

2. 国連総会における日本の核兵器廃絶決議

2015年第70回国連総会我が国核兵器廃絶決議案（骨子）

タイトル 「核兵器の全面的廃絶に向けた新たな決意の下での共同行動」

前文

- 核兵器のない平和で安全な世界を実現するための決意を再確認。(パラ1)
- 本年が広島・長崎の被爆、第二次世界大戦の終結から70年であることを想起。(パラ3)
- 国際的な核不拡散体制の礎石としての核兵器不拡散条約(NPT)、及び同条約の3本柱(核軍縮、核不拡散、原子力の平和的利用)を追求するための不可欠な基礎としてのNPTの決定的な重要性を再確認。(パラ4)
- 核兵器使用の壊滅的で非人道的結末に深い懸念を表明、国際人道法を含む適用可能な国際法の遵守の必要性を再確認。(パラ5)
- 核兵器使用による壊滅的で非人道的な結末が皆に十分に理解されるべきことを認識し、この関連でこの理解の向上のための努力がなされるべきことに留意。(パラ6)
- 中東非大量破壊兵器地帯設置及び同地帯設置のための関係国の対話の再開への支持を再確認。(パラ11)
- 2015年NPT運用検討会議における合意の不在に遺憾の意を示しつつ、同会議での議論に適切な注意を払い、2020年運用検討サイクルでの前進の重要性を強調。(パラ12)
- 米露間の新戦略核削減条約(新START)の順調な履行を歓迎。(パラ13)
- 米国、英国、仏及び露の核弾頭の貯蔵量又は核戦力に関する公表を歓迎。(パラ14)
- 米国による新たなイニシアティブを含め、核軍縮検証の能力開発に向けた努力を歓迎。(パラ15)
- 核セキュリティの目的の重要性を認識し、核セキュリティ・サミット、特に2016年に米国で開催予定の次回サミットを歓迎。核セキュリティの枠組強化におけるIAEAの中心的役割を再確認。(パラ17)
- 北朝鮮の核実験、弾道ミサイル技術を用いた発射、及び核・弾道ミサイル開発の継続を最も強い表現で非難。北朝鮮はNPT上の核兵器国としての地位を持つことができないことを想起し、北朝鮮の核兵器保有に対する国際社会の反対を再確認。(パラ18)

主文

- 全ての国が核兵器の全面的廃絶への共同行動をとるとの決意を新たにする。(パラ1)
- 核兵器国による核兵器の全面的廃絶に関する明確な約束を再確認。(パラ2)
- 核兵器使用の非人道的結末への深い懸念が核兵器のない世界への全ての国の努力を引き続き下支えする旨強調。(パラ3)
- NPT締約国に対し、NPTの義務を遵守し、1995年、2000年及び2010年のNPT運用検討会議で合意された措置の履行を要請(パラ4)
- NPT非締約国に対して非核兵器国として早期かつ無条件でのNPT加入を要請。(パラ5)
- 全ての国に対して核兵器の全面的廃絶に向けた更なる実質的で効果的な措置をとるよう要請。(パラ6)
- 米露に対し更なる削減を達成するための措置の速やかな交渉開始を奨励。(パラ7)
- 核兵器国に一方的、二国間、地域間及び多国間措置による削減を含め、すべての種類の核兵器の削減を要請。(パラ8)
- 核軍縮・不拡散のプロセスにおける不可逆性、検証可能性及び透明性の原則の適用を要請。(パラ9)
- 核兵器の役割の更なる低減に向けて関係国が継続して軍事・安全保障政策を見直すことを要請。(パラ10)

- 核兵器を保有する全ての国に核兵器の意図しない爆発のリスクに包括的に対処するために必要な全ての努力をとり続けることを求める。(パラ11)
- 核兵器国に対し、透明性を向上するための努力を拡張し、2020年NPT運用検討プロセス全体を通じて、核軍縮努力の一環として削減・解体された核兵器及び運搬手段に関するより頻繁で詳細な報告を提出することを含め、相互信頼を向上させることを奨励(パラ12)
- 2016年は包括的核実験禁止条約(CTBT)署名開放20周年であることを念頭に、CTBT未署名・未批准国が遅滞なく、また、他国の署名・批准を待つことなく署名・批准するよう独自のイニシアティブをとるよう求め、CTBT発効まで核実験モラトリアムを維持するよう求める。(パラ14)
- 政府専門家会合による報告書の提出を歓迎しつつ、ジュネーブ軍縮会議(CD)での核兵器用核分裂性物質生産禁止条約(FMCT)早期交渉開始・妥結を求める。核分裂性物質生産モラトリアムの宣言及び維持を求める。(パラ15)
- 核兵器のない世界を達成するために必要な効果的措置を更に模索するために適切な多国間の場での関与を奨励。(パラ16)
- 北朝鮮に対し、これ以上の核実験を行わないこと、核不拡散体制を損なう核武力建設政策を放棄すること、核兵器及び既存の核計画を全て放棄すること、並びに早期にNPTとIAEA保障措置に復帰することを強く求める。北朝鮮に対し、継続中の核活動を速やかに停止すること、関連安保理決議における義務を完全に遵守すること、及び六者会合共同声明の下でのコミットメントを尊重すべく具体的な行動をとることを求める。(パラ17)
- 全てのIAEA追加議定書未締結国が可能な限り早期に同議定書を締結することを強く奨励。(パラ19)
- 安保理決議1540の完全実施を要請。(パラ20)
- 軍縮・不拡散教育の取組を奨励。(パラ22)
- 指導者、若者等の被爆地訪問、被爆者による被爆証言といった、核兵器の非人道的影響に関する認識の向上への全ての取組を奨励。(パラ23)

(了)



General Assembly

Distr.: General
11 December 2015

Seventieth session
Agenda item 97 (aa)

Resolution adopted by the General Assembly on 7 December 2015

[on the report of the First Committee (A/70/460)]

70/40. United action with renewed determination towards the total elimination of nuclear weapons

The General Assembly,

Reaffirming its commitment to achieving a peaceful and secure world free of nuclear weapons,

Recalling its resolution 69/52 of 2 December 2014,

Recalling also that 2015 marks the seventieth year since the atomic bombings of Hiroshima and Nagasaki, Japan, and the end of the Second World War,

Reaffirming the crucial importance of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons¹ as the cornerstone of the international nuclear non-proliferation regime and an essential foundation for the pursuit of the three pillars of the Treaty, namely, nuclear disarmament, nuclear non-proliferation and the peaceful uses of nuclear energy,

Expressing deep concern at the catastrophic humanitarian consequences of any use of nuclear weapons, and reaffirming the need for all States at all times to comply with applicable international law, including international humanitarian law, while convinced that every effort should be made to avoid the use of nuclear weapons,

Recognizing that the catastrophic humanitarian consequences that would result from the use of nuclear weapons should be fully understood by all, and noting in this regard that efforts should be made to increase such understanding,

Reaffirming that the enhancement of international peace and security and the promotion of nuclear disarmament are mutually reinforcing,

Reaffirming also that further advancement in nuclear disarmament will contribute to consolidating the international regime for nuclear non-proliferation, which is, inter alia, essential to international peace and security,

Noting that the ultimate objective of the efforts of States in the disarmament process is general and complete disarmament under strict and effective international control,

¹ United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 729, No. 10485.

15-16794 (E)
1516794

Please recycle



A/RES/70/40

United action with renewed determination towards the total elimination of nuclear weapons

Stressing the importance of the decisions and the resolution on the Middle East of the 1995 Review and Extension Conference of the Parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons² and the Final Documents of the 2000³ and 2010⁴ Review Conferences of the Parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons,

Reaffirming in this context its support for the establishment of a Middle East zone free of nuclear weapons and all other weapons of mass destruction and their delivery systems, on the basis of arrangements freely arrived at by the States of the region, and for the resumption of dialogue towards this end involving the States concerned,

Expressing regret over the lack of a consensus outcome at the 2015 Review Conference of the Parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, held from 27 April to 22 May 2015, while stressing the importance of moving forward, paying due regard to the discussions held therein, in the next review cycle of the 2020 Review Conference of the Parties to the Treaty,

Welcoming the continuing successful implementation of the Treaty between the Russian Federation and the United States of America on Measures for the Further Reduction and Limitation of Strategic Offensive Arms,

Welcoming also the announcements and recent updates on overall stockpiles of nuclear warheads by France, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America, as well as the update of the Russian Federation on its nuclear arsenal, which further enhance transparency and increase mutual confidence,

Welcoming further the efforts undertaken towards the development of nuclear disarmament verification capabilities that can contribute to the pursuit of a world free of nuclear weapons, including the new and continuing initiatives pursued by Norway, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America,

Expressing deep concern regarding the growing dangers posed by the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction, inter alia, nuclear weapons, including that caused by proliferation networks,

Recognizing the importance of the objective of nuclear security, along with the shared goals of Member States of nuclear disarmament, nuclear non-proliferation and peaceful uses of nuclear energy, welcoming the Nuclear Security Summits, in particular the Summit to be held in the United States of America in 2016, and reaffirming the central role of the International Atomic Energy Agency in strengthening the nuclear security framework globally and in coordinating international activities in the field of nuclear security,

Condemning in the strongest terms the nuclear tests conducted by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, its launches using ballistic missile technology and its continued development of its nuclear and ballistic missile

² See 1995 Review and Extension Conference of the Parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, Final Document, Part I (NPT/CONF.1995/32 (Part I) and Corr.2), annex.

³ 2000 Review Conference of the Parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, Final Document, vols. I-III (NPT/CONF.2000/28 (Parts I-IV)).

⁴ 2010 Review Conference of the Parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, Final Document, vols. I-III (NPT/CONF.2010/50 (Vols. I-III)).

programmes, recalling that the Democratic People's Republic of Korea cannot have the status of a nuclear-weapon State in accordance with the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, reiterating the opposition of the international community to its possession of nuclear weapons, and expressing serious concern about its ongoing nuclear activities, including its uranium enrichment and plutonium production programmes,

1. *Renews once again* the determination of all States to take united action towards the total elimination of nuclear weapons, with a view to achieving a safer world for all and a peaceful and secure world free of nuclear weapons;

2. *Reaffirms*, in this regard, the unequivocal undertaking of the nuclear-weapon States to accomplish the total elimination of their nuclear arsenals, leading to nuclear disarmament, to which all States parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons¹ are committed under article VI thereof;

3. *Emphasizes* that deep concerns about the humanitarian consequences of any use of nuclear weapons continue to underpin efforts by all States towards a world free of nuclear weapons;

4. *Calls upon* all States parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons to comply with their obligations under all the articles of the Treaty and to implement the steps agreed to in the Final Documents of the 1995 Review and Extension Conference² and the 2000³ and 2010⁴ Review Conferences;

5. *Calls upon* all States not parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons to accede as non-nuclear-weapon States to the Treaty promptly and without any conditions to achieve its universality and, pending their accession to the Treaty, to adhere to its terms and to take practical steps in support of the Treaty;

6. *Calls upon* all States to take further practical steps and effective measures towards the total elimination of nuclear weapons, based on the principle of undiminished and increased security for all;

7. *Encourages* the Russian Federation and the United States of America to commence negotiations at an early date to achieve greater reductions in their stockpiles of nuclear weapons, with a view to concluding such negotiations as soon as possible;

8. *Calls upon* all nuclear-weapon States to reduce all types of nuclear weapons, strategic and non-strategic, deployed and non-deployed, including through unilateral, bilateral, regional and multilateral measures, in order to facilitate further reductions of global stockpiles;

9. *Calls upon* all States to apply the principles of irreversibility, verifiability and transparency in relation to the process of nuclear disarmament and non-proliferation;

10. *Calls upon* States concerned to continue to review their military and security concepts, doctrines and policies, with a view to reducing further the role and significance of nuclear weapons therein;

11. *Urges* all States possessing nuclear weapons to continue to undertake all efforts necessary to comprehensively address the risks of unintended nuclear detonations;

12. *Encourages* the nuclear-weapon States to continue to convene regular meetings, with a view to facilitating nuclear disarmament actions, to build upon and expand their efforts to enhance transparency and to increase mutual confidence,

A/RES/70/40

United action with renewed determination towards the total elimination of nuclear weapons

including by providing more frequent and further detailed reporting on nuclear weapons and delivery systems dismantled and reduced as part of nuclear disarmament efforts throughout the review process of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons towards the 2020 Review Conference of the Parties to the Treaty;

13. *Encourages* all States concerned to establish further nuclear-weapon-free zones, where appropriate, in accordance with the 1999 guidelines of the Disarmament Commission⁵ and to ratify the nuclear-weapon-free zone treaties and their relevant protocols, which include, inter alia, legally binding assurances against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons;

14. *Urges* all States, in particular the eight remaining States listed in annex 2 to the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty,⁶ to take individual initiatives to sign and ratify that Treaty without further delay and without waiting for any other State to do so, bearing in mind that 2016 is the twentieth anniversary of the opening for signature of the Treaty, and to maintain all existing moratoriums on nuclear-weapon test explosions or any other nuclear explosions pending the entry into force of the Treaty;

15. *Urges* all States concerned to immediately commence negotiations in the Conference on Disarmament on a treaty banning the production of fissile material for nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices and its early conclusion on the basis of document CD/1299 of 24 March 1995 and the mandate contained therein, welcoming the submission of the report of the Group of Governmental Experts⁷ requested in paragraph 3 of resolution 67/53 of 3 December 2012, and to declare and maintain moratoriums on the production of fissile material for use in nuclear weapons or other nuclear explosive devices pending the entry into force of the treaty;

16. *Encourages* States to engage in appropriate multilateral forums to further explore effective measures necessary for achieving a world free of nuclear weapons;

17. *Strongly urges* the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to refrain from conducting further nuclear tests, to renounce its policy of building its nuclear forces, which undermines the global non-proliferation regime, to abandon all its nuclear weapons and existing nuclear programmes and to return, at an early date, to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons and International Atomic Energy Agency safeguards, and urges the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to cease all ongoing nuclear activities immediately, to fully comply with its obligations under the relevant Security Council resolutions and to take concrete steps to honour its relevant commitments under the joint statement of the Six-Party Talks of 19 September 2005;

18. *Calls upon* all States to redouble their efforts to prevent and curb the proliferation of nuclear weapons and their means of delivery and to fully respect and comply with obligations undertaken to forswear nuclear weapons;

19. *Stresses* the fundamental role of the International Atomic Energy Agency safeguards and the importance of the universalization of the comprehensive safeguards agreements, and, while noting that it is the sovereign decision of any State to conclude an additional protocol, strongly encourages all States that have not done so to conclude and bring into force as soon as possible the Model Additional

⁵ See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Fifty-fourth Session, Supplement No. 42 (A/54/42)*.

⁶ See resolution 50/245 and A/50/1027.

⁷ A/70/81.

Protocol to the Agreement(s) between States and the International Atomic Energy Agency for the Application of Safeguards approved by the Board of Governors of the Agency on 15 May 1997;

20. *Calls upon* all States to fully implement relevant Security Council resolutions, including resolution 1540 (2004) of 28 April 2004;

21. *Encourages* every effort to secure all vulnerable nuclear and radiological material in order to, inter alia, prevent nuclear terrorism, and calls upon all States to work cooperatively as an international community to advance nuclear security, while requesting and providing assistance, including in the field of capacity-building, as necessary;

22. *Encourages* all States to implement the recommendations contained in the report of the Secretary-General on the United Nations study on disarmament and non-proliferation education,⁸ in support of achieving a world free of nuclear weapons;

23. *Encourages* every effort to raise awareness of the humanitarian impact of the use of nuclear weapons, including through, among others, visits by leaders, youth and others, to the cities devastated by the use of nuclear weapons, and testimonies of the atomic bomb survivors, the hibakusha;

24. *Decides* to include in the provisional agenda of its seventy-first session, under the item entitled “General and complete disarmament”, a sub-item entitled “United action with renewed determination towards the total elimination of nuclear weapons”.

*67th plenary meeting
7 December 2015*

⁸ A/57/124.

