which protection is restricted, and the restrictions to which protection is restricted, and the restrictions to which rights of authors who are nationals of those countries are subjected. The Director General shall immediately communicate this declaration to all the countries of the Union.

Article 6th

- (1) Independently of the author's economic rights, and even after the transfer of the said rights, the author shall have the right to claim authorship of the work and to object to any distortion, mutilation or other modification of, or other decegatory action in relation to, the said work, which would be prejudicial to his honor or reputation.
- (2) The rights granted to the author in accordance with the perceiding paragraph shall, after his death, be antinitized, as least until the capity of the economic rights, and shall be exercisable by the persons or institutions authorized by the legislation of the country where protection in claimed. Howvers, those countries whose legislation, at the moment of their ratification of or accession to this, but, does not provide for the protection after the death of the author of all the rights set out in the preceding paragraph may provide that some of these rights may, after his death, cases to be maintained.
- (3) The means of redress for safeguarding the rights granted by this Article shall be governed by the legislation of the country where protection is claimed.

Article 7

 The term of protection granted by this Convention shall be the life of the author and fifty years after his death.
 However, in the case of cinematographic works, the countries of the Union may provide that the term of protec-

- tion shall expire fifty years after the work has been made available to the public with the consent of the author, or, failing such an event within fifty years from the making of such a work, fifty years after the making.
- (3) In the case of anonymous or pseudonymous works, the term of protection granted by this Convention shall expire fifty years after the work has been lawfully made available to the public. However, when the pseudonym adopted by the author leaves no doubth as to his identity, the term of protection shall be that provided in paragraph (1). If the author of an anonymous or pseudonymous work discloses his identity during the above-smentioned period, the term of protection applicable shall be that provided in paragraph (1). The comprise of the Union shall not be required to protect anonymous or pseudonymous works in respect of which it is reasonable to presume that their author has been dead for fifty years.
- (4) It shall be a matter for legislation in the countries of the Union to determine the term of protection of photographic works and that of works of applied art in so far as they are protected as artistic works; however, this term shall last at least until the end of a period of twenty-five years from the making of such a work.
- (5) The term of protection subsequent to the death of the author and the terms provided by paragraphs (2), (3) and (4) shall run from the date of death or of the even referred to in those paragraphs, but such terms shall always be deemed to begin on the first of January of the year following the death or such event.
- (6) The countries of the Union may grant a term of protection in excess of those provided by the preceding paragraphs.
- (7) Those countries of the Union bound by the Rome Act of this Convention which grant, in their national legislation in force at the time of signature of the present Act, shorter terms of protection than those provided for in the preceding paragraphs shall have the right to maintain such terms when ratifying or according to the pre-ent Act.
- (8) In any case, the rerm shall be governed by the legislation of the country where protection is claimed, however unless the legislation of that country otherwise provides, the term shall not exceed the term fixed in the country of origin of the work.

Article 7his

The provisions of the preceding Article shall also apply in the case of a work of joint authorship, provided that the terms measured from the death of the authors shall be calculated from the death of the last surviving author.

Article

Authors of literary and artistic works protected by this Convention shall enjoy the exclusive right of making and of authorizing the translation of their works throughout the term of protection of their rights in the original works.

Article

- (1) Authors of literary and artistic works protected by this Convention shall have the exclusive right of authorizing the reproduction of these works, in any manner or form.
- (2) It shall be a matter for legislation in the countries of the Union to permit the reproduction of such works in certain special cases, provided that such reproduction does not conflict with a normal exploitation of the work and does not unreasonably prejudice the legitimate interests of the
- (3) Any sound or visual recording shall be considered as a reproduction for the purposes of this Convention.

A sticle 1

- (1) It shall be permissible to make quotations from a work which has already been lawfully made available to the public, provided that their making is compatible with fair practice, and their extent does not exceed that justified by the purpose, including quotations from newpaper articles and periodicals in the form of press summaries.
- (2) It shall be a matter for legislation in the countries of the Ulion, and for special agreements existing or to be concluded between them, to permit the utilization, to the extent justified by the purpose, of literary or artistic works by way of illustration in publications, broadcasts or sound or visual recordings for teaching, provided such utilization is compatible with fair practice.
- (3) Where use is made of works in accordance with the preceding paragraphs of this Article, mention shall be made of the source, and of the name of the author if it appears thereon.

Article 10

(1) It shall be a matter for legislation in the countries of the Union to permit the reproduction by the press, the broadcasting or the communication to the public by wire of articles published in newspapers or periodicals on current economic, published or religious topics, and of broadcast works of the same character, in cases in which the reproduction, broadcasting or such communication thereof is not expensity reearing or such communication thereof is not expensity reserved. Nevertheleas, the source must always be clearly infolicated; the legal consequences of a breach of this obligation



shall be determined by the legislation of the country where protection is claimed.

(2) It shall also be a natter for legislation in the countries of the Union to determine the conditions under which for the purpose of reporting current events by means of photography, cinematography, broadcasting or communication to the public by wire, literary or artistic works even or heard in the course of the event may, to the extent justified by the informatory purpose, he reproduced and made available to the public.

Article 11

- Authors of dramatic, dramatico-musical and musical works shall enjoy the exclusive right of authorizing;
- (i) the public performance of their works, including such public performance by any means or process;
- (ii) any communication to the public of the performance of their works.
- (2) Authors of dramatic or dramatico-musical works shall enjoy, during the full term of their rights in the original works, the same rights with respect to translations thereof.

Article 11bm

- (1) Authors of literary and artistic works shall enjoy the exclusive right of authorizing:

 (2) the handarding of their works or the communication
- (i) the broadcasting of their works or the communication thereof to the public by any other means of wireless diffusion of signs, sounds or images;
- (ii) any communication to the public by wire or by rebroadcasting of the broadcast of the work, when this communication is made by an organization other than the original one:
- (iii) the public communication by loudspeaker or any other analogous instrument transmitting, by signs, sounds or images, the broadcast of the work.
- (2) It shall be a matter for legislation in the countries of the Union to determine the conditions under which the rights mentioned in the preceding paragraph may be evertised, but these conditions shall apply only in the countries where they have been prescribed. They shall not in any circumstances be prejudicial to the most lights of the author, nor to his right to obtain equitable remuneration which, in the absence of agreement, shall be fixed by competent authority.
- (3) In the absence of any contrary simplision, permission granted in accordance with pastgraph (1) of the Article shall not imply permission to record, by means of instruments recording numb or images, the work broadcar, it shall, boxever, be a matter for legislation in the countries of the Union

to determine the regulations for ephemeral recordings made by a broadcasting organization by means of its own facilities and used for its own broadcasts. The preservation of these recordings in official archives may, on the ground of their exceptional documentary character, be authorized by such legislation.

Article 11'*

- Authors of literary works shall enjoy the exclusive right of authorizing:
- (i) the public recitation of their works, including such public recitation by any means or process;
- (ii) any communication to the public of the recitation of their works.
- (2) Authors of literary works shall enjoy, during the full term of their rights in the original works, the sume rights with respect to translations thereof.

Article 1

Authors of literary or artistic works shall enjoy the exclusive right of authorizing adaptations, arrangements and other alterations of their works.

Article 13

- (i) Each country of the Union may impose for itself reterrations and conditions on the exclusive right granted to the author of a muited work and to the author of any words, the recording of which together with the muited work has already been authorized by the Intert, to authorize the sound recording of that muited work, together with such words, if any; but all such reservations and conditions shall apply only in the countries which have imposed them and shall not, in any circumstances, be prejudicial to the rights of these authors to obtain equivable renumeration which, in the absence of agreement, shall be fixed by competent authority.
- (2) Recordings of matical works made in a country of the Union in accordance with Article 13(3) of the Conventionan signed at Rome on June 2, 1928, and at Brusels on June 26, 1948, may be reproduced in that country without the permission of the author of the musical work until a date two years after that country becomes bound by this Act.
- (3) Recordings made in accordance with paragraphs (1) and (2) of this Article and imported without permission from the parties concerned into a country where they are treated as infringing recordings shall be liable to seizure.

Article 14

(1) Authors of literary or artistic works shall have the exclusive right of authorizing:

- the cinematographic adaptation and reproduction of these works, and the distribution of the works thus adapted or reproduced;
- (ii) the public performance and communication to the public by wire of the works thus adapted or reproduced.

(2) The adaptation into any other artistic form of a cinematographic production derived from literary or artistic works shall, without prejudice to the authorization of the author of the cinematographic production, remain subject to the author of the original works.

(3) The provisions of Article 13(1) shall not apply.

Article 1

(1) Without prejudice to the copyright in any work which may have been adapted or reproduced, a cinematographic work shall be protected as an original work. The owner of copyright in a cinematographic work shall enjoy the same rights as the author of an original work, including the rights referred to in the preceding Article.

- (2) (a) Ownership of copyright in a cinematographic work shall be a matter for legislation in the country where protection is claimed.
- (b) However, in the countries of the Union which, by legislation, include among the ownris of copyright in a cincumstographic work authors who have brought contributions to the making of the work, such authors, if they have undertaken to bring such contributions, may not, in the absence of any centrary or special stipulation, adject to the reproduction, distribution, public performance, communication to the public by wire, broadcasting or any other communication.
- (c) The question whether or not the form of the undertaking referred to above should, for the application of the preceding subparagraph (b), he in a written agreement or a written act of the same effect shall be a matter for the legislation of the country where the maker of the cimumatographic work has his headquarters or bubitout residence. However, it shall be a matter for the regislation of the country of the Union where protection is delimed to provide that the said undertaking shall be in a written agreement or a written act of the same effect. The countries whose legislation to provide a shall norify the Director General by means of a written declaration, which will be immediately communicated by him to all the other countries of the 'houo.
- (d) By "contrary or special stipulation" is meant any restrictive condition which is relevant to the aforesaid undertaking.

(3) Unless the national legislation provided to the contrary, the provisions of paragraph (2)/6) shows shall not be applicable to authors of scenarios, dialogues and musical works created for the making of the cinematographic work, or to the principal dietector thereof. However, those countries of the Union whose legislation does not contain rules providing for the application of the said paragraph (2)/6) to such director shall notify the Director General by means of a written declaration, which will be immediately communicated by him to all the other countries of the Union.

Article 14"

- (1) The author, or after his death the persons or institutions authorized by national legislation, shall, with respect to original works of art and original manuscripts of writers and composers, enjoy the inalienable right to an interest in any sale of the work subsequent to the first transfer by the author of the work.
- (2) The protection provided by the preceding paragraph may be claimed in a country of the Union only It fegilation in the country to which the author belongs so permits, and to the extent permitted by the country where this protection is claimed.
- (3) The procedure for collection and the amounts shall be mattern for determination by national legislation.

Article I

- (j) In order that the author of a literary or artistic work protected by this Convention shall, in the absence of proof to the contrary, he regarded as such, and consequently be entitled to institute infringement proceedings in the countries of the Union, it shall be sufficient for his mate to appear on the work in the usual manner. This paragraph shall be applicable even if this name is a pseudosym, where the pseudosym adopted by the author leaves no doubt as to his identity.
- (2) The person or body corporate whose name appears on a cinematographic work in the usual manner shall, in the absence of proof to the contrary, be presumed to be the maker of the said work.
- (3) In the case of anonymous and pseudosymous works, other than those referred to in paragraph (1) above, the publisher whose same appears on the work shall, in the absence of proof to the contrary, be deemed to represent the author, and in this capacity he shall be entitled to protect and outcore the author's rights. The provisions of this paragraph shall cease to apply when the author reveals his identity and establishes his claim to authoriby of the work.



(4) (a) In the case of impublished works where the idenity of the author is unknown, but where there is every ground to presume that he is a national of a country of the Union, it shall be a matter for legislation in that country to designate the competent authority which shall represent the author and shall be entitled to protect and enforce his rights in the countries of the Union.

(b) Countries of the Union which make such designation under the terms of this provision shall notify the Director General by means of a written declaration giving full information concerning the authority thus designated. The Director General shall at once communicate this declaration to all other countries of the Union.

Article 16

- (1) Infringing copies of a work shall be liable to seizure in any country of the Union where the work enjoys legal protection.
- (2) The provisions of the preceding paragraph shall also apply to reproductions coming from a country where the work is not protected, or has crased to be protected.
- (3) The seizure shall take place in accordance with the legislation of each country.

Article 17

The provisions of this Convention cannot in any way affect the right of the Government of each country of the Union to permit, to control, or to prohibit, by legislation or regulation, the circulation, presentation, or exhibition of any work or production in regard to which the competent authority may find it necessary to exercise that right.

- This Convention shall apply to all works which, at the moment of its coming mic force, have not yet fallen into the public domain in the country of origin through the expiry of the term of protection.
 If, however, through the expiry of the term of pro-
- (2) If, however, through the expiry of the term of protection which was previously granted, a work has fallen into the public domain of the country where protection is claimed, that work shall not be protected anew.
- (3) The application of this principle shall be subject to any provisions contained in special conventions to that effect existing or to be concluded between countries of the Union. In the absence of such provisions, the respective countries shall determine, each in so far as it is concerned, the conditions of application of this principle.

tion is extended by the application of Article 7 or by the of new accessions to the Union and to cases in which protecabandonment of reservations. (4) The preceding provisions shall also apply in the case

Article 19

making of a claim to the benefit of any greater protection which may be granted by legislation in a country of the Union The provisions of this Convention shall not preclude the

in so far as such agreements grant to authors more extensive the right to enter into special agreements among themselves remain applicable. of existing agreements which satisfy these conditions shall provisions not contrary to this Convention. The provisions rights than those granted by the Convention, or contain other The Governments of the countries of the Union reserve

- included in the Appendix. (1) Special provisions regarding developing countries are
- Appendix forms an integral part of this Act. (2) Subject to the provisions of Article 28(1)(b), the

- (1) $\langle a \rangle$ The Union shall have an Assembly consisting of those countries of the Union which are bound by Articles 22
- by one delegate, who may be assisted by alternate delegates. advisors, and experts. (b) The Government of each country shall be represented
- Government which has appointed it. (c) The expenses of each delegation shall be borne by the
- (2) (a) The Assembly shall:
- (i) deal with all matters concerning the maintenance and this Convention; development of the Union and the implementation of
- (ii) give directions concerning the preparation for confer lishing the World Intellectual Property Organization national Bureau") referred to in the Convention Estab ences of revision to the International Bureau of Intellectual Property (hereinafter designated as "the Interaccount being taken of any comments made by those (hereinafter designated as "the Organization"), due countries of the Union which are not bound by Articles

- (iii) review and approve the reports and activities of the Director General of the Organization concerning the ing matters within the competence of the Union; Union, and give him all necessary instructions concern-
- (iv) elect the members of the Executive Committee of the
- (v) review and approve the reports and activities of its Executive Committee, and give instructions to such
- (vi) determine the program and adopt the triennial budget of the Union, and approve its final accounts;
- (vii) adopt the financial regulations of the Union;
- (viii) establish such committees of experts and working groups
- (ix) determine which countries not members of the Union meetings as observers; governmental organizations shall be admitted to its and which intergovernmental and international nonas may be necessary for the work of the Union;
- (x) adopt amendments to Articles 22 to 26;
- (xi) take any other appropriate action designed to further the objectives of the Union;
- (xii) exercise such other functions as are appropriate under this Convention;
- (xiii) subject to its acceptance, exercise such rights as are given to it in the Convention establishing the Organiza
- Coordination Committee of the Organization. shall make its decisions after having heard the advice of the other Unions administered by the Organization, the Assembly (b) With respect to matters which are of interest also to
- (3) (a) Each country member of the Assembly shall have
- shall constitute a quorum. (b) One-half of the countries members of the Assembly
- number of countries which was lacking for attaining the having thus expressed their vote or abstention attains the If, at the expiration of this period, the number of countries period of three months from the date of the communication. them to express in writing their vote or abstention within a of the Assembly which were not represented and shall invite shall communicate the said decisions to the countries members own procedure, all such decisions shall take effect only if the following conditions are fulfilled. The International Bureau decisions but, with the exception of decisions concerning its countries members of the Assembly, the Assembly may make if, in any session, the number of countries represented is less than one-half but equal to or more than one-third of the (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (b).

quorum in the session itself, such decisions shall take effect provided that at the same time the required majority still

- (d) Subject to the provisions of Article 26(2), the decisions of the Assembly shall require two-thirds of the votes cast
- (e) Abstentions shall not be considered as votes.
- (f) A delegate may represent, and vote in the name of, one country only.
- (g) Countries of the Union not members of the Assembly shall be admitted to its meetings as observers.
- (4) (a) The Assembly shall meet once in every third calendar year in ordinary season upon convocation by the Director General and, in the absence of exceptional circumstances, during the same period and at the same place as the General Assembly of the Organization.

(b) The Assembly shall meet in extraordinary session upon convocation by the Director General, at the request of the Executive Committee or at the request of one-fourth of the countries members of the Assembly.

(5) The Assembly shall adopt its own rules of procedure

- (1) The Assembly shall have an Executive Committee.
- (2) (a) The Executive Committee shall consist of countries elected by the Assembly from among countries members of the Assembly. Furthermore, the country on whose territory the Organization has its headquarters shall, subject to the provisions of Article 25(7)/b), have an ex-officio seat on the Committee.
- (b) The Government of each country member of the Executive Committee shall be represented by one delegate, who may be assisted by alternate delegates, advisors, and experis.
- (c) The expenses of each delegation shall be borne by the Government which has appointed it.
- (3) The number of countries members of the Executive Committee thall correspond to our-fourth of the number of countries members of the Assembly. In establishing the number of tests in to be filled, remainders after division by four shall be disregarded.
- (4) In electing the members of the Executive Committee, the Assembly shall have due regard to an equitar partie geographic call distribution and to the need for countries party to the Special Agreements which might be caushished in relation with the Union to be among the countries constituting the Executive Committee.



- (5) (a) Each member of the Executive Committee shall serve from the close of the session of the Assembly which elected it to the close of the next ordinary session of the
- (b) Members of the Executive Committee may be reelected, but not more than two-thirds of them.
- (c) The Assembly shall establish the details of the rules governing the election and possible re-election of the members of the Executive Committee.
- (6) (a) The Executive Committee shall:
- (i) prepare the draft agenda of the Assembly;
- (ii) submit proposals to the Assembly respecting the draft program and triennial budget of the Union prepared by the Director General;
- (iii) approve, within the limits of the program and the triennial budget, the specific yearly budgets and programs prepared by the Director General;
- (iv) submit, with appropriate comments, to the Assembly the periodical reports of the Director General and the yearly audit reports on the accounts;
- (a) in accordance with the decisions of the Assembly and having regard to circumstances arising between two ordinary session of the Assembly, take all necessary measures to ensure the execution of the program of the Union by the Director General;
- (vi) perform such other functions as are allocated to it under this Convention.
- (b) With respect to matters which are of interest also to other Unions administered by the Organization, the Executive Committee shall make its decisions after having heard the advise of the Coordination Committee of the Organization.
- (7) (a) The Executive Committee shall meet once a year in ordinary session upon convocation by the Director General, preferably during the same period and at the same place as the Coordination Committee of the Organization.
- (b) The Executive Committee shall meet in extraordinary tession upon convection by the Director General, either on his own initiative, or at the request of in Chairman or onefourth of its members.
 (8) (c) Each country member of the Executive Committee
- (8) (a) Each country member of the Executive Committee shall have one vote.
- (b) One-half of the members of the Executive Committee shall constitute a quorum.
 (c) Decisions shall be made by a simple majority of the
- votes can.

 (d) Abstentions shall not be considered as votes.

 (e) A delegate may represent, and vote in the name of one country only.

- (9) Countries of the Union not members of the Executive Committee shall be admitted to its meetings as observers.
- (10) The Executive Committee shall adopt its own rules procedure.

Article 2

- (1) (a) The administrative tasks with respect to the Ution shall be performed by the International Bureau, which is a continuation of the Bureau of the Ution united with the Bureau of the Ution established by the International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property.
- (b) In particular, the International Bureau shall provide the secretariat of the various organs of the Union.
- (c) The Director General of the Organization shall be the chief executive of the Union and shall represent the Union.
- (2) The International Bureau shall assemble and publish information concerning the protection of copyright. Each country of the Union shall promptly communicate to the International Bureau all new laws and official texts concerning the protection of copyright.
- (3) The International Bureau shall publish a monthly
- (4) The International Bureau shall, on request, furnish information to any country of the Union on matters concerning the protection of copyright.
- (5) The International Bureau shall conduct studies, and shall provide services, designed to facilitate the protection of copyright.
- (6) The Director Ceneral and any staff member designated by him shall participate, without the right to vote, in all meetings of the Assembly, the Escentive Committee and any other committee of experts or working group. The Director General, or a saff member designated by him, shall be ex officio secretary of these bodies.
- (7) (a) The International Burseun shall, in accordance with the directions of the Assembly and in cooperation with the Executive Committee, make the preparations for the conferences of revision of the provisions of the Convention other than Archieler 22 to 28.
- (b) The International Bureau may consult with intergovernmental and international non-governmental organizations concerning preparations for conferences of revision.
- (c) The Director General and persons designated by him shall take part, without the right to vote, in the discussions at these conferences.
- (8) The International Bureau shall carry out any other tasks assigned to it.

AL OLDE

(1) (a) The Union shall have a budget.

(b) The budget of the timon shall include the income and expense proper to the Union, it contribution to the budget of expenses common to the Unions, and, where applicable, the sum made available to the budget of the Conference of the Organization.

(c) Expenses not attributable exclusively to the Union but also to one or more other Unions administered by the Organization shall be considered as expenses common to the Unions. The share of the Union in such common expenses shall be in proportion to the interest the Union has in them.

(2) The budget of the Union shall be established with due

- (c) The budget of the Union shall be established with due regard to the requirements of coordination with the budgets of the other Unions administered by the Organization.
- (3) The budget of the Union shall be financed from the lowing sources:
- following sources:

 (i) contributions of the countries of the Union;

(ii) fees and charges due for services performed by the

- International Bureau in relation to the Union;
 (iii) sale of, or royalties on, the publications of the Inter-
- national Bureau concerning the Union; (iv) gifts, bequests, and subventions;
- (iv) gitts, bequests, and subventions;(v) rents, interests, and other miscellancous income.
- (4) (a) For the purpose of establishing its contribution towards the budget, each country of the Union shall belong to a class, and shall pay its annual contributions on the basis of a number of units fixed as follows:

Class VI	Class V	Class IV	Class III	Class II	Class I
			٠	•	•
	٠	٠			
ယ	cı	10	15	20	25

- (b) Unless it has already done so, each country shall indicate, concurrently with depositing its instrument of ratification or acression, the class to which it wishes to belong. Any country may change class. If it chooses a lower class, the country must announce it to the Assembly at one of its the country production and the country product announce it to the Assembly at one of its decimal yessions, day such change shall take effect at the logimning of the calendar year following the session.
- (c) The annual contribution of each country shall be an amount in the same proportion to the total aum to be contributed to the annual budget of the Union by all countries as the number of its units is to the total of the units of all contributing countries.

- (d) Contributions shall become due on the first of Janu ary of each year.
- (e) A country which is in arrars in the payment of its contributions shall have no vote in any of the organs of the Union of which it is a member if the amount of its arrears equals or exceeds the amount of the contributions due from it for the preceding two full years. However, any organ of the Union may allow such a country to continue to exercise the vote in that organ if, and as long as, it is satisfied that the delay in payment is due to exceptional and unavoidable circumstances.
- (f) If the budget is not adopted before the beginning of a new financial period, it shall be at the same level as the budget of the previous year, in accordance with the financial regulations.
- (5) The amount of the free and charges due for services rendered by the International Bureau in relation to the Union shall be established, and shall be reported to the Assembly and the Executive Committee, by the Director General.
- (6) (a) The Union shall have a working capital fund which shall be constituted by a single passurent made by each country of the Union. If the fund becomes insufficient, an increase shall be decided by the Assembly.
- (b) The amount of the initial payment of each country to the and fund or of its participation in the increase thereofo shall be a proportion of the contribution of that country for the year in which the fund is established or the increase decided.
- (c) The proportion and the terms of payment shall be fixed by the Assembly on the proposal of the Director General and after it has heard the advice of the Coordination Committee of the Organization.
- (7) (a) In the headquarters agreement concluded with the country on the territory of which the Organization has its headquarters, it shall be provided that, whenever the working capital fund is insufficient, such country shall grant advances. The amount of these advances and the conditions on which they are granted shall be the subject of separate agreements, in each case, between such country and the Organization. As long as it remains under the obligation to grant advances, such country shall have an ex officio seat on the Executive Committee.
- (b) The country referred to in subparagraph (a) and the Organization shall each have the right to denounce the obligation to grant advances, by written notification. Denounciation shall take effect three years after the end of the year in which it has been marked.



(8) The auditing of the accounts shall be effected by one or more of the countries of the Union or by external auditors, as provided in the financial regulations. They shall be designated, with their agreement, by the Assembly.

A 11:-1-

- (1) Proposals for the amendment of Articles 22, 23, 24, 25, and the present Article, may be initiated by any country member of the Assembly, by the Escoutive Committee, or by the Director General. Such proposals shall be communicated by the Director General to the member countries of the Assembly at least tix months in advance of their consideration by the Assembly.
- (2) Amendments to the Articles referred to in paragraph (1) shall be adopted by the Assembly Adoption shall require three-fourths of the votes cast, provided that any amendment of Article 22, and of the present paragraph, shall require four-fifths of the votes case.
- (3) Any amendment to the Articles referred to in paragraph (1) shall enter into force one month after written notifications of acceptance, effected in accordance with their respective constitutional processes, have been received by the Director General from the reformers, have been exceived made and the countries another of the Amenday at the time it adopted the amendment. Any amendment to the said Articles thus accepted shall bind all the countries which are members of the Amenday at the time the amendment enters into force, or which the vocume members thereof at a subsequent date, provided that any amendment increasing the financial obligations of countries of the Union shall bind only those countries which have motified their acceptance of such amendment.

Article 2

- This Convention shall be submitted to revision with a view to the introduction of amendments designed to improve the system of the Union.
- (2) For this purpose, conferences shall be held successively in one of the countries of the Union among the delegates of the said countries.
- (3) Subject to the provisions of Article 26 which apply to the amendment of Articles 22 to 26, any revision of this Act, including the Appendix, shall require the unanimity of the votes cast.

Article 28

(1) (a) Any country of the Union which has signed this Act may ratify it, and, if it has not signed it, may accede to it. Instruments of ratification or accession shall be deposited with the Director General.

- (b) Any country of the Union may declare in its instrument of ratification or accession that its ratification or accession shall not apply to Articles 1 to 21 and the Appendix, powified that, if such country has previously made a declaration under Article VI(1) of the Appendix, then it may declare in the aud instrument only that its ratification or accession shall not apply to Articles 1 to 20.
- (c) Any country of the Union which, in accordance with subparagraph (b), has excluded provisions therein referred to from the effects of its ratification or accession may at any later time declare that it extends the effects of its ratification or accession to those provisions. Such declaration shall be deposited with the Director General.

(2) (a) Articles 1 to 21 and the Appendix shall enter into force three months after both of the following two conditions are fulfilled:

- (i) at least five countries of the Union have ratified or accoded to this Act without making a declaration under paragraph (1)/b).
- (ii) France, Spain, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, and the United States of America, have become bound by the Universal Copyright Convention as revised at Paris on July 24, 1971.
- (b) The entry into force referred to in subparagraph (a) shall apply to those countries of the Union which, at least three months before the said entry into force, have deposited instruments of ratification or accession not containing a declaration under paragraph (1)(b).
 (c) With respect to any country of the Union not covered
- (c) with respect to any country of me Omeon not covered by subpragraph (b) and which raiffies or accedes to this Act without making a declaration under paragraph (1)(b). Articles 1 to 21 and the Appendix shall enter into force three months after the date on which the Director General has notified the deposit of the relevant instrument of raiffication or accession, unless a subsequent date has been indicated in the instrument deposited. In the latter case, Articles 1 to 21 and the Appendix shall enter into force with respect to that country on the date than indicated.
- (d) The provisions of subparagraphs (a) to (c) do not affect the application of Article VI of the Appendix.
- (3) With respect to any country of the Union which ratifice or secedes to this Act with or without a declaration made ander paragraph (1)/b). Articles 22 to 38 shall enter into force three months after the date on which the Director General has notified the deposit of the relevant instrument of ratification or accession, unless a subsequent date has been indicated in the instrument deposited. In the latter case, Articles 22 to 38 shall enter into force with respect to that country on the date thus indicated.

Article a

 Any country outside the Union may accede to this Act and thereby hecome party to this Convention and a member of the Union. Instruments of accession shall be deposited with the Director General.

- (2) (a) Subject to subjeacepraly (b), this Convention shall enter into force with respect to any country sustaids the Union three months after the date on which the Director General has modified the deposit of its instrument of accession, unless a subsequent date has been indicated in the instrument deposted. In the latter case, this Convention shall enter into force with respect to that country on the date thus indicated. (b) If the entry into force according to subject agents.
- precedes the entry into force of Articles 1 to 21 and the Appendix according to Article 19(2)(a), the old country shall, in the meantime, be bound, incread of by Articles 1 to 21 and the Appendix, by Articles 1 to 20 of the Brussels Act of this Conventionals,

Article 29th

Ratification of or accession to this Act by any country not bond by Articles 22 to 38 of the Stockholm Act of this Convention shalf, for the sole purposes of Article 14(2) of the Convention establishing the Organization, amount to ratification of or accession to the said Stockholm Act with the Innitiation set forth in Article 28(11/b)(i) thereof.

Article :

(1) Subject to the exceptions permitted by paragraph (2) of this Article 28(1)(4), by Article 32(3), and by the Appendix, ratification or accession shall automatically entail acceptance of all the provisions and admission to all the absurances of this Conventions.

(2) (a) Any country of the Thion ratifying or acceding to this Act may, subject to Article V(2) of the Appendix, retain the benefit of the re-creations it has perviously formulated on condition that it makes a declaration to that effect at the time of the deposit of its instrument of ratification or accession.

(b) Any country outside the (Paion may declare, in acceding to this Convention and subject to Article V(2) of the Appendix, that it intends to substitute, temporarily at least, for Article 8 of this Act concerning the right of translation, the provisions of Article 5 of the Union Convention of 1886, as completed at Paris in 1896, on the clear understanding that the aid provisions are applicable only to translations into a language in general use in the said country. Subject to Article 160/b) of the Appendix, any country has the right to apply.

in relation to the right of translation of works whose country of origin is a country availing itself of such a reservation, a protection which is equivalent to the protection granted by the latter country.

(c) Any country may withdraw such reservations at any time by notification addressed to the Director General.

Article 3

- (1) Any country may declare in its instrument of ratification or accession, or may inform the Director General by written notification at any time thereafter, that this Convention shall be applicable to all or part of those territories, designated in the declaration or notification, for the external relations of which it is responsible.
- (2) Any country which has made such a declaration or given such a notification may, at any time, notify the Director General that this Convention shall cease to be applicable to all or part of such territories.
- (3) (a) Any declaration made under paragraph (1) shall take effect on the same date as the ratification accession in which it was included, and any notification given under that paragraph shall take effect there months after its notification by the Director General.
- canon by the Director veneral.
 (b) Any notification given under paragraph (2) shall take effect twelve months after its receipt by the Director General.
- (4) This Article shall in no way be understood as implying the recognition on tacti acceptance by a country of the Union of the factual situation concerning a territory to which this Convention is made applicable by mother country of the Union by virtue of a declaration under paragraph (1).

Article 32

- (1) This Act shall, as regards relations between the countries of the Union, and to the extent that it applies, replace the Berne Convention of September 9, 1886, and the aubsequent Acts of revision. The Acts previously in force shall continue to be applicable, in their entirely or to the extent that this Act does not replace them by virtue of the preceding rentence, in relations with countries of the Union which do not raiffy or accede to this Act.
- (2) Countries outside the Usion which become party to this Act shall, subject to paragraph (3), apply it with respect to any country of the Usion not bound by this Act or which, although bound by this Act, has made a declaration pursuant to Article 28(1)(b). Such countries recognize that the said country of the Usion, in its relations with them:
- (i) may apply the provisions of the most recent Act by which it is bound, and



- (ii) subject to Article I(6) of the Appendix, has the right to adapt the protection to the level provided for by this Act.
- (3) Any country which has availed itself of any of the families provided for in the Appendix may apply the provisions of the Appendix retaining to the faculty or faculties of which it has availed itself in its relations with any other country of the Union which is not bound by this Act, provided that the latter country has accepted the application of the said provisions.

rticle 3

- (1) Any dispute between two or more countries of the Union concerning the interpretation or application of this Convention, not settled by negotiation, may, by any one of the countries concerned, be brought before the International Court of Justice by application in conformity with the Statute of the Court, unless the countries concerned agree on some other method of settlement. The country bringing the dispute before the Court shall inform the International Bureau; the International Bureau shall bring the matter to the attention of the other countries of the Union.
- (2) Each country may, at the time it signs this Act or deposits its instrument of ratification or accession, declare that it does not consider itself bound by the provisions of paragraph (1). With regard to any dispute between such country and any other country of the Union, the provisions of paragraph (1) shall not apply.
- (3) Any country having made a declaration in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (2) may, at any time, with draw its declaration by notification addressed to the Director General.

Article

- (1) Subject to Article 29th, no country may ratify or accede to earlier Acts of this Convention once Articles 1 to 21 and the Appendix have entered into force.
- (2) Once Articles 1 to 21 and the Appendix have entered into force, no country may make a declaration under Article 5 of the Protocol Regarding Developing Countries attached to the Stockholm Act.

- This Convention shall remain in force without limitation as to time.
- (2) Any country may denounce this Act by notification addressed to the Director General. Such denunciation shall constitute also denunciation of all earlier Acts and shall

affect only the country making it, the Convention remaining in full force and effect as regards the other countries of the Union.

- (3) Denunciation shall take effect one year after the day on which the Director General has received the notification
- (4) The right of denunciation provided by this Article shall not be exercised by any country before the expiration of five years from the date upon which it becomes a member of the Infan.

Article 3

- (1) Any country party to this Convention undertakes to adopt, in accordance with its constitution, the measures necessary to ensure the application of this Convention.
- (2) It is understood that, at the time a country becomes bound by this Convention, it will be in a position under its domestic law to give effect to the provisions of this Convention.

1

- (1) (a) This Act shall be signed in a single copy in the French and English languages and, subject to paragraph (2), shall be deposited with the Director General.
- (b) Official tests shall be enablished by the Director General, after consultation with the interested Covernments, in the Arabic, German, Italian, Portuguese and Spanish languages, and such other languages as the Astembly may designate.
- (c) In case of differences of opinion on the interpretation of the various texts, the French text shall prevail.
- (2) This Act shall remain open for signature until January 31, 1972. Until that date, the copy referred to in paragraph (1)(a) shall be deposited with the Government of the French Republic.
- (3) The Director General shall certify and transmit two copies of the signed text of this Act to the Governments of all countries of the Union and, on request, to the Government of any other country.
- (4) The Director General shall register this Act with the Secretariat of the United Nations.
- (5) The Director General shall notify the Governments of all countries of the Union of signatures, deposits of instruments of radification or accession and any declarations included in each instruments or made pursuant to Articles 28(1)/c/. 30(2)/c) and (b), and 33(2), entry into force of any provisions of this Act, notifications of demonstration, and notifications pursuant to Articles 30(2)/c/. 31(1) and (2), 33(3), and 38(1), as well as the Apondix.

Article

- (1) Countries of the Union which have not ratified or accorded to this Act and which are not bound by Articles 22 to 26 of the Stockholm Act of this Convention may, until April 26, 1975, exercise, if they so desire, the rights provided under the said Articles as if they were bound by them. Any country dealing to exercise such rights shall give written notification to this effect to the Director Concest, this notification shall be defective on the date of its receipt, Such countries shall be deemed to be members of the Assembly until the said date.
- (2) As long as all the countries of the Union have not become Members of the Organization, the International Bureau of the Organization shall also function as the Bureau of the Union, and the Director General as the Director of the said Bureau.
- (3) Once all the countries of the Union have become Members of the Organization, the rights, obligations, and property, of the Bureau of the Union shall devolve on the International Bureau of the Organization.

APPENDIX

Article I

- (1) Any country regarded as a developing country in conformity with the enablished practice of the General Assembly of which this Aspendix forms an integral part, and which, having regard to its reconsume intuition and its ocial or cultural needs, does not consider intell immediately in a position to make provision for the protection of all the rights as provised for in this Act, may, by a notification deposited with the Director General act the time of deposition is instrument of ratification or accession or, assighet to Article V(1)(c), at any time thereafter, declare that it will avail itself of the faculty provided for in Article III, or of the faculty provided for in Article III, or of the faculty provided for in Article III and the faculty provided for in Article III and the faculty provided for in Article III.
- (2) (a) Any declaration under paragraph (1) notified before the expiration of the period of ten years from the entry into force of Articles I to 21 and this Appendix according to Article 28(2) shall be effective until the expiration of the said period. Any such declaration may be renewed in whole or in part for periods of ten years each by a notification deposited with the Director General not more than fifteen months and not less than three months before the expiration of the tenyear period then running.

(b) Any declaration under paragraph (1) notified after the expiration of the period of ten years from the entry into force of Articles 1 to 21 and this Appendix according to Article 28(2) shall be effective until the expiration of the tenyear period then running. Any such declaration may be removed as provided for in the second sentence of subparagraph (a).

(3) Any country of the Union which has eased to be regarded as a developing country as referred to in paragraph (1), shall no longer be entitled to renew its declaration as provided in paragraph (2), and, whether or not it formally withdraws its declaration, under country shall be precluded from availing itself of the faculties referred to in paragraph (1) from the expiration of the tenyear period then running or from the expiration of a period of three years after it has ceased to be regarded as a developing country, whichever period expired later.

(4) Where, at the time when the declaration made under paragraph (1) or (2) ceases to be effective, there are copies in stock which were made under a license granted by virtue of this Apprendix, such copies may continue to be distributed until their stock in exhausted.

(5) Any country which it bound by the provisions of this Act and which has deposited a declaration or a notification in accordance with Article 31(1) with respect to the application of this Act to a particular territory, the situation of which can be regarded as analogous to that of the countries referred to in paragraph (1), may, in respect of such territory, make the declaration referred to in paragraph (2) and the notification of renewal referred to in paragraph (2). At long as such declaration or notification remains in effect, the provisions of this Appendix shall be applicable to the territory in respect of which it was made.

(6) (a) The fact that a country avails itself of any of the faculties referred to in paragraph (1) does not permit another country to give tess protection to works of which the country of origin is the former country than it is obliged to grant under Articles 1 to 20.

(b) The right to apply reciprocal treatment provided for in Article 30(2)(b), eccond entence, shall not, until the date on which the period applicable under Article I(3) expires, be exercised in respect of works the country of origin of which is a country which has made a declaration according to Article VIVIA-3.

Artic

 Any country which has declared that it will avail itself of the faculty provided for in this Article shall be entitled, so far as works published in printed or analogous



forms of reproduction are concerned, to substitute for the exclusive right of translation provided for in Article 8 a system of non-exclusive and non-transferable licenses, granted by the competent authority under the following condition and subsect to Article IV

(2)(a) Sulject to paragraph (3), if, after the expiration of a period of their years, or of any longer period determined by the national legislation of the said country, commencing on the date of the first publication of the work, a grain lation of such work has not been published in a language in lation of such work has not been published in a language general use in that country by the owner of the right of translation, or with his authorization, any national of each country may obtain a license to make a translation of the work in the said language and publish the translation in printed or analogue gous forms of reproduction.

(b) A license under the conditions provided for in this Article may also be granted if all the editions of the translation published in the language concerned are out of print.

(3)(a) In the case of translations into a language which is not in general use in one or more developed countries which are members of the Union, a period of one year shall be substituted for the period of three years referred to in parameters (3)(c)

(b) Any country referred to in paragraph (1) may, with the unanimous agreement of the developed countries which are members of the Union and in which the same longuage is in general use, substitute, in the case of translations into that language, for the period of three years referred to in paragraph (2)(a) a shorter period as determined by such agreement but not less than one year. However, the provisions of the foregoing sentence shall not apply where the language in question is English, French or Spanish. The Director General shall be notified of any such agreement by the Governments which have concluded it.

(4) (a) No license obtainable after three years shall be granted under this Article multi a further period of ix months has clapsed, and no license obtainable after one year shall be granted under this Article until a further period of nice months has elapsed.

- from the date on which the applicant complies with the requirements mentioned in Article IV(1), or
- (ii) where the identity or the address of the owner of the right of translation is unknown, from the date on which the applicant sends, as provided for in Article IV(2) copies of his application submitted to the authority competent to grant the license.

(b) If, during the said period of six or nine months, a translation in the language in respect of which the application

was made is published by the owner of the right of translation or with his authorization, no license under this Article shall be granted.

- (5) Any license under this Article shall be granted only for the purpose of teaching, scholarship or research.
- (6) If a translation of a work is published by the owner of the right of translation or with his authorization at a price reasonably related to that normally charged in the country for comparable works, any license granted under this Article shall terminate if such translation is in the same language and with substantially the same content as the translation published under the license. Any copies already made before the license terminates may continue to be distributed until their stock is exhausted.

(7) For works which are composed mainly of illustrations, a license to make and publish a translation of the text and to reproduce and publish the illustrations may be granted only if the conditions of Article III are also fulfilled.

- (8) No license shall be granted under this Article when the author has withdrawn from circulation all copies of his work.
- (9) (a) A license to make a translation of a work which has been published in printed or analogous forms of reproduction may also be granted to any broadcasting organization having its headquarters in a country referred to in paragraph (1), upon an application made to the competent authortry of that country by the said organization, provided that all of the following conditions are met:
- the translation is made from a copy made and acquired in accordance with the laws of the said country;
- (ii) the translation is only for use in broadcasts intended exclusively for teaching or for the dissemination of the results of specialized technical or scientific research to experts in a particular profession;
- (iii) the translation is used exclusively for the purposes referred to in condition (iii) through broadcasts made harfully and intended for recipients on the territory of the said country, including broadcasts made through the medium of sound or visual recordings barfully and exclusively made for the purpose of such broadcasts;
- (iv) all uses made of the translation are without any commercial purpose.

(b) Sound or visual recordings of a translation which was made by a bondeasting organization under a license granted by virtue of this paragraph may, for the purposes and subject to the conditions referred on subparagraph (a) and with the agreement of that organization, also be used as

> by any other broadcasting organization having its headquarters in the country whose competent authority granted the license in question.

- (c) Provided that all of the criteria and conditions set out in subprangraph (o) are met, a license may also be granted to a broadcasting organization to translate any text incorporated in an audiovinal fixation where such fixation was itself prepared and published for the sole purpose of being used in connection with systematic instructional activities.
- (d) Subject to subparagraphs (a) to (c), the provisions of the preceding paragraphs shall apply to the grant and exercise of any license granted under this paragraph.

Article I

(1) Any country which has declared that it will avail titled of the faculty provided for in this Article shall be entitled to substitute for the exclusive right of reproduction provided for in Article 9 a system of non-exclusive and nontransferable licenses, granted by the compretan authority under the following conditions and subject to Article IV.

- (2) (a) If, in relation to a work to which this Article applies by virtue of paragraph (7), after the expiration of (i) the relevant period specified in paragraph (3), commen-
- the relevant period specified in paragraph (3), commencing on the date of first publication of a particular edition of the work, or edition of the work.
- (ii) any longer period determined by national legislation of the country referred to in paragraph (1), commencing on the same date.

copies of such edition have not been distributed in that country to the general public or in connection with systematic instructional activities, by the owner of the right of reproduction or with its authorization, at a price reasonably related to that normally darged in the country for comparable works, any national of such country may obtain a license to reproduce and publish such edition at that or a lower price for use in connection with systematic instructional activities.

- (b) A licease to reproduce and publish an edition which has been distributed as described in subparagraph (a) may also be granted under the conditions provided for in this Article if, after the expiration of the applicable period, no authorized copies of that edition have been on sale for a period of six months in the country concerned to the general public or in connection with systematic instructional activities at a price reasonably related to that normally charged in the country for comparable works.
- (3) The period referred to in paragraph (2)(a)(i) shall be five years, except that

- for works of the natural and physical sciences, including mathematics, and of technology, the period shall be three years;
- (ii) for works of fiction, poetry, drama and music, and for art books, the period shall be seven years.
- (4) (a) No license obtainable after three years shall be granted under this Article until a period of six months has elapsed
- from the date on which the applicant complies with the requirements mentioned in Article IV(1), or
- (ii) where the identity or the address of the owner of the right of reproduction is unknown. From the date on which the applicant sends, as provided for in Article IV(2), copies of his application submitted to the authority competent to grant the firence.
- (b) Where licenses are obtainable after other periods and Article IV(2) is applicable, no license shall be granted until a period of three months has elapsed from the date of the disparch of the copies of the application.
- (c) If, during the period of six or three months referred to in subparagraph (a) and (b), a distribution as described in paragraph (2)(a) has taken place, no license shall be granted under this Article.
- (d) No license shall be granted if the author has withdrawn from circulation all copies of the edition for the reproduction and publication of which the license has been applied for.
- (5) A license to reproduce and publish a translation of a work shall not be granted under this Article in the following cases:
 (i) where the translation was not published by the owner
- of the right of translation or with his authorization, or (ii) where the translation is not in a language in general use in the country in which the license is applied for.
- (6) If copies of an edition of a work are distributed in the country referred to in paragraph (1) to the general public or in connection with systematic instructional activities, by the owner of the right of reproduction or with his authorisation, at a price reasonably related to that normally changed in the country for comparable works, any license granted under this Article shall terminate if nech edition is in the same language and with substantially the same content as the edition which was published under the said license. Any optica already made before the license terminates may continue to be distributed until their stock is exhausted.
- (7) (a) Subject to subparagraph (b), the works to which this Article applies shall be limited to works published in printed or analogous forms of reproduction.



(b) This Article shall also apply to the reproduction in addiovisual form of lardully made audiovisual fractions including any protected works incorporated therein and to the translation of any incorporated text into a language in the country in which the license is applied general use in the country in which the license is applied for, always provided that the audiovisual fractions in question were prepared and published for the sole pumpore of brings used in connection with systematic instructional activities.

Article I1

- (1) A license under Article III or Article III may be granted only if the applicant, in accordance with the processor of the right to make and publish citation or to reproduce an application or to reproduce and publish the edition, as the case may be, or that, after the diligence on his part, the was unable to find the owner of the right At the same time as making the request, the applicant hall inform any antional or international information center referred to in paragraph (2).
- (2) If the owner of the right cannot be found, the application and for a license hall send, by registered airmail, copies of his application, submitted to the authority competent to grant the license, to the publisher whose name appears on the work and to any national or international information center which may have been designated, in a notification to that effect deposited with the Director General, by the Government of the country in which the publisher is believed to have his principal place of business.
- (3) The name of the author shall be indicated on all copies of the translation or reproduction published under a license granted under Article II or Article III. The title of the work shall appear on all such copies. In the case of a translation, the original title of the work shall appear in any case on all the said copies.
- (4) (a) No license granted under Article III or Article III shall extend to the export of copiers, and any under license shall be valid only for publication of the translation or of the reproduction, as the case may be, in the territory of the country in which it has been applied for.
- (b) For the purposes of subparagraph (a), the notion of export shall include the sending of copies from any territory to the country which, in respect of that territory, has made a declaration under Article 1(5).
- (c) Where agovernmental or other public entity of a country which has granted a license to make a translation under Article II into a language other than English, French or Spanish sends copies of a translation published under such

license to another country, such sending of copies shall not, for the purposes of subparagraph (a), be considered to constitute export if all of the following conditions are met:

- (i) the recipients are individuals who are nationals of the country whose competent authority has granted the license, or organizations grouping such individuals;
- (ii) the copies are to be used only for the purpose of teaching, scholarship or research;
- (iii) the sending of the copies and their subsequent distribution to recipients is without any commercial purpose;
 and
- (iv) the country to which the copies have been eent has agreed with the country whose competent authority has granted the license to allow the receipt, or distribution, or both, and the Director General has been notified of the agreement by the Government of the country in which the license has been granted.
- (5) All copies published under a license granted by virtue of Article II or Article III shall hear a notice in the appropriate language stating that the copies are available for distribution only in the country or territory to which the anid hence applies.

(6) $\langle a \rangle$ Due provision shall be made at the national level ensure

- (i) that the license provides, in favour of the counce of the right of translation or of reproduction, as the case may be, for just compensation that is consistent with standards of royalites normally operating on licenses freely negotiated between persons in the two countries concerned, and
- (ii) payment and transmittal of the compensation; should national currency regulations intervene, the competent authority shall make all efforts, by the use of international machinery, to ensure transmittal in internationally convertible currency or its equivalent.
- (b) Due provision shall be made by national legislation to ensure a correct translation of the work, or an accurate reproduction of the particular edition, as the case may be.

Article 1

- (1) (a) Any country entitled to make a declaration that it will avail itself of the faculty provided for in Article II may, inatead, at the time of ratifying or acceding to this Act;
 (i) if it is a country to which Article 30(2)(a) applies, make
- if it is a country to which Article 30(2)(a) applies, make a declaration under that provision as far as the right of translation is concerned;

- (ii) if it is a country to which Article 30(2)(a) does not apply, and even if it is not a country outside the Union, make a declaration as provided for in Article 30(2)(b), first sentence.
- (b) In the case of a country which ceases to be regarded as a developing country as referred to in Article (10), a declaration made according to this paragraph shall be effective until the date on which the period applicable under Article (13) expires.
- (e) Any country which has made a declaration according to this paragraph may not subsequently avail itself of the faculty provided for in Article II even if it withdraws the said declaration.
- (2) Subject to paragraph (3), any country which has availed itself of the faculty provided for in Article II may not subsequently make a declaration according to paragraph (1).
- (3) Any country which has ceased to be regarded as a developing country as referred to in Article (17) may, not later than two years prior to the expiration of the period applicable under Article 1(3), make a declaration to the effect provided for in Article 3(02/16), first sentences conventionand, ing the fact that it is not a country outside the Union. Such declaration shall take effect at the date on which the period applicable under Article 1(3) expires.

Article VI

- (1) Any country of the Union may declare, as from the date of this Act, and at any time before becoming bound by Articles 1 to 21 and this Appendix:
- If it is a country which, were it bound by Articles 1 to 21 and this Approachix, would be entitled to avail itself of the faculties referred to in Article I(1), that it will apply the provisions of Article III or of Article III or of both to works whose country of origin is a country which, pursuant to (ii) below, admite the application of those Articles to such works, or which is bound by Articles 1 to 21 and this Approach; such declaration may, instead of referring to Article II, refer to Article V.
- (ii) that it admits the application of this Appendix to works of which it is the country of origin by countries which have made a declaration under (1) above or a notification under Article I.
- (2) Any declaration made under paragraph (1) shall be in writing and shall be deposited with the Director General The declaration shall become effective from the date of its deposit.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned, being duly authorized thereto, have signed this Act.

DONE at Paris on July 24, 1971.

られるなどの改善が加えられて来たが、今回更に著作者の権利の保護を一層充実することを目的とし間著作権保護の拡充が図られ、また、著作物の複製、利用形態の多様化に対応するための諸措置がとこの条約は、一八八三年ベルヌで作成以来七回にわたり補足、改正されて今日に至っており、その て改正されたものである。