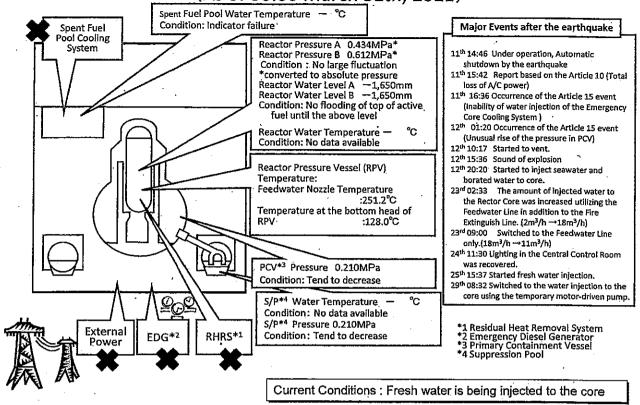
Conditions of Fukushima Dai-ichi Nuclear Power Station Unit 1
(As of 06:00 March 31th, 2011)

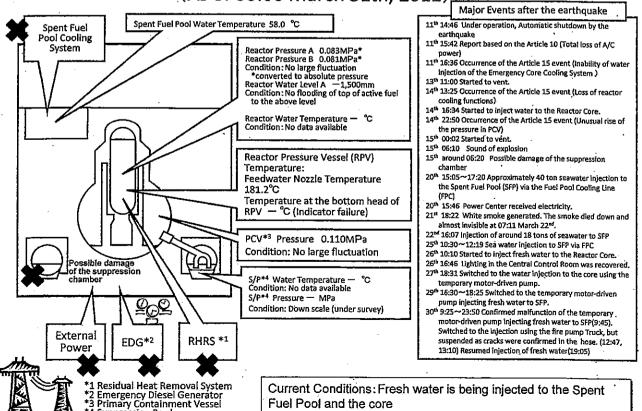


(Editorial committee for Nuclear Energy Handbook, Nuclear Energy Handbook)

(Editorial committee for Nuclear Energy Handbook, Nuclear Energy Handbook)

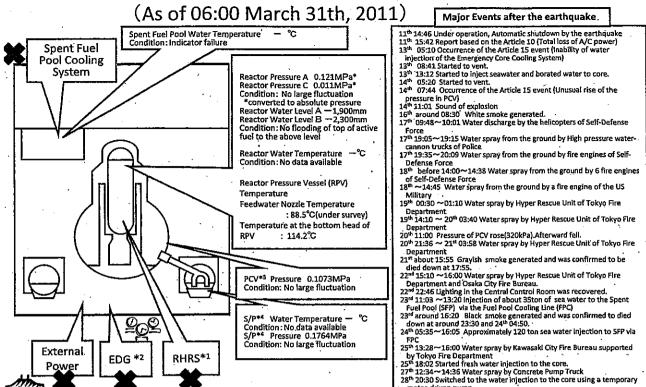
Conditions of Fukushima Dai-ichi Nuclear Power Station Unit 2

(As of 06:00 March 31th, 2011)



*4 Suppression Pool

Conditions of Fukushima Dai-ichi Nuclear Power Station Unit 3



Current Conditions: Fresh water is being injected to the Spent Fuel Pool and the core

motor-driven pump.
29th 14:17 ~18:18 Fresh water spray by Concrete Pump Truck

(Editorial committee for Nuclear Energy Handbook, Nuclear Energy Handbook)

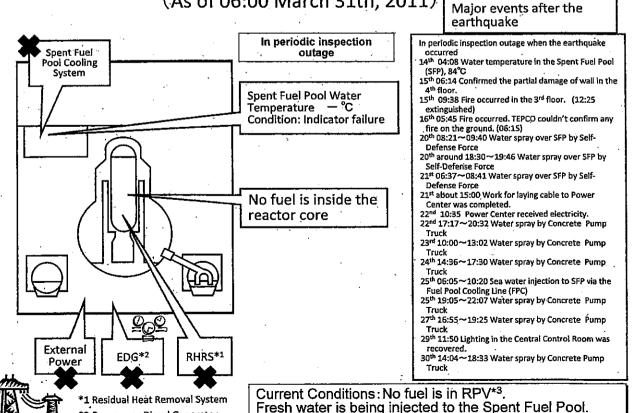
(Editorial committee for Nuclear Energy Handbook, Nuclear Energy

Conditions of Fukushima Dai-ichi Nuclear Power Station Unit 4 (As of 06:00 March 31th, 2011) [Major events after the

*1 Residual Heat Removal System *2 Emergency Diesel Generator *3 Primary Containment Vessel *4 Suppression Pool

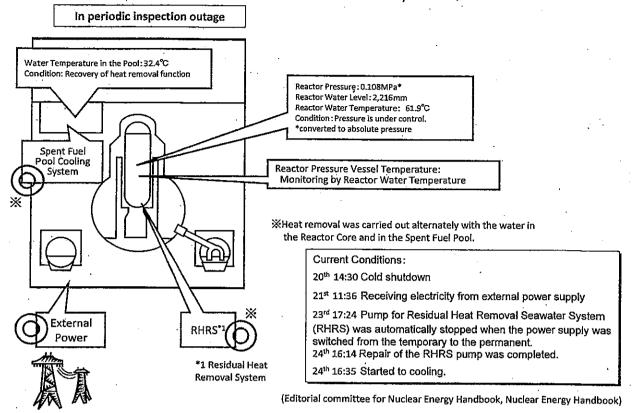
*2 Emergency Diesel Generator

*3 Reactor Pressure Vessel

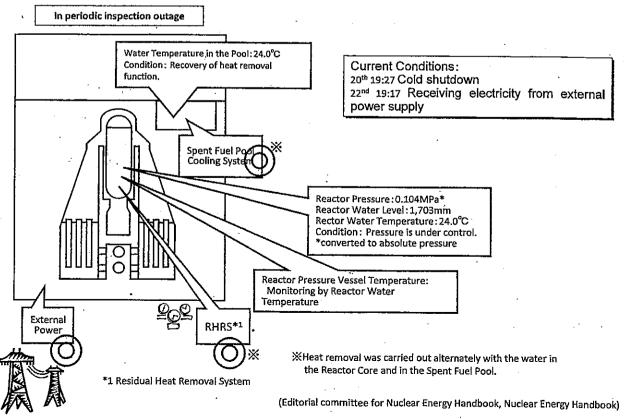


Handbook)

Conditions of Fukushima Dai-ichi Nuclear Power Station Unit 5 (As of 06:00 March 31th, 2011)



Conditions of Fukushima Dai-ichi Nuclear Power Station Unit 6 (As of 06:00 March 31th, 2011)



Extract



March 31, 2011 Nuclear and Industrial Safety Agency

Seismic Damage Information (the 64th Release) (As of <u>08:30 March 31st</u>, 2011)

Nuclear and Industrial Safety Agency (NISA) confirmed the current situation of Onagawa NPS, Tohoku Electric Power Co. Inc.; Fukushima Dai-ichi and Fukushima Dai-ni NPSs, Tokyo Electric Power Co. Inc. (TEPCO); Tokai Dai-ni NPS, Japan Atomic Power Co. Inc. as follows:

Major updates are as follows.

1. Nuclear Power Stations (NPSs)

Fukushima Dai-ichi NPS

- As the malfunction of the temporary motor-driven pump, which had been injecting to the Spent Fuel Pool of Unit 2 since 09:25 March 30th, was confirmed at 09:45 March 30th, the injection pump was switched to the Fire Pump Truck. However, because cracks were confirmed in the hose (12:47 and 13:10 March 30th), the injection was suspended. The injection of fresh water resumed at 19:05 March 30th. (Till 23:50 March 30th)
- In order to prepare for transfer the stagnant water on the basement floor of turbine building of Unit 2 to the Condenser, the water in the Condensate Storage Tank is being transferred to the Surge Tank of Suppression Pool Water. (From 16:45 March 29th)
- In order to prepare for transfer the stagnant water on the basement floor of turbine building of Unit 3 to the Condenser, the water in the Condensate Storage Tank is being transferred to the Surge Tank of Suppression Pool Water. (From 17:40 March 30th)
- Spray of fresh water (Around 140t) to the Spent Fuel Pool of Unit 4 using Concrete Pump Truck was carried out. (From 14:04 till 18:33 March 30th)
- On March 28th, the stagnant water was confirmed in the Main Building of Radioactive Waste Treatment Facilities. As the results of the radioactive nuclide analysis, the radioactivity of total amount of 1.2×10¹

News Release



Bq/cm³ in the controlled area and that of 2.2×10^1 Bq/cm³ in the non-controlled area were detected in March 29th.

Fukushima Dai-ni NPS

- Around 17:56 March 30th, a smoke was rising from the power distribution panel on the first floor of the turbine building of Unit 1. However, when the power supply was turned off, the smoke stopped to generate. It was judged by the fire station at 19:15 that this event was caused by the malfunction of the power distribution panel and was not a fire.
- The Residual Heat Removal System (B) to cool the reactor of Unit 1 became to be able to receive power from the emergency power supply as well as the external power supply. This resulted in securing the backup power supplies (emergency power supplies) of Residual Heat Removal System (B) for all Units. (14:30 March 30th)

2. Action taken by NISA

(March 29th)

- The "Team to Assist the Lives of the Nuclear Accident Sufferers" established to strengthen the system to assist the nuclear accident sufferers carried out visits etc. to relevant cities, towns and villages.

For more information:

NISA English Home Page

http://www.nisa.meti.go.jp/english/index.html

Extract



March 31, 2011 Nuclear and Industrial Safety Agency

Seismic Damage Information (the 65th Release) (As of 15:00 March 31st, 2011)

Nuclear and Industrial Safety Agency (NISA) confirmed the current situation of Onagawa NPS, Tohoku Electric Power Co. Inc.; Fukushima Dai-ichi and Fukushima Dai-ni NPSs, Tokyo Electric Power Co. Inc. (TEPCO); Tokai Dai-ni NPS, Japan Atomic Power Co. Inc. as follows:

Major updates are as follows.

- 1. Nuclear Power Stations (NPSs)
- Fukushima Dai-ichi NPS
 - In order to prepare for transfer the stagnant water on the basement floor of turbine building of Unit 1 to the Condenser, the water in the Condensate Storage Tank is being transferred to the Surge Tank of Suppression Pool Water. (From 12:00 March 31st)
 - Spray of fresh water over to the Spent Fuel Pool of Unit 1 using Concrete Pump Truck was carried out. (13:03 March 31st)
 - -The transfer of the water in the Condensate Storage Tank of Unit 3 to the Surge Tank of Suppression Pool Water was completed. (From 17:40 March 28th till 08:37 March 31st)
 - The collected water in the vertical parts of the trenches outside of the turbine building of Unit 1 was transferred to the storage tank in the Main Building of Radioactive Waste Treatment Facilities by the temporary pump. Thereafter the water level from the top went down from approximately -0.14m to approximately -1.14m. (From 09:20 till 11:25 March 31st)
- < Possibility on radiation exposure>
- 1. Exposure of residents

In Fukushima Prefecture, up until March 29th, the screening was done to 106,095 people. Among them, 102 people were at the level above the

News Release



100,000cpm, but when measured these people again without clothes, etc., the counts decreased to 100,000cpm and below, and there was no case which affects health.

2. Exposure of workers

As for the workers conducting operations in Fukushima Dai-ichi NPS, the total number of people who were at the level of exposure more than 100mSv becomes 20.

For more information:

NISA English Home Page

http://www.nisa.meti.go.jp/english/index.html

Fukushima Di-ichi Nuclear Power Station Major Parameters of the Plant (As of 6:00, March 31th)

	Power Station Major Parameters			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Unit No.	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3	Unit 4	Unit 5	Unit 6
Situation of water injection	Injecting fresh water via the Water Supply Line. Flow rate of injected water: 133 /min (As of 8:32, March 29th)	Injecting fresh water via the Fire Extinguish Line. Flow rate of injected water :150 g/min (As of 14:00, March 30th)	Injecting fresh water via the Fire Extinguish Line. Flow rate of injected water: 116 l/min (As of 14:39, March 29th)	Under shutdown	Under shutdown	Under shutdown
<u> </u>	temporary measuring instrument	temporary measuring instrument	temporary measuring instrument		- '	
Reactor water level	Fuel range A: -1,650mm Fuel range B: -1,650mm (As of 4:00, March 31th)	Fuel range A: -1,500mm (As of 4:00, March 31th)	Fuel range A:-1,900mm Fuel range B:-2,300mm (As of 4:40, March 31th)	#2	Shutdown range measurement 2,216mm (As of 6:00, March 31th)	Shutdown range measurement 1,703mm (As of 6:00 March 31th)
Reactor pressure	0.333MPa g(A) 0.511MPa g(B) (As of 4:00, March 31th)	-0.018MPa g (A) -0.020MPa g (B) (As of 4:00, March 31th)	0.020MPa g (A) -0.090MPa g (C) (As of 4:40, March 31th)	#2	0.007MPa g (As of 6:00, March 31th)	0.003MPa g (As of 6:00, March 31th)
Reactor water temperature	(Impossible collection due to low			#2	61.9°C (As of 6:00, March 31th)	.24.0℃ (As of 6:00, March 31th)
Reactor Pressure Vessel (RPV) temperature	Feedwater nozzle temperature: 251.2°C Temperature at the bottom head of RPV: 128.0°C (As of 4:00, March 31th)	Feedwater nozzle temperature: 181.2°C Temperature at the bottom head of RPV: #1 (As of 4:00, March 31th)	Feedwater nozzle temperature: 88.5°C (under survey) Temperature at the bottom head of RPV: 114.2°C (As of 4:40, March 31th)	Unit 4 No heating element (fuel) inside the reactor Unit 5,6 Monitoring by the reactor water temperature		
D/W*1 Pressure, S/C*2 Pressure	D/W: 0.210MPa abs S/C: 0.210MPa abs (As of 4:00, March 31th)	D/W: 0.110MPa abs S/C:Down scale (under survey) (As of 4:00, March 31th)	D/W: 0.1073MPa abs S/C: 0.1764MPa abs (As of 4:40, March 31th)	#2		
CAMS*3	D/W: 4.17×10 ¹ Sv/h S/C: 1.82×10 ¹ Sv/h (As of 4:00, March 31th)	D/W: 3.87×10^{1} Sv/h S/C: 1.19×10^{0} Sv/h (As of 4:00, March 31th)	D/W: 2.57×10^{1} Sv/h S/C: 1.05×10^{0} Sv/h (As of 4:40, March 31th)	#2		
D/W*1 design operating pressure	0.384MPa g(0.485MPa abs)	0.384MPa g(0.485MPa abs)	0.384MPa g(0.485MPa abs)	#2		•
D/W*1 maximum operating pressure	0.427MPa g(0.528MPa abs)	0.427MPa g(0.528MPa abs)	0.427MPa g(0.528MPa abs)			,
Spent Fuel Pool water	#1	58.0℃ (As of 4:00, March 31th)	#1	#1	32.4°C (As of 6:00, March 31th)	24.0℃ (As of 6:00, March 31th)
FPC skimmer level	4,500mm (As of 4:00, March 31th)	5,600mm (As of 4:00, March 31th)	#1	5,200mm (As of 4:40, March 31th)	#2	
Power supply	Receiving external power supply (P/C*42C)		Receiving external power supply (P/C4D)		Receiving external power supply	

Other information	Unit3: Collecting the data of RPV temperature and continuing survey for transitional situation Unit2: Confirmed the indicated value of S/C Pressure but continuing to survey the transition of	Common pool: about 32 °C (As of	Unit5:SHC*5 mode (From 22:01	Unit6:Non thermal mode (From 9:58
	condition	8:20, March 30th)		March 30th)

Pressure conversion

Gauge pressure (MPa g) = Absolute pressure (MPa abs) - Atmospheric pressure (Normal atmospheric pressure 0.1013MPa)
Absolute pressure (MPa abs) = Gauge pressure (MPa g) + Atmospheric pressure (Normal atmospheric pressure 0.1013MPa)

*1 D/W : Dry Well

*2 S/C : Suppression Chamber

*3 CAMS : Containment Atmospheric Monitoring System

*4 P/C : Power Center *5 SHC : Shutdown Cooling

#1 : Measuring instrument malfunction

#2 : Except from data collection