Roadmap towards Restoration from the Accident at Fukushima Daiichi Nuclear Power Station

1. Basic Policy

By bringing the reactors and spent fuel pools to a stable cooling condition and mitigating the release of radioactive materials, we will make every effort to enable evacuees to return to their homes and for all citizens to be able to secure a sound life.

2. Targets

- Based on the basic policy, the following two steps are set as targets:
 - Step 1: Radiation dose is in steady decline.
 - Step 2: Release of radioactive materials is under control and radiation dose is being significantly held down.

(Note) Issues after Step 2 will be categorized as "Mid-term Issues"

- Target achievement dates are tentatively set as follows, although there will still be various uncertainties and risks:
 - Step 1: around 3 months
 - Step 2: around 3 to 6 months (after achieving Step 1)
 - (Note) Announcements will be made as soon as timing of step-wise target achievement or quantitative prospects are determined, as well as if revisions to the targets or achievement dates become necessary.

3. Immediate Actions

- In order to achieve the above targets, immediate actions were divided into 3 groups with targets set for each of the 5 issues. Various countermeasures will be implemented simultaneously (see the table in right.)
- In order to achieve Step 1, overcoming the following two issues that are currently being addressed will be critical:
 - 1 Prevention of hydrogen explosion inside the primary containment vessel (hereafter, PCV) (Units 1 to 3.)
 - · Cooling the reactor by injecting fresh water into the reactor increases the chance of steam condensation, leading to a concern of potentially triggering a hydrogen explosion.
- →Nitrogen gas will be injected into the PCV of each unit to keep the concentration of hydrogen and oxygen below flammability limit.
- 2 Prevention of release of contaminated water with high radiation level outside of the site boundary (Unit 2.)
- · While cooling the reactor by injecting fresh water, accumulation of contaminated water with high radiation level in the turbine building is increasing (possible release to outside of the site boundary.)
- →Actions will be taken against accumulated water to (1) secure several storage places and (2) install facilities to process the contaminated water and reduce the radiation dose, among others.

Roadmap for Immediate Actions Targets and Countermeasures **Areas** Issues Step 1 Step 2 (1) Cooling the ① Maintain stable cooling 3 Achieve cold shutdown Reactors • Nitrogen gas injection condition (sufficient cooling is achieved depending on the • Flooding up to top of active fuel Examination and implementation status of each unit.) of heat exchange function Maintain and reinforce various (Unit 2) Cool the reactor Cooling countermeasures in Step 1. while controlling the increase of accumulated water until the PCV is sealed (2) Cooling the Maintain stable cooling ⑤ Maintain more stable cooling Spent Fuel • Enhance reliability of water function by keeping a certain **Pools** injection level of water. • Restore coolant circulation • Remote control of coolant injection operation system • (Unit 4) Install supporting • Examination and implementation of heat exchange function structure (3) Containment, Secure sufficient storage Decrease the total amount of Storage, place to prevent water with contaminated water. Processing, high radiation level from Expansion of storage/processing and Reuse of being released out of the site facilities. Water boundary. Decontamination/Desalt Contaminated Installation of storage / processing (reuse), etc. Mitigation by Radioactive processing facilities. Materials Store and process water with (Accumulated low radiation level Water) Installation of storage facilities/decontamination processing. (4) Mitigation of ① Cover the entire buildings (as Prevent scattering of Release of radioactive materials on temporary measure). Radioactive buildings and ground Materials to • Dispersion of inhibitor **Atmosphere** Removal of debris and from Soil Installing reactor building cover (5) Measurement, **Expand/enhance monitoring** Sufficiently reduce radiation Reduction and and inform of results fast and dose in evacuation order / III. Monitoring/ Decontamination **Announcemen** accurately planned evacuation / t of Radiation Examination and implementation emergency evacuation Dose in of monitoring methods. preparation areas **Evacuation** Decontamination/monitoring of Order/Planned homecoming residences. Evacuation/ (Note) With regard to radiation dose monitoring and reduction measures in **Emergency** evacuation order/planned evacuation/emergency evacuation preparation areas,

we will take every measure through thorough coordination with the national

government and by consultation with the prefectural and municipal governments.

Evacuation

Preparation

Areas