

Indicator 5.2.1

Indicator Name, Target and Goal

Indicator 5.2.1 Proportion of ever-partnered women and girls aged 15 years and older subjected to physical, sexual or psychological violence by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age.

Target 5.2 Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation.

Goal 5 Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls.

Definition and Rationale

Definition

Proportion of ever-partnered women subjected to physical assault, psychological attack, economic pressure or sexual extortion by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months, by form of violence and by age.

Concepts

Spouses include married couple who did not report marriage as well as couple who gave marriage notification, couple in living apartment, former spouse (divorce, bereavement, resolve fact and marriage).

Physical assault is assault on the body such as hitting, kicking, throwing things, throwing away, etc.

Psychological attacks are, for example, spiritual dislikes such as abusive words that deny a personality, friendships and destinations, telephone / mails, etc., or disregard for a long period of time, An intimidating intimidation that the family may be harmed.

Economic pressure means, for example, not giving a living expenses, using salary or savings without permission, being obstructed from working outside.

For example, sexual extortion means that you are forced to sexually act while you are disliked, you can show pornographic movies you do not want to see etc., do not cooperate with contraception etc.

Rationale and Interpretation:

Violence against women is the most common form of violence based on sex. This measure measures the scale of the problem, understands various forms of violence and its impact, identifies high-risk groups, explores barriers to seeking aid, and provides appropriate response Provide necessary spread data to do. By

constantly tracking this indicator, we can monitor changes and evaluate the effectiveness of the intervention

Data Sources and Collection Method

Survey on violence between men and women.

http://www.gender.go.jp/policy/no_violence/e-vaw/chousa/h11_top.html

Method of Computation and Other Methodological Considerations

○ Computation Method

Number of effective respondents in each age of women who have experienced victims of victims from their spouses within the past year ÷ number of valid respondents for each age of women in the survey × 100

○ Comments and limitations

- There is no data of 15 to 19 years old.
- "Survey on violence between men and women" started from 1999 and has been conducting surveys every three years, but for that data, a survey was conducted from 2014

Data Disaggregation

- By type of violence (physical assault, psychological attack, economic pressure, sexual extortion)
- By age category (20s, 30s, 40s, 50s, 60s or more)

References

Survey on violence between men and women.

http://www.gender.go.jp/policy/no_violence/e-vaw/chousa/h11_top.html

Custodian Ministries of Data

Cabinet Office

Custodian Ministries of Related Policies

Cabinet Office

National Police Agency

Ministry of Health, Labour, and Welfare

International Organizations

United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF),

UN Women,

United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA),

World Health Organization (WHO),

United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC)