BASIC POLICY OF JAPAN'S ASSISTANCE TO TURKEY

The global partnership between Japan and Turkey has been reinforced through improving cooperation at the level of both public and private sector. The two countries could work closely in the field of assistance in third countries with the aim of solving the problems regarding human resources development, strengthening of society as well as sustainable economic growth which Turkey determines as essential fields.

4 PRIORITY AREAS

Supporting the Development of Strong Urban Infrastructure for the Economic Development

Strengthening Cooperation with Private Sector

Strengthening Cooperation with Development Partner

Supports towards Syrian Refugee Policies

JAPAN'S ODA DISBURSEMENT TO TURKEY

(million Yen)

FISCAL YEAR 2013	LOAN AID 42,979	GRANT AID 123	TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE 656	GRANT ASSITANCE FOR GRASS-ROOTS HUMAN SECURITY PROJECTS 17
2014	-	165	930	31
2015	45,000	421	954	31
2016	-	280	411	47
2017	_	379	281	43

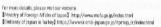
EASING TRAFFIC CONGESTION IN ISTANBUL

Istanbul, where nearly 20% of Turkey's population resides, is one of the world's leading tourist destinations. The city has chronic traffic congestion. In order to reduce the traffic congestion at the city center, a railway tunnel was constructed underneath the Bosporus strait, 60 meters below the sea level, by using high-level Japanese technical construction expertise and technology. Marmaray underwater tunnel is the deepest underwater immersed tunnel in the world.









IMPROVEMENT OF INFRASTRUCTURE IN MUNICIPALITIES HOSTING SYRIAN REFUGEES

Turkey hosts over 3.6 million Syrian refugees and this leads to deterioration in municipality services in some provinces, such as water supply, sewerage and solid waste management. As it is seen in Gaziantep province, Japan gives financial assistance to improve infrastructure for water, waste water and solid waste management in local administrations affected by the inflow of Syrian refugees. and to improve living environment for local residents.





JAPAN'S ASSISTANCE TO TURKEY

To support Turkey's sustainable economic growth,

human resource development and social strength and to promote global cooperation



Renovation of the facilities for primary school in Zile





Bosphorus Crossing in Istanbul







MAJOR PROJECT SITES OF JAPAN'S ASSISTANCE TO TURKEY

JAPAN PROVIDES FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE AND TECHNICAL COOPERATION THROUGHOUT TURKEY TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT AND THE IMPROVEMENT OF SOCIAL WELFARE





more than 220 million passengers used Marmaray since

AFGHAN FEMALE POLICE TRAINING



This project aims to improve and e of Afghan female police officers.

GRANT ASSISTANCE FOR SEARCH AND RESCUE VEHICLE IN GÖRELE



roject grants assistance for a search and res vehicle in Görele, Biresun.

ÇORUH RIVER WATERSHED REHABILITATION



The project aims to improve the livelihood of the residents and to restore and preserve natural resources by creating a community participation plan in the Caruh River Basin.

GRANT ASSISTANCE FOR MOBILE HEALTH CENTER IN KARS



health center in Kağızman, Kars.



GOLDEN HORN BRIDGE traffic crossing the Golden rn Bay. The O-1 ie Istanbul Inner Beltw assing over this Bridge



FATIH SULTAN MEHMET BRIDGE

stanbul Bosphorus Strait, FSM Bridge has en vital in connecting the European ide and the Asian side of Istarbul.

CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT IN PRESERVATION OF MUSEUMS AND CULTURAL ASSETS IN CASE OF NATURAL DISASTERS



capabilities of the key personnel who resiliency for museums, cultural assets nd exhibits against future natural disasters such as earthquakes.

SUPPORT FOR REFUGEE WOMEN IN GAZIANTEP

Development and solidarity center for women "SADA" in aziantep provides protection, livelihood and languag skill courses for refugee warmen and promotes social

ASSISTANCE FOR SELF-RELIANT WOMEN

IN SANLIURFA

With the cooperation of FAG, AAR Japan and Santiurfa Municipality, both Syrian and Turkish women acquire

PROCUREMENT OF VOCATIONAL TRAINING CENTER



Úzmůlů, Erzincan.

After the Erzincan earthquake 1939, Turkey had many earthquakes which caused thousands of deaths. The government of Turkey tried to develop human resources specialized in disaster risk reduction and dispached government officials for disaster prevention in training in Japan in 1959. This was the beginning of Japan's 00A to Turkey

- UN PARTNERSHIP PROJECTS
- TECHNICAL COOPERATION PROJECTS
- THIRD COUNTRY TRAINING PROGRAM
- SENIOR VOLUNTEERS
- JICA PARTNERSHIP PROGRAM
- SMALL AND MEDIUM SIZED ENTERPRISE COOPERATION
- @ GGP (2015 2018)