Outcomes that Japan expects at COP23

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Furthering discussions on the Paris Agreement implementation guidelines

- The Paris Agreement implementation guidelines is expected to be adopted in 2018*, the deadline decided at the COP22.
- At the COP23, Japan aims to <u>set a foundation for the text-based negotiation</u> by converging Parties' views on the headings of the guidelines.
- Japan will promote its views on the guidelines and facilitate technical discussions, <u>focusing on the areas of mitigation</u>, <u>transparency framework</u>, and market mechanisms, while avoiding conceptual discussions on issues such as differentiation between developed and developing countries (bifurcation).

* Parties work on the guidelines for the implementation of the provisions in the Paris Agreement, including mitigation, adaptation, transparency and support, mainly at the As Hoc Working Group of the Paris Agreement (APA).

Completing the design of the facilitative dialogue in 2018 (FD)

- FD will be conducted to take stock of the collective mitigation efforts of Parties. Japan will support Fiji, the COP presidency in designing the FD, in order to complete the design at COP23.
- Japan will actively join the consultation with the COP22 and COP23 presidencies, aiming at designing the FD, which <u>is</u> <u>not too structured, provides opportunity to inspire mitigation actions</u> towards communication or update of NDCs by 2020.

Accelerating global climate actions

- Global climate actions, including adaptation, and ocean are the "vision" that Fiji promotes. Fiji undertakes the first COP Presidency as a small island state heavily affected by the adverse effects of climate change. Japan <u>will contribute</u> to accelerating global actions during the COP23, in order to enhance the momentum for climate actions.
- Japan intends to promote its efforts against climate change such as providing support for developing countries and adaptation actions (such as publication of a report on climate change and fragility) at various occasions including the high-level segment and the events on climate actions (Action Agenda).
- Japan will promote its ongoing support as well as its 1.3 trillion yen assistance in 2020 when discussing the prospect for climate finance.

Fiji's Vision for Presidency of COP23

- To advance the work of the UN Framework Convention on Climate Change and <u>preserve the multilateral</u> consensus for decisive action to address the underlying causes of climate change, respecting climate science.
- To uphold and advance the Paris Agreement, ensure progress on the implementation guidelines and <u>undertake consultations</u> together with the Moroccan COP22 Presidency <u>to design the process for the</u> <u>Facilitative Dialogue in 2018</u>.
- 3. <u>To build greater resilience for all vulnerable nations to the impacts of climate change</u>, including extreme weather events and rising sea levels; to enable access to climate adaptation finance, renewable energy, clean water and affordable climate risk and disaster insurance; and to promote sustainable agriculture.
- 4. <u>To forge a grand coalition to accelerate climate action before 2020 and beyond</u> between civil society, the scientific community, the private sector and all levels of government, including cities and regions. We are all vulnerable and we all need to act.
- 5. <u>To harness innovation, enterprise and investment</u> to fast track the development and deployment of climate solutions that will build future economies with net zero greenhouse gas emissions, in an effort to limit the rise of global temperatures to 1.5 C above pre- industrial levels.
- 6. <u>To draw a stronger link between the health of the world's oceans and seas and the impacts of, and</u> <u>solutions to, climate change</u> as part of a holistic approach to the protection of our planet.
- To infuse COP 23 with the <u>"Bula Spirit"</u> of inclusiveness, friendliness and solidarity and promote the Pacific concept of <u>talanoa</u>. This is a process of inclusive, participatory and transparent dialogue that leads to decision making for the collective good. By focusing on the benefits of action this process will <u>move the global climate agenda forward</u>.