Diplomatic Conference on Minamata Convention
Japan’s Assistance to Developing countries

Basic Policy
- Support developing countries to tackle their environmental challenges
- Promote “Human Security”, one of the main agenda of Japanese foreign policy, which focuses on each and every individual
- Utilize technologies which Japan has developed to overcome environmental pollution over the past years

Concrete measures ①
Japan will provide USD 2 billion of ODA in total over the next 3 years in the following 3 areas to support developing countries in tackling environmental pollution.

- **Air pollution**
  - Construction of highly efficient coal-fired power plants, installation of power generation systems equipped with flue gas desulfurization equipment

- **Water pollution**
  - Construction and repair of sewage systems, assistance to local governments in drawing up wastewater management plans

- **Waste management**
  - Construction of incineration facilities, promotion of power generation and recycling projects using wastes, assistance to local governments in drawing up waste management plans

Concrete measures ②
Japan will launch a capacity building program, specially designed for mercury pollution prevention (3 years’ JICA Group training course. Sharing lessons learned from Minamata disease experience, sharing Japan’s knowledge to tackle mercury pollution, assisting developing countries in ratifying the Convention.)