Achievements and a proposal from East Asia Low Carbon Growth Partnership Dialogue -Transformation to Low Carbon Growth-

> Ambassador Masahiko Horie Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Japan

East Asia Summit Region

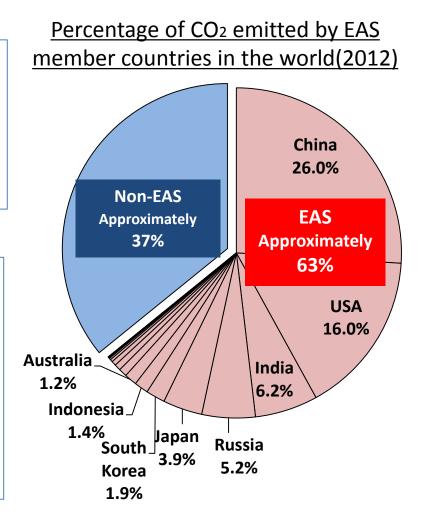
Members of EAS

ASEAN(Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, Viet Nam), Australia, China, India, Japan, New Zealand, Russia, South Korea, USA,

Total : 18 countries

Features of EAS

- the center of gravity of the world economy
- approximately <u>63% of</u> <u>world's CO2</u> is emitted by EAS member countries



Source : IEA(2014) "CO2 emissions from fuel combustion highlights"

→ To promote and realize the low carbon economic growth within EAS region
<u>"East Asia Low Carbon Growth Partnership Dialogue"</u>

Past Achievements of the Partnership Dialogues

1st Dialogue: Ministerial 2012.4

- Low-carbon growth realizes "Sustainable Economic Growth"
 - 1. The development and the implementation of low carbon growth strategy in each country
 - 2. The importance of technology and market mechanism
 - 3. The development and the enhancement of networks among various stakeholders
- Establishment of "East Asia Knowledge Platform for Lowcarbon Growth"

2nd Dialogue: Ministerial 2013.5

- Importance of "Technology"
 - Public-Private Partnership
 - The transfer of appropriate technologies
 - Market Mechanism

3rd Dialogue: High Level 2014.10

- Importance of "Technology Transfer" and "Cities' Actions"
 - The long term certainty of climate policies and actions
 - Beyond public-private partnership







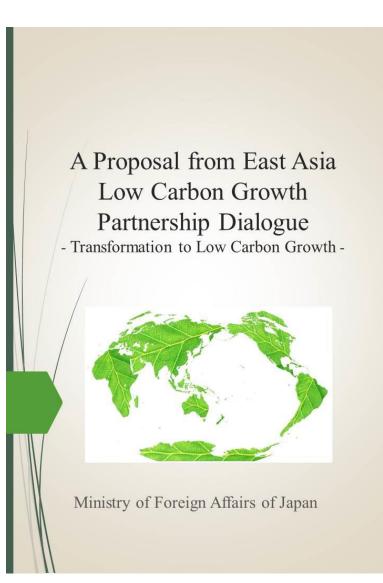
The 4th East Asia Low Carbon Growth Partnership Dialogues 2015.12

Expecting Outcomes:

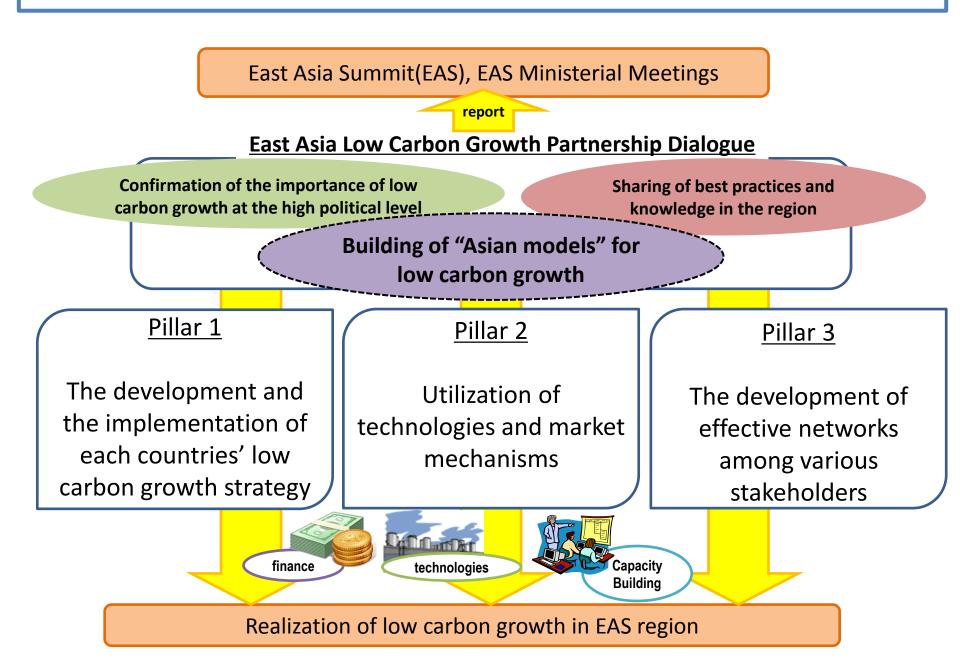
- Sharing a proposal from East Asia Low Carbon Growth Partnership Dialogues
- Sharing best practices
 - NAMA/MRV framework in Vietnam
 - JCM in Cambodia
 - Implementation of JCM in Asia
 - Building energy/GHG monitoring scheme in Putrajaya, Malaysia
- Panel Discussion

" Actions for the Post-2015 "

Open Discussion



East Asia Low Carbon Growth Partnership



Three Pillars and Elements of the Proposal

Pillar 1: The development and the implementation of each country's low carbon growth strategy

- Local governments and industrial communities play an important role to develop and implement low-carbon growth plans which need to be developed based on scientific viewpoints and country's/local area's characteristics.
 - e.g. (1) A scenario for future local government's low carbon growth strategies in Iskandar Malaysia
 - (2) Energy/GHG monitoring scheme in Putrajaya, Malaysia
 - (3) NAMA/MRV framework in Vietnam

Pillar 2: Utilization of technologies and market mechanisms

- Governments need to provide economic incentives, stable policy frameworks, and maintenance of investment and business environments to cooperate with private sectors to disseminate appropriate low carbon technologies.
 - e.g. (1) JCM in Cambodia
 - (2) Implementation of the JCM
- **City-to-City collaboration** needs to be enhanced for technology dissemination and capacity building.

Pillar 3: The development of effective networks among various stakeholders

- Developing global partnerships among all stakeholders needs to be promoted.
- Utilize existing networks should be further activated.
 - e.g. (1) the East Asia Low Carbon Growth Knowledge Platform
 - (2) LoCARNet (Low Carbon Asia Research Network)