

Pillar 2 : Addressing Challenges in an Indo-Pacific Way

Case (12): Response to energy security in Africa

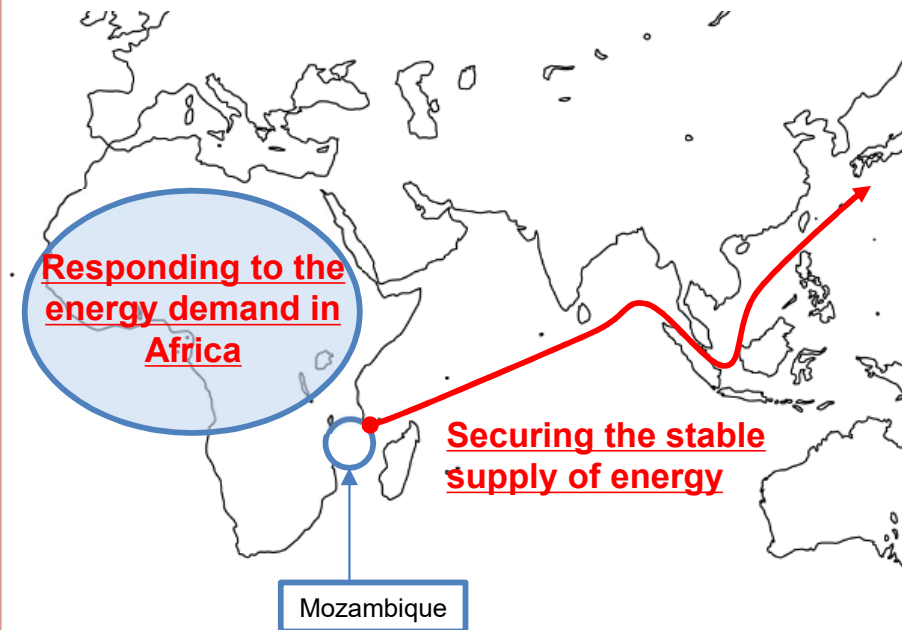
1. Basic concept

- The global share of energy supplied from Africa has been increasing. In response to the situation in Ukraine, its importance is increasing as an alternative supply source to Russia. (Approximately 13% of the total amount of natural gas and approximately 7% of the total amount of petroleum in the world are buried.)
- LNG is essential as a transition energy for realization of stable supply and carbon neutrality.
- In this regard, the LNG project in Mozambique enables its economic development as well as transportation of 4.5 million ton of LNG per year to Japan, significantly contributing to the stable supply of energy (Japan's largest public- and private-sector investment project in Africa).

⇒ **Africa is an energy supplier as well as demander. We will promote cooperation and investment in energy with Africa to strengthen the energy security in Japan. In addition, we will support decarbonization through proactive public- and private-sector investments.**

2. Items of cooperation

- Providing humanitarian aid and development cooperation (infrastructure improvement, etc.) for the stability of energy supplying countries and their surrounding areas.
- Improving the business environment in the African countries such as Mozambique for the expansion of trade and investment by Japanese companies.
(e.g.) Dispatch of Public Private Sector Joint Mission for Promoting Trade and Investment in Africa (note: scheduled in May 2023 for Mozambique and Mauritius)
- Promoting Japan's Green Growth Initiative with Africa to support decarbonization.
(e.g.) Promotion of JCM, Support for decarbonization-related infrastructure



<Conceptual drawing of the LNG project in Mozambique>

