

Part II

Japan's Official Development Assistance and Trends in Aid of Other Donors in Terms of Disbursement



Passengers on board at the opening of Ho Chi Minh City's first urban railway in Viet Nam (Photo: Tram Le Huy)

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Japan's Official Development Assistance in Terms of Disbursement

Japan's total ODA in 2024 ¹, ² was approximately \$16,493.53 million (approximately ¥2,497.8 billion) according to the Grant Equivalent System (GE system) ³ introduced from 2018. Among the members of the Development Assistance Committee (DAC) of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), Japan ranked fourth ⁴ following the United States, Germany, and the United Kingdom. Japan's ODA as a percentage of Gross National Income (GNI) in 2024 was 0.39% (compared to the international target of 0.7%, and ranked 13th out of 32 DAC countries excluding the EU) (Chart II-5).

The breakdown of Japan's ODA is as follows: Bilateral ODA accounted for approximately 83.5% of overall disbursements, while ODA to multilateral institutions accounted for approximately 16.5%. Bilateral ODA is expected to contribute to strengthening Japan's relations with recipient countries. Meanwhile, ODA to multilateral institutions that have expertise and political neutrality enables Japan to provide necessary support more promptly and flexibly, including to countries and regions where direct bilateral assistance from the Japanese government is difficult to reach. Japan will actively provide more effective aid while making flexible use of the above types of assistance and coordinating between them.

As regards bilateral ODA by aid scheme, the funding provided without repayment obligation totaled approximately \$3,561.96 million (¥539.4 billion),

or approximately 21.6% of total ODA, on a grant equivalent basis. Among this funding, grants through multilateral institutions, etc., accounted for approximately \$2,702.92 million (¥409.3 billion), or approximately 16.4% of total ODA. Technical cooperation accounted for approximately \$2,129.71 million (¥322.5 billion), or approximately 12.9% of total ODA. With regard to government loans, etc., loan disbursements accounted for approximately \$11,294.78 million (¥1,710.5 billion), while the grant equivalent of government loans, etc., totaled approximately \$8,075.58 million (¥1,223.0 billion), or approximately 49.0% of total ODA.

Japan's bilateral ODA disbursements (excluding support for the graduated countries designated as "developing areas"), ⁵ in descending order by percentage of total disbursements (gross disbursements), are as follows ⁶ (See Chart II-2 on page 18 for details).

- ◆ Asia: 54.6% (approximately \$9,321.26 million)
- ◆ Middle East and North Africa: 15.2% (approximately \$2,596.05 million)
- ◆ Sub-Saharan Africa: 8.2% (approximately \$1,408.12 million)
- ◆ Latin America and the Caribbean: 3.7% (approximately \$635.38 million)
- ◆ Europe: 2.9% (approximately \$487.40 million)
- ◆ Oceania: 0.7% (approximately \$121.28 million)
- ◆ Assistance covering multiple regions: 14.7% (approximately \$2,515.32 million)

¹ DAC members' final figures for ODA disbursements in 2025 are to be published at or after the end of 2026.

² In Part II, "grants" signifies transfers in cash or in kind for which no legal debt is incurred by the recipient, as defined by the OECD-DAC.

³ The GE system records the amount of government loans, etc., equivalent to a grant as an actual ODA disbursement. The grant equivalent is calculated by applying the terms of the loan, such as the amount of loan provided, interest rate, and repayment period, to a formula. The more concessional the terms of the loan are, the larger the grant equivalent is. This system measures Japan's actual government loans, etc., more accurately compared to the net flow system, which was the standard used by the DAC until 2017. (The full amount of the loan is recorded; on the other hand, repaid amounts are counted as negative.)

⁴ OECD database (OECD Data Explorer) (December 2025).

⁵ Graduated countries and regions designated as "developing areas" refer to the countries and regions graduated from the DAC List of ODA Recipients that the Government of Japan designates as "developing areas" and continues to provide ODA to, based on Article 3 (Purpose of the Agency) of the Act of the Incorporated Administrative Agency-JICA. In 2024, by disbursement basis, Antigua and Barbuda, the ASEAN region, Bahamas, Bahrain, Barbados, Brunei, Chile, the Cook Islands, Oman, Poland, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Seychelles, Trinidad and Tobago, and Uruguay were under this category.

⁶ Gross disbursement basis.

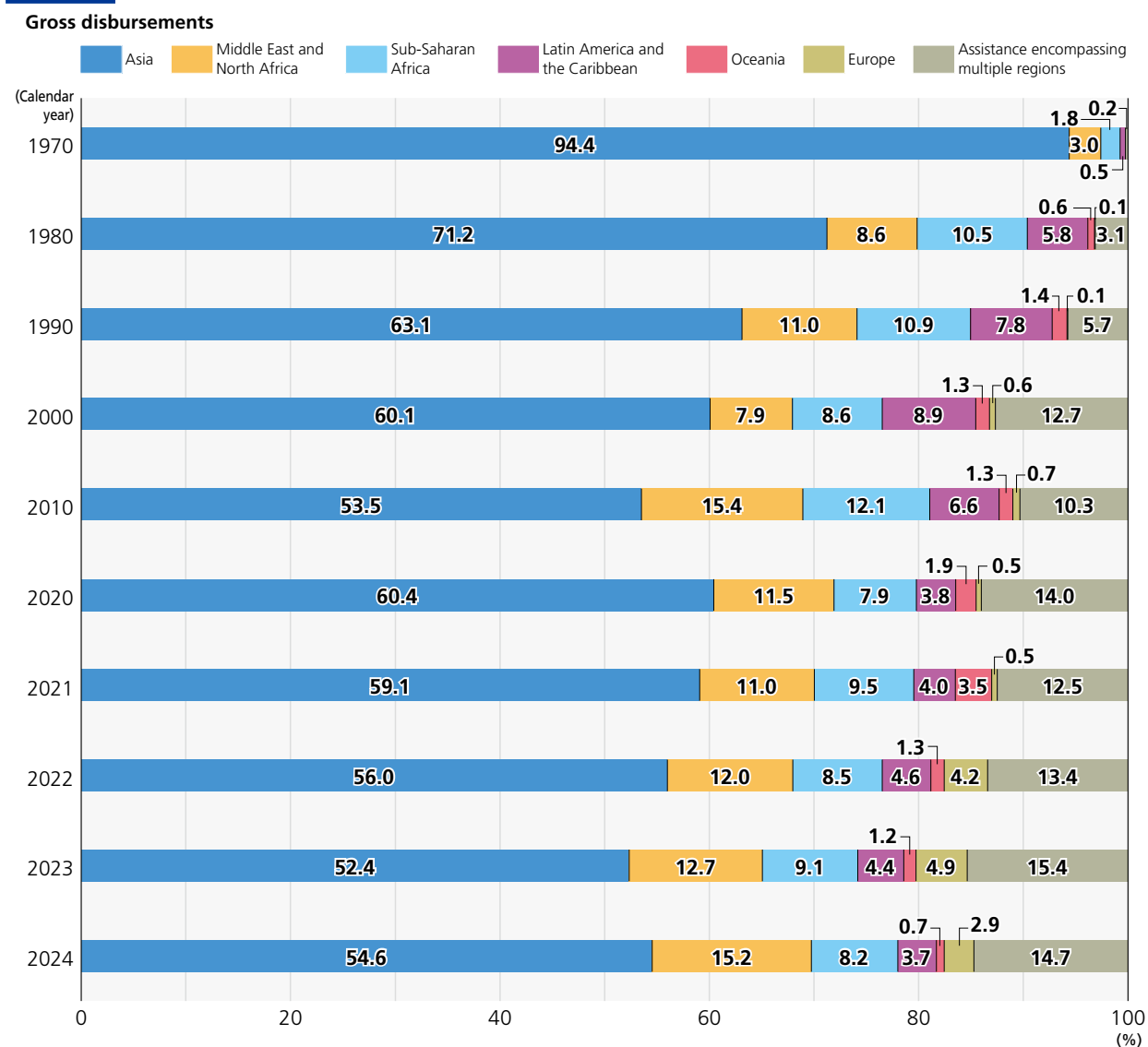
Chart II-1 Japan's ODA by Type (2024)

2024 (Calendar year)		Dollar basis (US\$ million)			Yen basis (¥100 million)		
Type		Current year	Previous year	Rate of increase/decrease (%)	Current year	Previous year	Rate of increase/decrease (%)
Grant aid		859.94	1,635.56	-47.4	1,302.29	2,298.06	-43.3
Debt relief		97.46	—	—	147.60	—	—
Grants through multilateral institutions, etc.		2,702.92	2,625.81	2.9	4,093.29	3,689.42	10.9
Technical cooperation		2,129.71	2,238.74	-4.9	3,225.23	3,145.57	2.5
Grants (Gross disbursement) (A)		5,790.03	6,500.11	-10.9	8,768.41	9,133.05	-4.0
(Amount recovered) (B)		0.90	—	—	1.37	—	—
(Net disbursement) (C)=(A)-(B)		5,789.13	6,500.11	-10.9	8,767.04	9,133.05	-4.0
(Grant equivalent) (D)		5,691.67	6,500.11	-12.4	8,619.45	9,133.05	-5.6
Government loans, etc. (Amount disbursed: Gross disbursement) (E)		11,294.78	13,882.80	-18.6	17,104.78	19,506.17	-12.3
(Amount recovered) (F)		4,659.12	5,339.53	-12.7	7,055.75	7,502.37	-6.0
(Net disbursement) (G)=(E)-(F)		6,635.66	8,543.26	-22.3	10,049.02	12,003.80	-16.3
(Grant equivalent) (H)		8,075.58	9,481.72	-14.8	12,229.63	13,322.40	-8.2
Total bilateral ODA (Gross disbursement) (A)+(E)		17,084.81	20,382.91	-16.2	25,873.19	28,639.23	-9.7
Total bilateral ODA (Net disbursement) (C)+(G)		12,424.79	15,043.37	-17.4	18,816.07	21,136.86	-11.0
Total bilateral ODA (Grant equivalent) (D)+(H)		13,767.25	15,981.83	-13.9	20,849.08	22,455.45	-7.2
Grants to multilateral institutions (I)		2,500.46	3,618.54	-30.9	3,786.69	5,084.27	-25.5
Government loans, etc. to multilateral institutions (Amount disbursed: Gross disbursement) (J)		341.22	—	—	516.74	—	—
(Amount recovered) (K)		20.61	—	—	31.21	—	—
(Net disbursement) (L)=(J)-(K)		320.61	—	—	485.53	—	—
(Grant equivalent) (M)		225.83	—	—	341.99	—	—
Total of contributions and subscriptions to multilateral institutions (Gross disbursement) (N)=(I)+(J)		2,841.68	3,618.54	-21.5	4,303.44	5,084.27	-15.4
Total of contributions and subscriptions to multilateral institutions (Net disbursement) (O)=(I)+(L)		2,821.07	3,618.54	-22.0	4,272.22	5,084.27	-16.0
Total of contributions and subscriptions to multilateral institutions (Grant equivalent) (P)=(I)+(M)		2,726.29	3,618.54	-24.7	4,128.68	5,084.27	-18.8
Total ODA (Gross disbursement) (A)+(E)+(N)		19,926.49	24,001.45	-17.0	30,176.62	33,723.50	-10.5
Total ODA (Net disbursement) (C)+(G)+(O)		15,245.86	18,661.91	-18.3	23,088.29	26,221.13	-11.9
Total ODA (Grant equivalent) (D)+(H)+(P)		16,493.53	19,600.37	-15.9	24,977.76	27,539.72	-9.3
Nominal Gross National Income (GNI) (US\$ billion, ¥ billion)		4,282.61	4,463.33	-4.0	648,557.20	627,124.40	3.4
% of GNI (Net disbursement)		0.36	0.42		0.36	0.42	
% of GNI (Grant equivalent)		0.39	0.44		0.39	0.44	

Notes:

- The total figure may not be the same as the figure when calculated by adding up due to rounding off.
- [-] indicates that no assistance was provided.
- Conversion rate: 2023 US\$1=¥140.5061, 2024 US\$1=¥151.4397 (exchange rates are specified by the OECD-DAC).
- "Grant aid" above does not signify the grant aid scheme of Japan.
- The above table excludes assistance for the graduated countries designated as "developing areas." For more information regarding disbursements that include assistance for the graduated countries designated as "developing areas," see Reference Statistics: 2 (1) Official Development Assistance by Type of Assistance and Currency (page 174).
- Graduated countries designated as "developing areas" refer to the countries and regions graduated from the DAC List of ODA Recipients that the Government of Japan designates as "developing areas" and to which Japan continues to provide ODA based on Article 3 (Purpose of the Agency) of the Act of the Incorporated Administrative Agency-JICA. In 2024, by disbursement basis, Antigua and Barbuda, the ASEAN region, Bahamas, Bahrain, Barbados, Brunei, Chile, the Cook Islands, Oman, Poland, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Seychelles, Trinidad and Tobago, and Uruguay were under this category.
- "Debt relief" is debt cancellation on a commercial basis, and does not include debt rescheduling.

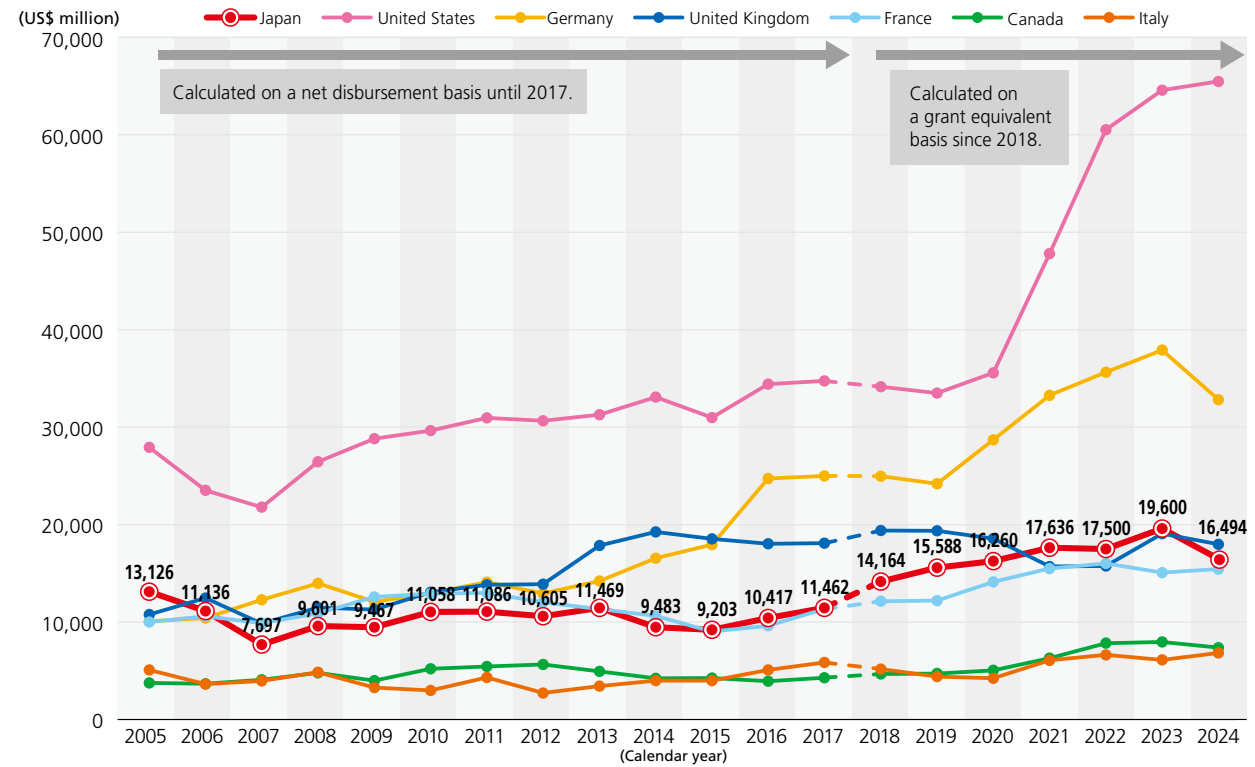
Chart II-2 Trends in Japan's Bilateral ODA by Region



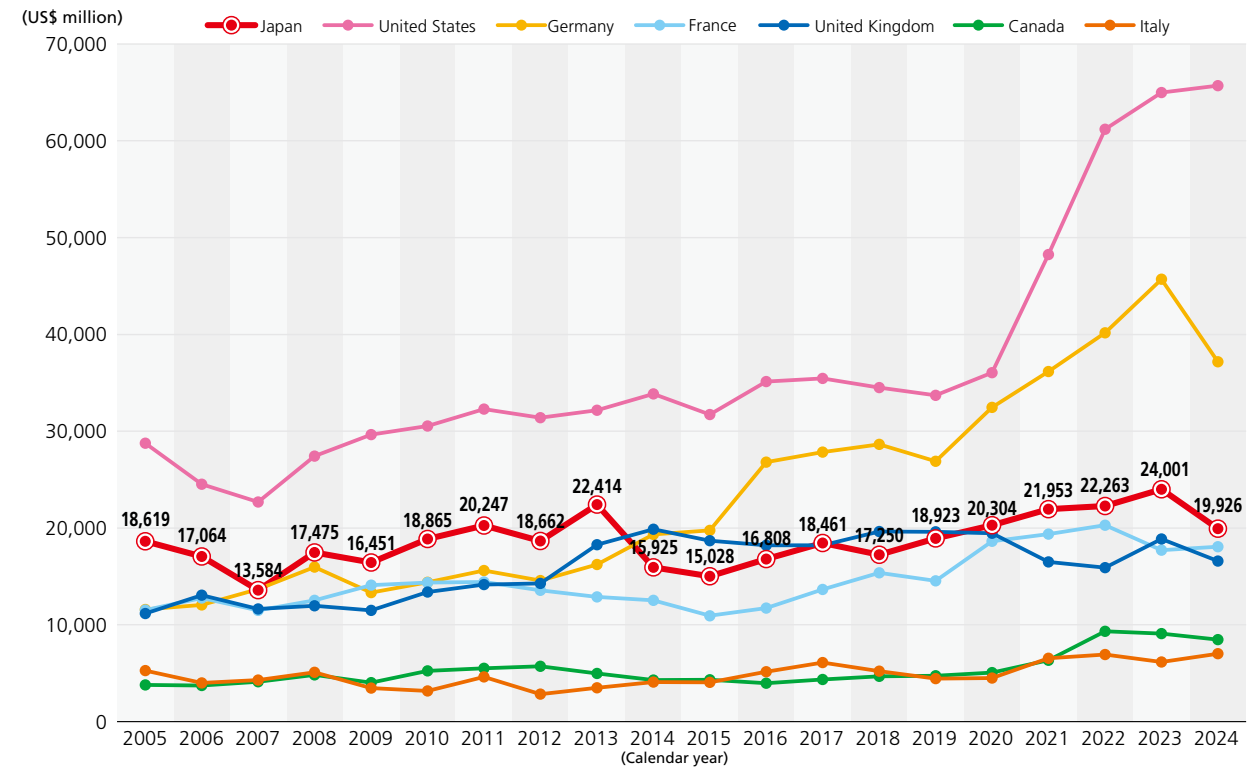
Source: OECD database (OECD Data Explorer) (December 2025)

Notes:

- "Assistance encompassing multiple regions" refers to assistance that cannot be regionally classified such as grants through multilateral institutions etc. and technical cooperation including survey and research that do not target specific regions or countries.
- Due to rounding, the total may not add up to 100%.

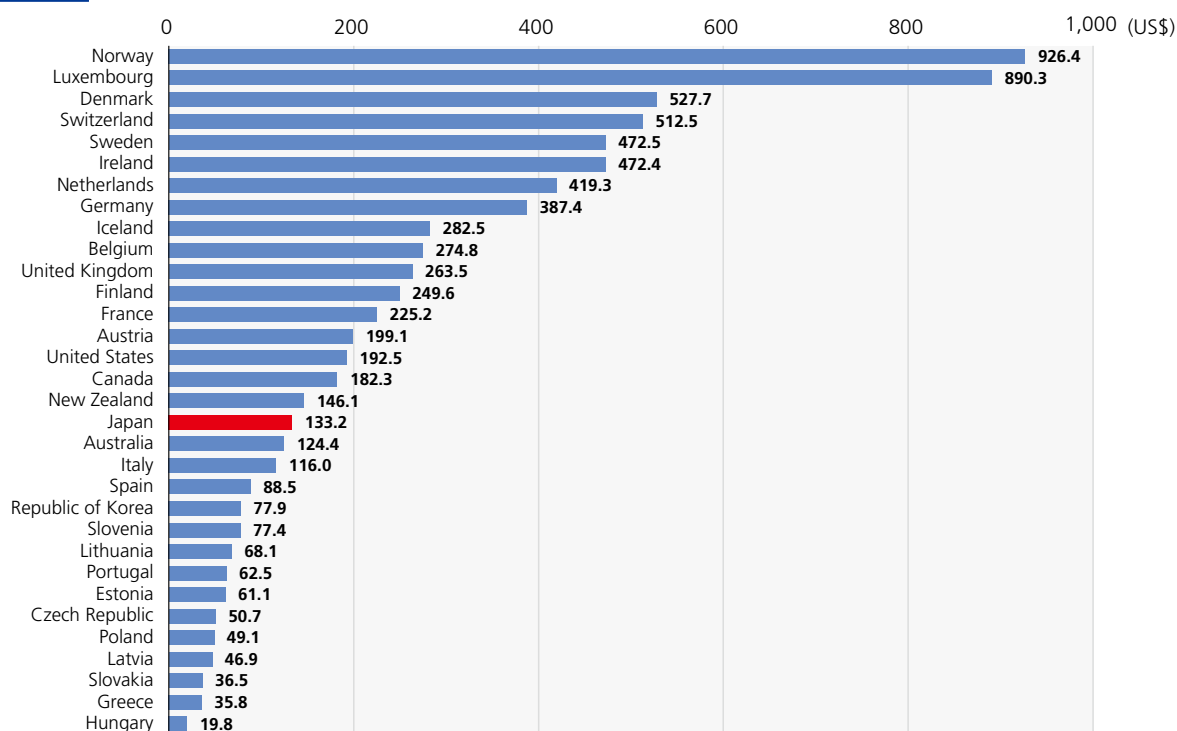
Chart II-3 Trends in the ODA of Major DAC Countries
Net Disbursements (until 2017)/Grant Equivalents (from 2018)


Source: OECD database (OECD Data Explorer) (December 2025)

Gross Disbursements


Source: OECD database (OECD Data Explorer) (December 2025)

Chart II-4 Per Capita ODA in DAC Countries (2024)

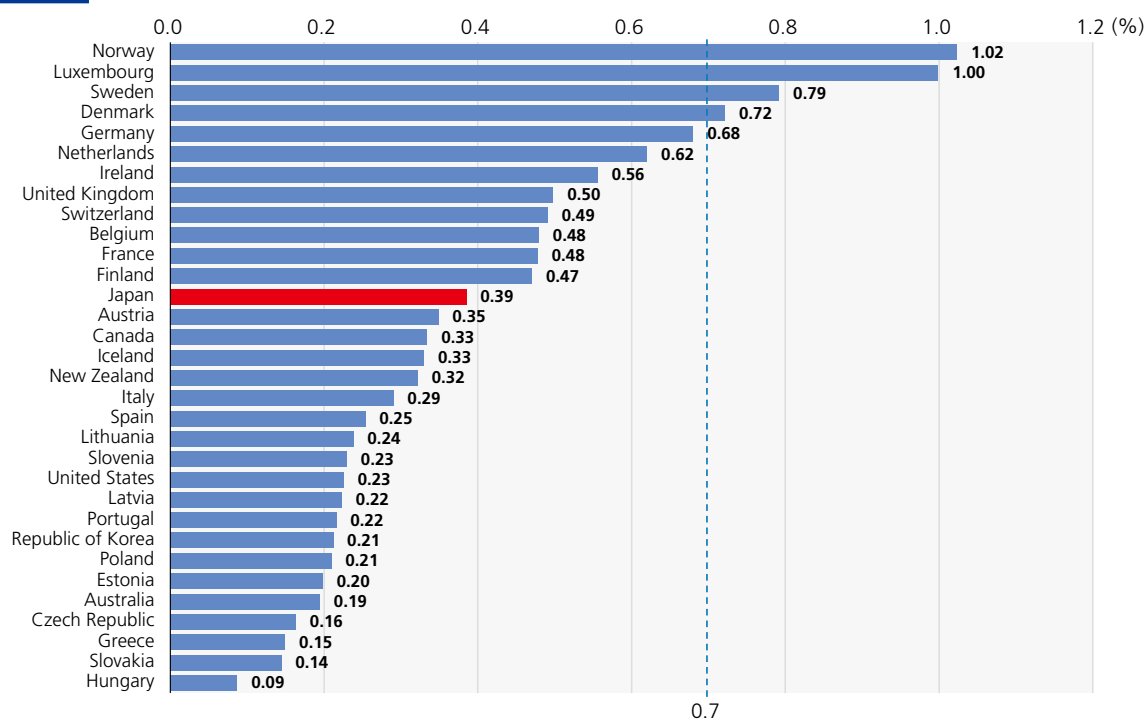


Source: OECD database (OECD Data Explorer) (December 2025)

Notes:

- Grant equivalent basis.
- Latvia joined the DAC in 2025.

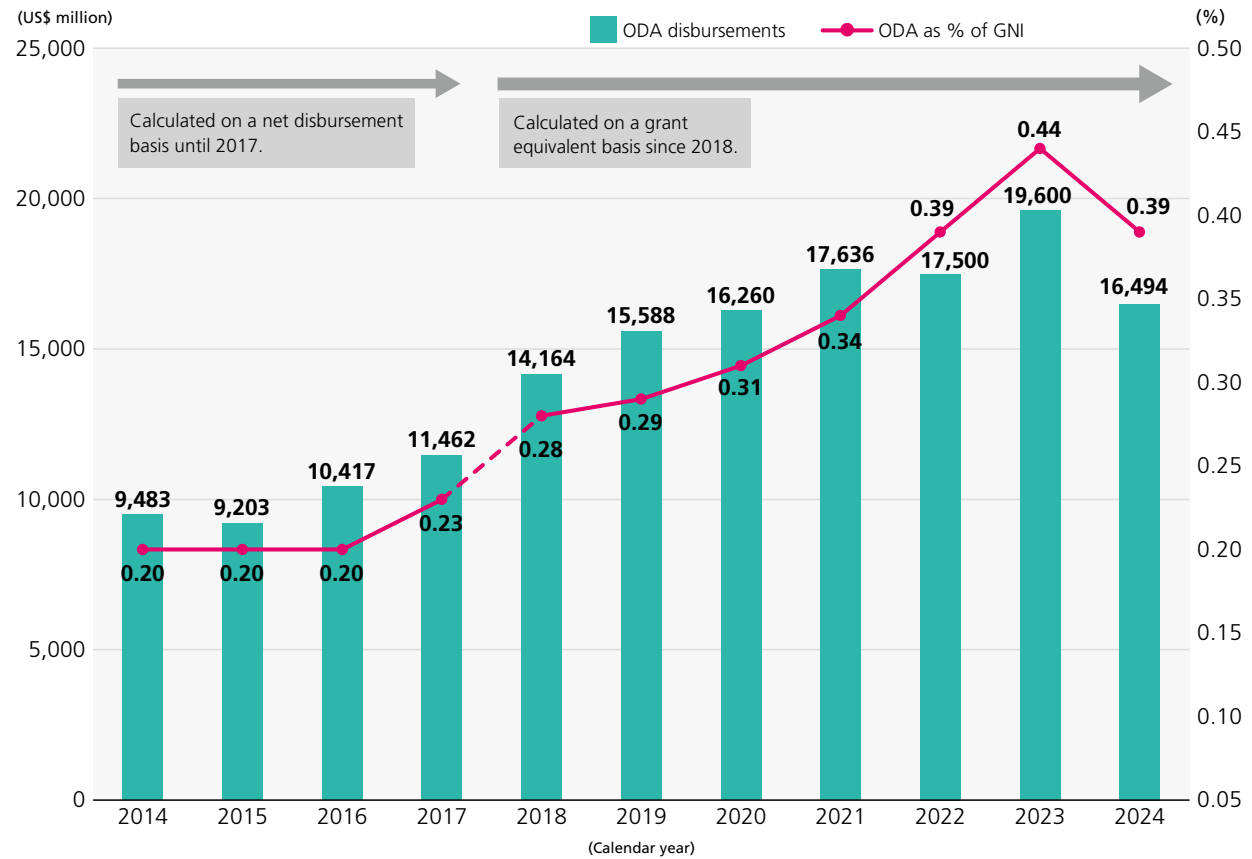
Chart II-5 ODA as a Percentage of GNI in DAC Countries (2024)



Source: OECD database (OECD Data Explorer) (December 2025)

Notes:

- Grant equivalent basis.
- In 1970, the UN General Assembly set a target of 0.7% of GNP (currently of GNI) for ODA.
- Latvia joined the DAC in 2025.

Chart II-6 Trends in Japan's ODA as a Percentage of GNI


Source: OECD database (OECD Data Explorer) (December 2025)

Note:

- Disbursements were calculated on a net disbursement basis until 2017, and on a grant equivalent basis since 2018.