Background

1992 Establishment of **ODA Charter** (Revised in 2003, Renamed in 2015 as Development Cooperation Charter)

September 2022 Foreign Minister HAYASHI announced to revise the Charter.

Drafting process included Advisory Panel meetings, public comment procedure and public hearing meetings

June 2023 Cabinet Decision on revision of **Development Cooperation Charter**

Objectives of the revision

- The international community is at a historic turning point, facing compound crises
 - ⇒ Enhanced engagement with developing countries is necessary.
- Loans by emerging donors that disregard debt sustainability are not contributing to the growth of developing countries.
 - ⇒ Coordinated cooperation based on transparent and fair rules is required.
- ➤ Growing flow of **private funds** and **diverse actors** ⇒ Further enhanced coordination and mobilization of funds are necessary
 - Japan reviews the Charter to present new direction for development cooperation in order to make a further **effective and strategic use of develop cooperation** as one of the most important tools of its diplomacy.

Review at a glance

- **Basic Policies**
 - ✓ Human Security in the new era (protection and empowerment of individuals and solidarity)
 - ✓ **Co-creation** with developing countries (support for self-help efforts ⇒ **creation of social values** through dialogue and cooperation)
 - ✓ **Dissemination and implementation of international rules and guidelines** (inclusiveness, transparency, and fairness)
- Priority areas
 - Quality growth in the new era (address pressing challenges including climate change, health, humanitarian crises, as well as digital transformation and economic resilience such as food and energy)
 - ✓ Free and open international order based on the rule of law (promoting efforts to achieve free and open Indo-Pacific (FOIP))
- **Evolved implementation**
 - ✓ **Co-creation with various actors** (enhanced solidarity with private companies, public financial institutions, other donors, international organizations and civil society to maximize development effect)
 - ✓ More strategic and proactive cooperation ("offer-type" cooperation leveraging Japan's strengths and proposing cooperation menus)
 - ✓ Further improvement of the ODA system (more flexible, more efficient and more expedited)