Fukushima Update Briefing

March 19, 2014
Tokyo Electric Power Company



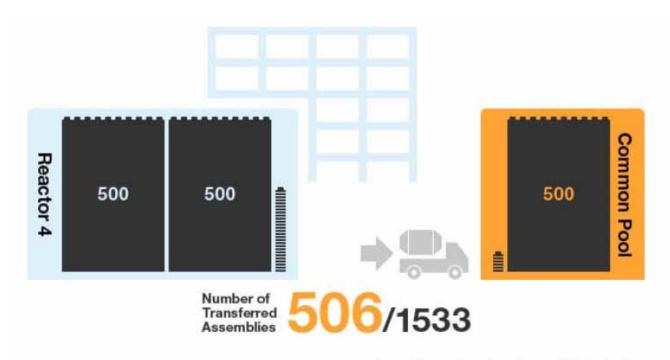
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- Update on Fuel Transfer from Unit No.4
- Recent Topics Related to Contaminated Water
 - Overflow from Tank
 - Water Analysis Issues
 - Strontium 90
 - Total beta



Update on Fuel Transfer from Unit No.4

Fuel Transfer from No.4 Reactor





OBreakdown of transferred assemblies by kind

Spent fuel 484 assemblies/1,331 assemblies

Unirradiated (New) fuel 22 assemblies/ 202 assemblies

ONumber of times of cask transportation:

23 times

as of Mar. 17, 2014

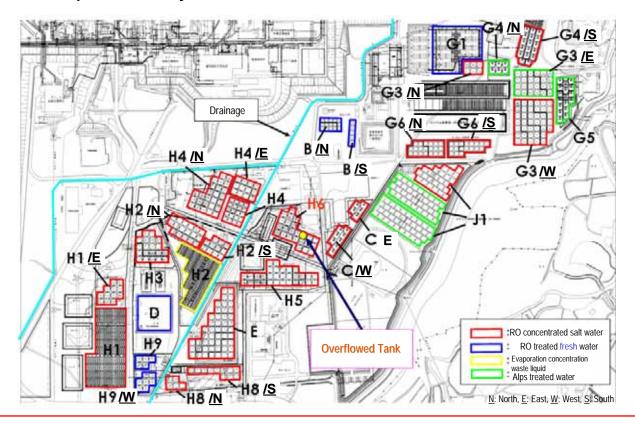


Recent Topics Related to Contaminated Water
Overflow from Tank -

Overflow from Tank (1)

Summary

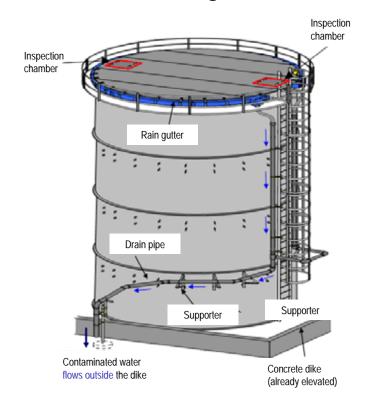
- Overflow caused by overfilling discovered on Feb. 19, 2014
- 100t of leaked water with 2.4 x 108 Bq/L of total beta
- No water pathway from the tank area to the sea





Overflow from Tank (2)

- Overflow in Detail
 - Overfilled from the processing plant
 - Leaked on top of the tank
 - Flowed outside the dike through a rainwater drain pipe

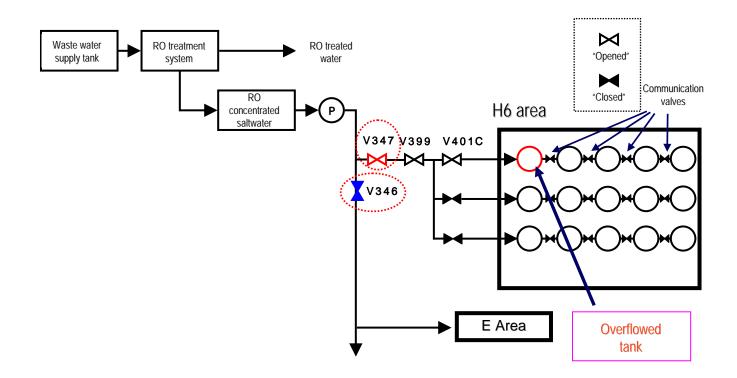




Overflow from Tank (3)

Overfilling in Detail

- Flow controlled by V346 and V347
- Contaminated water planned to be carried to E area, but improperly directed to H6 area causing overfill





Overflow from Tank (4)

- Immediately begun removal of contaminated soil and water
 - 42m³ of water and 130m³ of soil already collected.
 Efforts to be continued
 - Groundwater observation holes and well to be installed





Overflow from Tank (5)

Causes and Actions

Lack of Awareness of Precursor

- E area tank water level not increased
- H6 area tank water level high-high alarm triggered
- Strengthening Supervision
- Improving Training
- Modifying Water Transfer Pump Operation Logic and Tank Level Alarm System

Improper Valve Operation

- Open/Close of flow control valves not properly managed
- Introducing Key Lock on Valves
- Strengthening Supervision
- Recording Images of Surveillance Cameras



Recent Topics Related to Contaminated Water- Water Analysis Issues -

Water Analysis Issues – Strontium 90 (1)

- ■Problem of Strontium 90 (Sr-90) Analysis
 - Sr-90 > Total beta in some sea water samples
 - Recognized since last summer
 - Investigation results reported last month
- Summary of Investigation Results
 - Detection efficiency for Sr-90 measurement improperly evaluated and continuously referred to in the process of analysis for one of on-site counters since its introduction
 - Overestimated by roughly 30% for the data in question
 - No serious impact on results of environmental influence surveys



Water Analysis Issues – Strontium 90 (2)

Causes and Actions

- Improper evaluation for detection efficiency
 - Not accustomed to procedure
 - -Evaluated only at the time of detector introduction
 - –Done by our cooperative worker
 - Efficiency different to another "same-type" counter on-site
- No more self evaluation
- Re-analysis of in-question data samples (if available)
- Periodic cross-check of analysis result with other internal and external laboratories



Water Analysis Issues – Total beta (1)

- Problem of total beta Analysis
 - "Counting loss" affected results for the case of highly radioactive samples measured with a no loss-compensation counter
 - Recognized since last month
 - Still under investigation
 - •0.8% of all total beta measurements seriously affected
 - Some samples wasted after analysis
 - Many in-question data obtained during heavy-workload period
 - In-question data correction method exists, but applicability under consideration



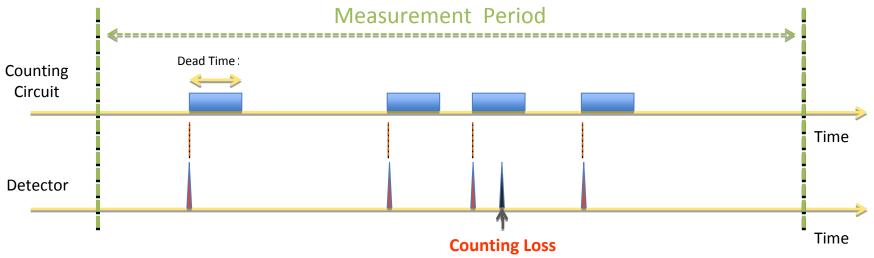
Water Analysis Issues – Total beta (2)

What is "Counting Loss?"



Signals caused by radiation in a detector are counted by a counting circuit. The time required for counting one signal by the circuit is called "dead time." If radiation causes a signal during a dead time caused by different radiation, it is not counted. This is called "counting loss."

Counting loss is significant for high radiation environments.



Water Analysis Issues – Total beta (3)

- Causes and Actions
 - Still under discussion, but considering actions such as...
 - Process review by external third party with high competency in analysis
 - Cross-check with other laboratories

