Japan’s ODA for the world

Ministry of Foreign Affairs
International Cooperation Bureau
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Photo courtesy: Hiroshi Fukuchi
Japan’s Aid Improving the Quality of Life in Africa

～Improving Health Care in Western Kenya～

Western Kenya was facing high prevalence of infectious diseases and the deterioration of health facilities due to insufficient social capital.

Technical Cooperation

- 17 experts dispatched.
- Equipment provided for maternity wards.
- Management capacity of health care staff strengthened.
- Equipment provided to enhance health promotion.

Infant mortality rate decreased to the level much less than national average

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Kericho County</th>
<th>Siaya (%)</th>
<th>Kisu County</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>62.1</td>
<td>54.4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>43.6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>41.3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Measles vaccination rate improved

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Kericho County</th>
<th>Siaya County</th>
<th>Kisu County</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2008/2009</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011/2012</td>
<td>94%</td>
<td>82%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

No. of outpatients doubled

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Outpatients</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>86,374</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>162,058</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

No. of operations tripled

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Operations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>2,166</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>6,068</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Grant Aid

- Outpatient and emergency services improved.
- 116 medical instruments provided.

At Kericho District Hospital, patient satisfaction improved from 47% to 88%. Medical staff reported a 92% satisfaction rate with respect to the quality of medical care.

Kisii District Hospital was upgraded to a Level 5 hospital, which allows it to treat more serious diseases.

TICAD VI Nairobi Declaration

Strengthening health care systems is one of Japan’s development priorities in Africa.

※ Average infant mortality rate in Kenya (per 1,000 live births) (Data in 2004 were collected by a different research method from that used in 2009 and 2011.)
~Maternal and Child Health Needs in Indonesia~

Prior to introducing the maternal and child health (MCH) handbook, infant mortality rate and maternal mortality rate were much worse in Indonesia compared to other ASEAN countries.

Through MCH handbook, vital information about pregnancy and childbirth was provided.

### Technical Cooperation

**Trial distribution of the MCH handbook in Central Java Province (JICA project, 1993)**

Following its success, the MCH handbook was adopted as a national program in 1997. A 2004 Ministerial order mandated national use of the handbook.

#### Japanese MCH handbook

Indonesian MCH handbook

### Distribution rate of MCH Handbook

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Completion Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2009</td>
<td>67%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2010</td>
<td>68%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>81%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>87%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: JICA, 2012, Maternal and child health care improvement project through the maternal and child health handbook

### Increasing number of pregnant women seeking a safe delivery

**Completion rate of 4 antenatal care increased by 8%**

Before the project | 2011
---|---
4 antenatal care during pregnancy | 79% → 87%
Birth attended by skilled health personnel | 76% → 87%

Birth attended by skilled health personnel increased by 11%

### Japan’s MCH handbook around the world

- Guidebook + Record of Medical Examination and Immunization
- Can be used by any nationality, including refugees
  - Fundamental maternal and child health care information available anytime, anywhere!
- Used in more than 40 countries!

### Introduced in the Middle East

#### Palestinian MCH Handbook

- 2008: First Arabic MCH handbook was introduced.
- 2011: 89% distribution rate in the West Bank and 63% distribution rate in the Gaza Strip.

Since 2010, the MCH handbook has been provided to Palestinian refugees in Jordan, Syria, and Lebanon through UNRWA.

MCH handbook in a Syrian refugee's bag!

©IRC
In the Gaza Strip, people live in distressed conditions as a result of long-term economic blockade, prolonged humanitarian crisis, and the 2014 Conflict.

Support for Palestine:
Emergency Humanitarian Assistance and Development Projects

CCP Japan has been active in Palestine for decades, and is familiar with local conditions.
CCP Japan has been implementing development cooperation projects in areas such as education, agriculture, persons with disabilities, etc.

Urban districts destroyed during the 2014 Conflict

Following the 2014 Gaza Conflict, CCP projects provided various emergency humanitarian assistance through JPF.

Grant Assistance for Japanese NGO Projects (the Grant)

Japan Platform (JPF) Project: Emergency Support

Mr. Teshima, Head of Mission of CCP Japan, and project beneficiaries

Remedial Classes improved children’s score more than 24 points in all four subjects.

NGO related budget and amount of funding

NGO-related budget has been steadily increasing. The amount of funding by the Grant has increased by nine times since its launch.

NGO-related Budget
¥3.79 billion (FY2003) ⇒ ¥12.89 billion (FY2017)

[Amount of funding by the Grant and JPF] (¥100 million)

※Number of beneficiaries by the current project.
A Friend in Need is a Friend Indeed: Japan Disaster Relief Team

Struck by a magnitude 7.1 earthquake in Central Mexico on September 19, 2017. Urban areas were severely affected. 369 people died and 8,843 were injured.

Japan Disaster Relief (JDR) team consisting of 72 people was dispatched on September 21 and worked until 27.

The team’s search and rescue relief efforts were disseminated by social media every day and were aired on TV.

Mr. Kawasaki, the leader of the team, thanked Mexico for its support to Japan’s earthquake and tsunami in 2011 with a video message saying: “A friend in need is a friend indeed.” (It received 1.6 million views and about 110,000 "likes!" within 24 hours)

What is Japan Disaster Relief (JDR)?

Upon large-scale natural or man-made disasters, JDR team is organized in response to the requests of disaster-affected governments (or international organizations).

There are five types of JDR teams: search and rescue team, medical team, infectious diseases response team, expert team, and Self-Defense Force unit.

Gratitude from the Mexican government and its people for Japan’s assistance

The Mexican Foreign Secretary thanked every single member of the team. He also expressed appreciation to Foreign Minister Kono at the UN General Assembly.

Mexico and Japan have supported each other in natural disasters by providing personnel, relief goods, and monetary donations following the Great Kanto Earthquake (1923), the Mexican earthquake (1985), the Great Hanshin earthquake (1995), and the Great East Japan earthquake (2011).
Towards a World in which Everyone Can Learn

~ Supporting Girls’ Education in Pakistan ~

In rural areas of Pakistan, there are few schools that girls can attend. Social customs also prevent girls from attending school.

- Literacy rate in Pakistan: male 70%; women 49%.
- Net enrollment rate of the middle-elementary level (Grade 6-8) in Sindh province: 34%, girls enrollment: 17% (6% for girls in rural areas).

Grant Aid

Japan built and renovated 54 schools
- Southern Sindh: Upgrading 29 existing primary schools into middle-elementary schools. Constructed new classrooms, etc.
- Northern Sindh: Upgrading 25 existing primary schools into middle-elementary schools for girls. Constructed new classrooms, etc.

Approximately 6,600 students will have an opportunity to receive a secondary education every year.

Ise-Shima Summit

At the G7 Ise-Shima Summit, PM Abe announced support for women’s development through quality education and training.
In Morocco, agriculture is an important industry (13% of GDP, labor force is 3 million people). As a result of dry land, chronic water shortages, and droughts, the total amount of harvest often fall to 50% of the normal rate.

Technology developed by a Japanese company was used to improve water retention and management in Morocco.

Water retention materials are made from shells and recycled glass.

By using water retention materials, 
Tomato crop yields increased by 28%
Green bean crop yields increased by 22%

Win for Morocco Agriculture

Win for Japanese SME

Established a local subsidiary and started local sales
Started a demonstration project in Somalia with IOM (International Organization for Migration)

Using ODA to support use of Japanese technology overseas

The number of requests from SMEs (Small and Medium sized enterprises) to receive ODA funds has increased.

Request approved
Request submitted

Photos courtesy: PGI Co. Ltd.
Japan supported the construction of the Tsubasa Bridge:
- Main bridge: 640 m
- Mounting bridge: 1,575 m
- Attached road: 3,245 m

- Time to cross the River shortened to about 5 minutes.
- Traffic volume doubled to about 12,000 vehicles per day.
- “Kizuna Bridge and Tsubasa Bridge connected Cambodia with neighboring countries.”
  (2017, Prime Minister Hun Sen’s remarks to Prime Minister Abe)

The Tsubasa Bridge and Kizuna Bridge, constructed by Japan’s ODA, are depicted on the local currency in Cambodia.