



## REPÚBLICA DE MOÇAMBIQUE

### MINISTÉRIO DA AGRICULTURA E SEGURANÇA ALIMENTAR

#### Report of the public hearing outcome of the ProSAVANA's Draft Zero Master Plan

#### 1. Report of the process

The 2013 Concept Note of the ProSAVANA's Master Plan was discussed in the 19 districts of the Provinces of Nampula, Niassa and Zambézia (Nacala Corridor), at the targeted area for the Programme, as well as in Maputo. These meetings counted with the participation of farmers, communities, development partners, and Civil Society Organizations.

Following this step, the Draft Zero of Master Plan was prepared and disclosed to the public on the 31<sup>st</sup> March 2015, through the ProSAVANA webpage and made available to the District Services for Economic Activities (SDAEs – Serviços Distritais de Actividades Económicas), and Provincial Directorates of Agriculture and Food Security in the three Provinces. This Draft Zero was then subject of public hearing from 20<sup>th</sup> to 29<sup>th</sup> April, 2015 in the 19 districts, and also in the provincial capitals of Zambézia, Niassa and Nampula, on the 30<sup>th</sup> April, 8<sup>th</sup> May and 13<sup>th</sup> May, respectively. The meeting in Maputo took place on June 12<sup>th</sup>.

The objective of the meetings was to present and discuss the proposals contained in the Zero Draft Master Plan in order to gather opinions and suggestions of the stakeholders and the Mozambican society. In this process, forty one (41) meetings were held and more than 3,000 people attended.

The process of hearings was prepared as follows:

- 1) Disclosure and public announcement with at least 15 days in advance of the date and venue of the district and provincial meetings through the mass media in the country, eg. Community radio, national and local broadcast (RM), TVM and STV. Special attention was given to the fact that community radios are widely used to share the information with communities in local languages.
- 2) Distribution of printed version of the summary and full version of the Zero Draft of the Master Plan, which was also, shared with Civil Society Organizations and development partners.
- 3) Explanation of the Zero Draft of the Master Plan content, including in local language (where needed).

The zero draft of ProSAVANA Master Plan is the baseline that will guide the consultative process leading to the final version of the ProSAVANA's Master Plan, one of the three components of the Programme. The Master Plan was developed on the basis of the Strategic Plan for the Agricultural Development (PEDSA) which has been the guiding document for the implementation of the agricultural development strategies all over the country, having as the main focus the support to small-scale farmers, aiming to increase productivity and production.

The meeting counted with the voluntary participation of farmers, farmers' organizations, representatives of civil society organizations at local, provincial and national levels, private and public sectors, the academia and religious institutions. The meeting was also attended by representatives of civil society organizations from Japan and Brazil at district and provincial levels.

Of the many contributions made during the discussions, it is worth to highlight the following:

- means to secure land access by the local farmers; financial mechanism to implement the Programme;
- market access;
- development of agriculture versus the environmental protection;
- natural resources managements;
- mechanisms to support the farmers (services and inputs);
- crops to be promoted;
- strengthening and development of human resources;
- technology transfer;
- cross-cutting issues, such as gender, climate change, health, education and infrastructure.

During the meetings, constructive comments were made, pointing out to the need to improve the Programme in order to cope with the main constraints of the agriculture sector. In Nampula some concerns were raised regarding the participation of the private sector in the ProSAVANA process particularly in relation to the land tenure and use. They also expressed their desire to see the programme implemented in the near future.

The contributions obtained during the consultations will be consolidated by the technical team and then disclosed to all interested parties for further comments. While waiting for additional contributions, the technical team has already started the process of incorporating them into the draft Master Plan. However, it is important to note that the consultation process will continue until the final version of the Master Plan is concluded.

## **2. Evaluation of the consultation process**

From the outset of conceptualization of the ProSAVANA, the Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security (MASA) and its partners have privileged a constant dialogue with stakeholders and interested parties in the development of the agricultural sector in Mozambique, through their involvement in various *fora* of discussion, either organized by MASA or by development partners and

other stakeholders.

Taking into account the consultations undertaken in 2015 it was concluded that there is a need to review some procedures to improve the process. For example, the use of local languages to communicate with the targeted groups proved to be very positive and therefore this practice should be emulated. It is also recognized that communication with civil society organizations needs to be strengthened and should be a permanent feature.

In fact, the draft Master Plan foresees a mechanism that will ensure the participation of the civil society in monitoring and evaluation of the Master Plan and support in the process of consulting with communities. The civil society is also invited to support in the attribution and inspection of the DUATS (Land use and tenure's rights) and also in the resolution of potential conflicts. Finally, it is expected that the civil society will also contribute with additional studies designed to enhance the implementation of the Master Plan.

In conclusion, we want to reassure that the Government of Mozambique is committed to the continuation of the dialogue with communities, the stakeholders and the civil society in the Nacala Corridor, guided in the spirit of enriching the draft Master Plan.

We would like to count with your support to ensure that ProSAVANA becomes a successful programme.

Maputo, August 28<sup>th</sup> 2015

[www.prosavana.gov.mz](http://www.prosavana.gov.mz)

**Annex 1:** Sample pictures of the process of public hearing in the 19 districts, provincial capital cities and Maputo.

JMM

### **District Meetings**



Public hearing meeting in Nauela, Zambézia, on 21<sup>st</sup> April 2015.



Public hearing meeting to explain ProSAVANA Master Plan in Nauela, Zambézia, on 21<sup>st</sup> April 2015.



Public hearing meeting in Mutuali,  
Nampula Province, on 23 April 2015.



Public hearing meeting in the Administrative Post in Netia, Monapo District in  
Nampula, on April 21st 2015.



Public hearing meeting in Monapo on April 21<sup>st</sup> 2015



Public Hearing meeting in Mutuali,  
Nampula, on April 23rd 2015.





Public hearing meeting on the draft zero of ProSAVANA Master Plan in the District of Majune on April 25<sup>th</sup> 2015, Niassa.



Public hearing meeting in Cuamba, on April 24<sup>th</sup> 2015, in Cuamba, Niassa.



Public hearing meeting in Nairubi, Majune District in Niassa on April 24<sup>th</sup> 2015.

**Provincial Meetings (Nampula, Niassa and Zambézia capital cities)**



Provincial Meeting in Nampula, May 13 2015



Provincial Meeting in Nampula, May 13 2015



Provincial Meeting in Zambézia, April 30 2015



Provincial Meeting in Niassa, May 8 2015



Provincial Meeting in Niassa, May 8 2015



## Maputo Meeting (June 12<sup>th</sup> 2015)



Opening remarks by the Minister of Agriculture and Food Security, José Pacheco.



Presentation made by Mr. António Limbau, ProSAVANA Coordinators.



Intervention by Ms.. Maria Teresa, farmer from Ribaué, Nampula



Intervention by Ms. Olga Mutemba, Association for Empowerment of Women in Extractive Zones.



Intervention by Mr. Vicente Adriano, representative of UNAC Maputo