Summary Table of Conservation and Management Measures for Eels (China)

Eel aquac	ulture	Description
Condition of eel aquaculture business	none/license required	
Ground for license, etc. *	Legistlation/Other scheme	Name of Legislation/other scheme requiring licenses: Decree of the Ministry of Agriculture of the People's Republic of China "Measures for License Issuance and Registration of Aquaculture in Water Areas and Tidal Flats"
Management body	Fisheries Agency	
Contents of management measures		
① Upper limit for the number of licenses	Central/By local authority/Nore	License holders: company/fac lity/others () Data not available
② Upper limit for scale of facilities	YesNo	Description of regulation: Article 16 of the Fisheries Law of the People's Republic of China
③ Upper limit for input of Anguilla japonica	Central/By local authority/By individual/None	This measure will be further considered for future Informal Consultations including complementary measures, possibly taking into account scientific advice from the Scientific Meeting.
Upper limit for input of other eels	Central/By local authority/By individual/None	This measure will be further considered for future Informal Consultations including complementary measures, possibly taking into account scientific advice from the Scientific Meeting.
⑤ Size limit for input glass eels	Central/By local author ty/None	Description of regulation:
6 Time closure of glass eels input	Central/By local author ty/None	Description of regulation:
⑦ Other regulation	Central/By local authority/Nore	Description of regulation:
Body to manage and monitor input of glass eels	Prefectural or provincial eel association	Monitoring measure: Farmers shall report their input amount to the prefectural or provincial eel association by the end of glass eel input.
Body to manage and monitor production amount	Prefectural or provincial eel association	Monitoring measure: Farmers shall report their production amount to the prefectural or provincial eel association every year.
1 Penalty	YesNo	Penalty for aquaculture operation without licenses: Prohibition of aquaculture
Voluntary measures by industry		

Glass eel fishery		Description
Condition of glass eel fishery	none/license required	
Ground for license, etc. 💥	Legislation Other scheme	Name of Legislation/other scheme requiring licenses: Notice on strengthening the management of eel fry fishing in the Yangtze Estuary no catch management zone and adjacent waters in 2022
Management body	Local authority	
Contents of management measures		License holder individual/association/others (): From January 1, 2021, the issuance of special fishing licenses for eel fry in the waters within the Yangtze River Estuary has been ceased. At the same time, it is stipulated that in the fishable waters, the number of special fishing licenses for glass eel in 2022 shall not exceed that of 2021, the number of net gear per license shall not exceed 100, and the number of net openings per net gear shall not exceed 1.
① Upper limit for the number of licenses	Centra By local authority/None	Description of regulation: From January 1, 2021, the issuance of special fishing licenses for eel fry in the waters within the Yangtze River Estuary has been ceased. At the same time, it is stipulated that in the fishable waters, the number of special fishing licenses for glass eel in 2022 shall not exceed that of 2021.
② Regulation on fishing gear	YesNo	Description of regulation: The number of net gear per license shall not exceed 100, and the number of net openings per net gear shall not exceed 1.
③ Upper limit for catch	Central/By local authority/By individual/None	Description of limit:
Size limit	Central/By local authority/None	Description of limit:
⑤ Time closure of glass eel catch	Centra/By local authority/None	Description of regulation: In several coastal fishing provinces, fishing is allowed from the beginning of November to the end of April of the next year.
Body to manage and monitor catch amount	Local authority	Monitoring measures: Fishers shall report catch data to the local authority and local authorities may report data to the Fishery and Fisheries Administration of the Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Areas.
⑦ Penalty	YeoNo	Penalty for fishing operation without licenses: Revocation of fishing licence
Voluntary measures by industry		

Adult eel fishery		Description
Condition of adult eel fishery	none license required	
Ground for license, etc. ※	Legislation/Other scheme	Name of Legislation/other scheme requiring licenses:
Management body	Local authority	
Contents of management measures	Yes (N)	License holders: individual/association/others() Total number of licenses issued: Number of fishers:
① Upper limit for the number of licenses	Central/By local authority/None	Description of regulation:
② Regulation on fishing gear	Yes(N)	Description of regulation:
③ Upper limit for catch	Central/By local authority/By individual/None	Description of limit:
4 Size limit	Central/By local authority/None	Description of limit:
⑤ Time closure	Central/By local authority/None	Description of regulation:
6 Body to manage and monitor catch amou	nt	Monitoring measures:
⑦ Penalty	Y C/NO	Penalty:
Voluntary measures by industry		

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Additional	information	

Summary Table of Conservation and Management Measures for Eels (Japan)

Eel aquaculture		Description
Condition of eel aquaculture business	none/license required	
Ground for license, etc. *	Legistlation/Other scheme	Name of Legislation/other scheme requiring licenses: Inland Water Fishery Promotion Act enacted on June 27. 2014 and Order for enforcement of Inland Water Fishery Promotion Act established on October 1st 2014. Establishment date: June 27, 2014
Management body	Fisheries Agency	
Contents of management measures		
① Upper limit for the number of licenses	Centra/By local authority/None	License holders: company/facility/others () Total number of Licenses issued: 456 for <i>A. japonica</i> , 103 for eels other than <i>A. japonica</i> (November 2021 - October 2022, as of November 1, 2021)
2 Upper limit for scale of facilities	Yes)No	Description of regulation: total area of aquaculture ponds written in a permit.
③ Upper limit for input of Anguilla japonic	Central/By local authorit By individual/None	The quota for each individual farmer is set within the total upper limit. Total upper limit for <i>A. japonica</i> is 21.7 tons.
4 Upper limit for input of other eels	Central/By local authorit By individual/None	The quotat is set for each individual farmer within the total upper limit. Total upper limit for eels other than <i>A. japonica</i> is 3.5 tons.
⑤ Size limit for input glass eels	Central/By local authority/None	Description of regulation:
Time closure of glass eels input	Central/By local authority/None	Description of regulation:
⑦ Other regulation	Centra By local authority/None	Description of regulation: - When farmers sell their farmed eels to other farmers' aquaculture operation, sellers shall provide the document about trade records to buyers. - In case farmers conduct aquaculture operation of eels other than A. japonica, they are prohibited to release the eels to waters outside of their facility. The farmers shall take necessary measures to prevent their escape.
Body to manage and monitor input of glass eels	Fisheries Agency	Monitoring measure: Farmers shall report their input amount to the Fisheries Agency every month.
Body to manage and monitor production amount	Fisheries Agency	Monitoring measure: Farmers shall report their production amount to the Fisheries Agency every month.
1 Penalty	YesNo	Penalty for aquaculture operation without licenses: Less than 3 years of imprisonment or a penalty of less than 2 million yen
Voluntary measures by industry		

Glass eel fishery		Description
Condition of glass eel fishery	none/ticense required	
Ground for license, etc. ※	Legislation Other scheme	Name of Legislation/other scheme requiring licenses: Prefectural Fisheries Coordination Regulation based on the Fisheries Act and the Act on the Protection of Fisheries Resources
Management body	Local authority	
Contents of management measures		License holder individual/association/others () Total number of licenses issued: 4,467 Number of fishers: 16,645 (2021-2022 fishing season)
① Upper limit for the number of licenses	Central/By local authority/None	Description of regulation: License holders are limited to Fisheries Associations, members of Fisheries Associasions, eel farmers and so on.
② Regulation on fishing gear	YesNo	Description of regulation: Limitation of fishing gears and fishing types are introduced in each prefecture.
3 Upper limit for catch	Centra/By local authori By individual/None	Description of limit: Catch quota is set based on historical catch amount, area of aquaculture pond and so on.
④ Size limit	Central By local authority/None	Description of limit: Size limit is introduced in each prefecture.
⑤ Time closure of glass eel catch	Centra By local authority/None	Description of regulation: In many fishing grounds, fishing is allowed from December to April in the following year.
Body to manage and monitor catch amou	Local authority	Monitoring measures: Fishers shall report catch data to the local authority and local authorities may report data to the Fisheries Agency.
⑦ Penalty	Yes No	yen (After December 2023, the penalty for catching glass eels without a fishing permit will be an imprisonment of up to 3
Voluntary measures by industry		

Adult eel fishery		Description
Condition of adult eel fishery	non dicense required	
Ground for license, etc. *	Legislation Other scheme	Name of Legislation/other scheme requiring licenses: Prefectural Fisheries Coordination Regulation and other regulations based on the Fisheries Act and the Act on the Protection of Fisheries Resources
Management body	Local authority	
Contents of management measures	(Yes) No	License holders individual/association/others () Total number of licenses issued: Number of fishers:
① Upper limit for the number of licenses	Central/By local authority/None	Description of regulation:
② Regulation on fishing gear	(Yes) No	Description of regulation: Limitation of fishing gears and fishing types are introduced in each Prefectures.
3 Upper limit for catch	Central/By local authority/By individual/None	Description of limit:
4 Size limit	Centra By local authority/None	Description of limit: Size limit is introduced in each prefecture. Lower size limit is 20cm - 30cm in most regions.
⑤ Time closure	Central By local authority/None	Description of regulation: Time closure is introduced in each prefecture, mainly from October to March when eels migrate from river to sea for spawning.
6 Body to manage and monitor catch amount	nt	Monitoring measures:
⑦ Penalty	Ye) /No	Penalty: Less than 6 months of imprisonment or a penalty of less than 100,000 yen for violation of Regional Fisheries Coordination Regulation. Less than 1 year of imprisonment or a penalty of less than 500,000 yen for violation of Instruction by Fisheries Adjustment Commission.
Voluntary measures by industry		In July 2018, National Federation of Inland Waters Fishing Ground Management Commissions and National Federation of Inlandwater Fisheries Cooperatives jointly adopted the resolution on promoting nationwide conservation of eels migrating from river to sea for spawning.

Additional information

Summary Table of Conservation and Management Measures for Eels (Korea)

Eel aquaculture		Description
Condition of eel aquaculture business	none/lidense required	Article 43 of the Aquaculture Industry Development Act (Authorization of farming) stipulates that eel farming is subject to authorization (enacted on August 27, 2019 and took effect on August 27, 2020)
Ground for license, etc. *	Legistlation/Other scheme	Article 43 of the Aquaculture Industry Development Act (Authorization of farming) stipulates that eel farming is subject to authorization (enacted on August 27, 2019 and took effect on August 27, 2020)
Management body	System management: Inland Fishery Industry Team, Aquaculture Industry Division, Ministry of oceans and	Acceptance of a report: Local authority
Contents of management measures		
① Upper limit for the number of licenses	Central/By local authority/None	License holders: company/facility/others (Individual) Total number of reports: 616 as of Dec, 2021
② Upper limit for scale of facilities	Yes	Description of regulation:
③ Upper limit for input of Anguilla japonica	Central/By local authority/By individual/None	Fresh Water Eel Culture Fisheries Cooperative composed of eel farmers self-regulates the input: Upper limit for <i>A. japonica</i> input is set at 11.1 tons.
④ Upper limit for input of other eels	Central/By local authority/By individual/None	Fresh Water Eel Culture Fisheries Cooperative composed of eel farmers self-regulates the input: Upper limit for input of eels other than <i>A. japonica</i> is set at 13.2 tons in total.
⑤ Size limit for input glass eels	Central/By local authority/None	Fisheries Resource Management Act article 35, Enforcement Decree article 18, Enforcement Regulation article 17 / a glass eel to weigh below 0.3 grams for input
Time closure of glass eels input	Central/By local author ty/None	
⑦ Other regulation	Central/By local authority/None	Importing and inputting glass eels is prohibited unless National Institute of Fisheries Science permits. Size limits of input are also regulated. (Fisheries Resource Management Act article 35, Enforcement Decree article 18, Enforcement
Body to manage and monitor input of glass eels	Fresh Water Eel Culture Cooperatives	Monitoring measure: Korea Maritime Institute and Fresh Water Eel Culture Fisheries Cooperative monitor input of glass eels.
Body to manage and monitor production amount	Central government Korea Maritime Institute Fresh Water Eel Culture Cooperatives	Monitoring measure - Implement survey on aquaculture production of eels - Korea Maritime Institute monthly monitor aquaculture production of eels - legislation to be enacted through amendment of "Fishery products distribution management and support Act" (2 Dec 2016) and Enforcement regulations (Jun 2017) to trade eels at designated locations, Enforcement Regulation article
① Penalty	Yes/No	 Operate aquaculture without licenses: imprisonment of 3 years or less / fine of 30 million KRW or less Operate aquaculture in ways which are not permitted by Aquaculture Industry Development Act: imprisonment of 3 years or less / fine of 30 million KRW or less Acquiring permission through illegal ways, Virtually Operating aquaculture without permission: imprisonment of 2 years or less or fine of 20 million won or less If not traded at the designated place: imprisonment of 2 years or less or fine of 20 million won or less
Voluntary measures by industry		Compliance with the "Joint Statement" agreed by the Informal Eel meeting partipants

Glass eel fishery		Description
Condition of glass eel fishery	nonedicense required	Approval required/ Inland Water Fishery Act, Fisheries Act
		Name of Legislation/other scheme requiring licenses: Fisheries Act Article 41.3 (glass eel stow-net fishery), Inland
Constant W	Legislation/Other scheme	Water Fishery Act Article 9(Inland Water seed harvest approval)
Ground for license, etc. 💥	Legistation/Other scheme	Establishment date or estimated date to be established: Fisheries Act enforced 23 Apr 2010, Inland Water Fishery Act
		enforced 29 Jul 2000 (approval required since Inland Water Fisheries Development Promotion Act(09 Jul 1976))
	System Management: Inland Fishery	
	Industry Team, Aquaculture Industry	
Management body	Division, Ministry of oceans and	Approval: Local authority
	Fisheries	
	• Fishery Policy Division, Ministry of	
		License holder individual/association/others () Total number of licenses issued: Number of approval: 402(the
Contents of management measures		total number including not only glass eel but all other seed capture) as of Dec, 2021
		Glass eel stow-net fishery: 555 (as of Dec, 2021)
		Description of regulation: Total number of license for glass eel stow-net fishery is regulated as 732 according to
① Upper limit for the number of licenses	Central/By local authority/None	Fisheries Act Article 41.4.
		Since 2001, issuing new license of glass eel stow-net fishery has been restricted.
2 Regulation on fishing gear	(Yes)No	Description of regulation: scale, shape, amout of used and using method of fishing gear are regulated in glass eel stow-
		net fishery(Enforcement Decree of the Fisheries Act Article 26)
③ Upper limit for catch	Central/By local authority/By individual/None	
④ Size limit	Central/By local author ty/None	Description of limit:
⑤ Time closure of glass eel catch	Central/By local authority/None	Description of regulation:
6 Body to manage and monitor catch amou	Fresh Water Eel Culture Cooperatives	Monitoring measures: Fresh Water Eel Culture Cooperatives monitors catch amout of glass eel
		<glass eel="" fishery="" stow-net=""></glass>
		• fishing operation without license: imprisonment of 3 years or less / fine of 30 million KRW or less
⑦ Penalty		• acquiring license through illegal ways: imprisonment of 2 years or less / fine of 20 million KRW or less
	Y es No	• infringe restriction on fishing gears (e.g. scale of fishing gear): fine of 10 million KRW or less
		<catch eel="" fishery="" seed=""></catch>
		fishing operation without licenses, acquiring license through illegal ways: Less than 1 years of imprisonment or a
		penalty of less than 10 million won
Voluntary measures by industry		

^{*} Attach the legal text, if there is an English version.

Adult eel fishery		Description
Condition of adult eel fishery	none/icense required	License required according to Inland Water Fishery Act Article 6, 9, and 11
Ground for license, etc. *	Legislation/Other scheme	Name of Legislation/other scheme requiring licenses: Inland Water Fishery Act Article 6, 9 and 11 Establishment date or estimated date to be established: Inland Water Fishery Act(29 Jul 2000)
Management body	System Management: Inland Fishery Industry Team, Aquaculture Industry Division, Ministry of oceans and	Approval: Local authority
Contents of management measures		License holder: individual/association/others () Total number of licenses issued: Number of fishers: Approval is issued not by fish species but by type of fishing gears, thus, the exact number cannot be confirmed.
① Upper limit for the number of licenses	Central/By local author ty/Non	Description of regulation:
2 Regulation on fishing gear	Ye y /No	Inland Water Fishery Act Enforcement Regulation stipulates method and scale of fishery
3 Upper limit for catch	Central/By local authority/By individual/None	Description of limit:
4 Size limit	Central/By local authority/None	Description of limit: 15cm~45cm (catch of eels in 15cm~45cm is prohibited at all times)
⑤ Time closure	Centra By local authority/None	Description of regulation: Catch closure from 1 October to 31 March of next calendar year except for dam and lakes
Body to manage and monitor catch amount	Central and local authority	Monitoring measures: Managing and monitoring eel production thorugh 'Survey of recent trends in fishery production' by Statistics Korea
⑦ Penalty	Yes/No	 fishing operation without licenses: imprisonment of 1 year or less / fine of 10 million KRW or less acquiring license through illegal ways: imprisonment of 1 year or less / fine of 10 million KRW or less infringe catch restriction (e.g. size limit, time closure, restricted area): imprisonment of 1 year or less / fine of 10 million KRW or less
Voluntary measures by industry		

^{*} Attach the legal text, if there is an English version.

Additional information

Summary Table of Conservation and Management Measures for Eels (Chinese Taipei)

Eel aquaculture		Description
Condition of eel aquaculture business	none license required	
Ground for license, etc. 💥	egistlation/Other scheme	Name of Legislation/other scheme requiring licenses: Regulations for Input Management of Eel Aquaculture Establishment date or estimated date to be established: November 14, 2014
Management body	Council of Agriculture	
Contents of management measures		
① Upper limit for the number of licenses	Centra/By local authority/None	License holders: company/facitity/others (Eel tarmer) Total number of Licenses issued: 425 licenses in 2020-
② Upper limit for scale of facilities	Ye No	Description of regulation:
3 Upper limit for input of Anguilla japonic	Centra/By local authority/By individual/None	
4 Upper limit for input of other eels	Centra/By local authority/By individual/None	
⑤ Size limit for input glass eels	Central/By local author ty/None	Description of regulation:
Time closure of glass eels input	Central/By local author ty/None	Description of regulation:
① Other regulation	Central/By local author ty/None	Description of regulation:
Body to manage and monitor input of glass eels	Fisheries Agency/ Local authority/Taiwan Eel Farming Industry Development Foundation/Local eel	Monitoring measure: The eel farmer should report the input amount of eel within 10 days after inputting eel.
Body to manage and monitor production	Fisheries Agency/ Local authority/Taiwan Eel Farming Industry Development Foundation/Local eel	Monitoring measure: The eel farmer's production should not exceed the input amount.
1 Penalty	YesNo	Penalty for aquaculture operation without licenses: A fine of between NTD\$ 30,000 and NTD\$ 150,000. Penalty for excess of input limit: A fine of between NTD\$ 30,000 and NTD\$ 150,000.
Voluntary measures by industry		

Glass eel	fishery	Description
Condition of glass eel fishery	none/I)cense required	
Ground for license, etc. ※	Legislation/Other scheme	Name of Legislation/other scheme requiring licenses: Regulations on the Restricted Fishing Seasons for Elvers/ Directions of the coastal Elvers Fishing Establishment date or estimated date to be established: September 9, 2013/ November 27, 2013
Management body	Council of Agriculture	
Contents of management measures		License holders: individual/association/others () Total number of licenses issued: Number of fishers:
① Upper limit for the number of licenses	Central/By local authority/None	Description of regulation:
2 Regulation on fishing gear	Yes(No)	Description of regulation:
3 Upper limit for catch	Central/By local authority/By indicidual/None	Description of limit:
Size limit	Central/By local authorty/None	Description of limit:
⑤ Time closure of glass eel catch	Central/By local authority/None	Description of regulation:Between April 1 and October 31 in 2018; Between March 21 and October 31 in 2022; Between March 1 and October 31 in other years.
6 Body to manage and monitor catch	By local authority and local fishermen's	Monitoring measures: The glass eel fishermen are advised to report the catch amount to local fishermen's
amount	association	association.
7 Penalty	Ye 3 /No	Penalty for fishing operation in time closure: A fine of between NTD\$ 30,000 and NTD\$ 150,000.
Voluntary measures by industry		

X Attach the legal text, if there is an English version.

Adult eel fishery		Description
Condition of adult eel fishery	none license required	
Ground for license, etc. 💥		Name of Legislation/other scheme requiring licenses: Regulations on closed eel fishing area Establishment date or estimated date to be established: Since 2013
Management body	Local authority	
Contents of management measures		License holders: individual/association/others() Total number of licenses issued: Number of fishers:
① Upper limit for the number of licenses	Central/By local authority/None	Description of regulation:
② Regulation on fishing gear		Description of regulation:
③ Upper limit for catch	Central/By local authority/By individual None	Description of limit:
4 Size limit	Centra By local authority/None	Description of limit: Excess of the length of 8cm elver
⑤ Time closure	Central/By local authority/None	Description of regulation: The entire year in closed eel fishing area.
6 Body to manage and monitor catch	By local authority	Monitoring measures: Prohibited the catch of young and adult eels in 41 rivers in Taiwan.
7 Penalty	YesNo	Penalty for fishing operation in closed eel fishing area: A fine of between NTD\$ 30,000 and NTD\$ 150,000.
Voluntary measures by industry		

X Attach the legal text, if there is an English version.

Additional information