

## **Indicator 16.1.1**

### **Indicator Name, Target and Goal**

**Indicator 16.1.1** Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population, by sex and age

**Target 16.1** Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere

**Goal 16** Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels

### **Definition and Rationale**

#### ○ Definition

The numerical value obtained by dividing the number of victims of homicide recognized by the prefectural police in a given year (calendar year) by the population in the same year

#### ○ Concepts

1. "Recognition" means confirming the occurrence of a crime after an incident report, accusation, or criminal complaint has been received in relation to the crime, after the criminal case concerned has been transferred pursuant to Article 69, paragraph (1) or Article 78, paragraph (1) of the Regulation for Criminal Investigation (National Public Safety Commission Rule No. 2 of 1957) (hereinafter referred to as "case transfer"), or on the basis of other clues; however, cases to be transferred are excluded. "Detailed Regulations on Criminal Statistics (National Police Agency Order No. 16 of October 6, 1971)"
2. With regard to population, the population estimated (as of October 1 of each year) by the Statistics Bureau of the Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications is used.

#### ○ Rationale and Interpretation

This indicator is extracted from the criminal statistics of Japan.

The number of victims (deaths) in cases recognized as crimes of homicide according to the criminal statistics is posted as the number

of victims of intentional homicide.

### **Data Sources and Collection Method**

This indicator is produced on the basis of reports submitted by the prefectural police headquarters across the nation in accordance with the Regulations on Criminal Statistics (National Public Safety Commission Rule No. 4 of September 16, 1965).

### **Method of Computation and Other Methodological Considerations**

- Computation Method

The numerical value obtained by dividing the number of victims of homicide recognized by the prefectural police in a given year (calendar year) by the population in the same year

- Comments and Limitations

The number of victims of homicide by age is not monitored.

### **Data Disaggregation**

The number of victims of homicide can be computed according to sex.

### **References**

<https://www.npa.go.jp/publications/statistics/sousa/year.html>

### **Custodian Ministries of Data**

National Police Agency

### **Custodian Ministries of Related Policies**

National Police Agency

Ministry of Justice

### **International Organizations**

United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC)

World Health Organization (WHO)