駐日フラブル大使館 [<O>] [O] EMBAIXADA DO BRASIL EM TÓQUIO

Nutrition for Growth From London to Rio - From Rio to Tokyo



2012 - Olympic Hunger Summit Co-hosted by David Cameron and Michel Temer



2012 – World Health Assembly Targets

- Achieve a 40% reduction in the number of children under-5 who are stunted;
- Achieve a 50% reduction of anaemia in women of reproductive age;
- Achieve a 30% reduction in low birth weight;
- Ensure that there is no increase in childhood overweight;
- Increase the rate of exclusive breastfeeding in the first 6 months up to at least 50%;
- Reduce and maintain childhood wasting to less than 5%.

2013 – Nutrition for Growth Co-hosted by David Cameron and Michel Temer



2014 – Second International Conference on Nutrition (ICN2)

- Active participation fo civil society and the business community
- Two main outcomes:
 - The Rome Declaration on Nutrition
 - The Framework for Action
- Both documents commit world leaders to establish national policies aimed at eradicating malnutrition and transforming food systems to make nutritious diets available to all

Sustainable Development Goals





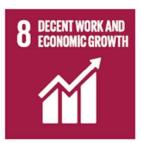
































2016 – Nutrition for Growth Co-hosted by Brazil, Japan and the United Kingdom



Sustainable Development Goals





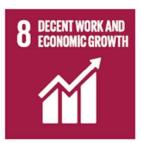
































Nutrition and Sustainable Development

- > Nutrition is a key element of Sustainable Development
- The Sustainable Development Goals have Nutrition as one of its cross-cutting and most important elements
- The improvement of nutrition standards is one of the main concerns of Governments all over the world, both in Developed and in Developing nations

Brazilian Initiatives

- Government is the main responsible for tackling malnutrition
- Public policies designed in the framework of the national strategy for sustainable development
- Public policies tackle the issue of malnutrition in all of its dimensions
- International cooperation initiatives on nutrition involve smallholders in Brazil and the transfer of Brazilian technology to other developing countries

Some Important Results of Brazilian Public Policy on Nutrition

- Brazil has been excluded, in 2014, from the FAO Hunger Map
- The level of child undernutrition is at its lowest in Brazilian history and is no longer a major public health concern
- Brazilian smallholders are the main producers of some of the country's staple foods
- Brazilians have better access to a healthier and more sustainable diet

どうもありがとうございました!