

Japan's Contributions to Infectious Diseases Control

Okinawa Infectious Diseases Initiative



June, 2005
Ministry of Foreign Affairs
Japan

Okinawa Infectious Diseases Initiative

Announced at G8 Kyushu-Okinawa Summit.

Enhanced support to combat HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria, polio, parasitic diseases, and other infections with US\$ 3 billion in 5 years (2000-2004).

◆ Strategies

- Strengthening institution of health sector
- Partnership with civil society, donors and international organizations
- Human resources development
- South-south cooperation
- Promotion of research activities
- Promotion of public health on the community level

◆ Achievements to date (FY2000-2003) (See Annex 1):

- **Total contribution: US\$ 4.1 billion**
- Grant Aid and Emergency Grant Aid: US\$ 1.85 billion in 80 countries
- Grassroots and Human Security Grant Aid & Grant Assistance for Japanese NGO Projects: US\$ 176 million in 124 countries
- ODA Loan: US\$829 million (ex. Safe Blood Project, HIV/AIDS education targeting mobile workers)
- Technical cooperation : 735 senior experts dispatched for 70 countries
3,088 volunteers dispatched for 74 countries
15,278 experts/officers from 146 countries trained
- Joint project formulation missions with other donors.
with US (Nigeria, Cambodia, Bangladesh, Zambia, Tanzania, Nepal, Bolivia, Honduras);
with Canada (Malawi);
Joint Learning Mission with UNICEF (Bangladesh) .



1. Strengthening Institution of Health Sector

- Policy dialogue and advisory support for development of health policy, system and sector reform
e.g.) Support to development of master plans and/or national programs related to infectious diseases control (Philippines, Cambodia etc.) and technical assistance by policy advisors to infectious diseases control (Laos, Afghanistan etc.).

2. Human Resources Development

- Training courses for a variety of people ranging from policy-makers/managers to field health workers.
e.g.) trainings on national tuberculosis management, laboratory technique on the blood screening test of HIV/AIDS, the diagnosis of STI and HIV/AIDS, and the management of malaria and other parasitic diseases control.

3. Partnership with Civil Society, Donors and Multilateral Organizations

- **Partnership with NGOs:** Provide small grants to local/international NGOs in approximately 100 countries. (See ANNEX 2); Work with Japanese NGOs for project formulation and evaluation missions; Established the Japan Trust Fund for HIV/AIDS in International Planned Parenthood Federation (IPPF) with US \$1 million for grassroots HIV/AIDS projects in Africa, South Asia, Southeast Asia and Oceania.
- **Partnership with Donors:** Collaborate with USAID under “Japan-USAID Partnership for Global Health” signed in June/2002; Sent joint project formulation mission with USAID and CIDA. (See ANNEX 3)
- **Partnership with Multilateral Organizations:** Collaborate with UNICEF and WHO for Polio Eradication, Expanded Program on Immunization and other infectious diseases control. Established UN Human Security Fund and other funds in UN and other multilateral organizations.

4. South-South Cooperation

- Support universities and institutes in developing countries as a base for South-South Cooperation and extend training courses/workshops to health personnel in neighboring countries.

e.g.) Asian Center for International Parasite Control (Thailand), Noguchi Memorial Institute for Medical Research (Ghana), Kenya Medical Research Institute (Kenya), Zambia University Teaching Hospital (Zambia)

5. Promotion of Research Activities

- Promote research activities for new appropriate technology and quality clinical and laboratory work.

e.g.) Development of HIV/AIDS blood screening diagnostic kits at the Kenya Medical Research Institute (Kenya); establishment of research system for HIV/AIDS and emerging/reemerging infectious diseases at the National Institute of Health (Thailand); molecular biological and immunological research on HIV strain at the Noguchi Memorial Institute for Medical Research (Ghana).

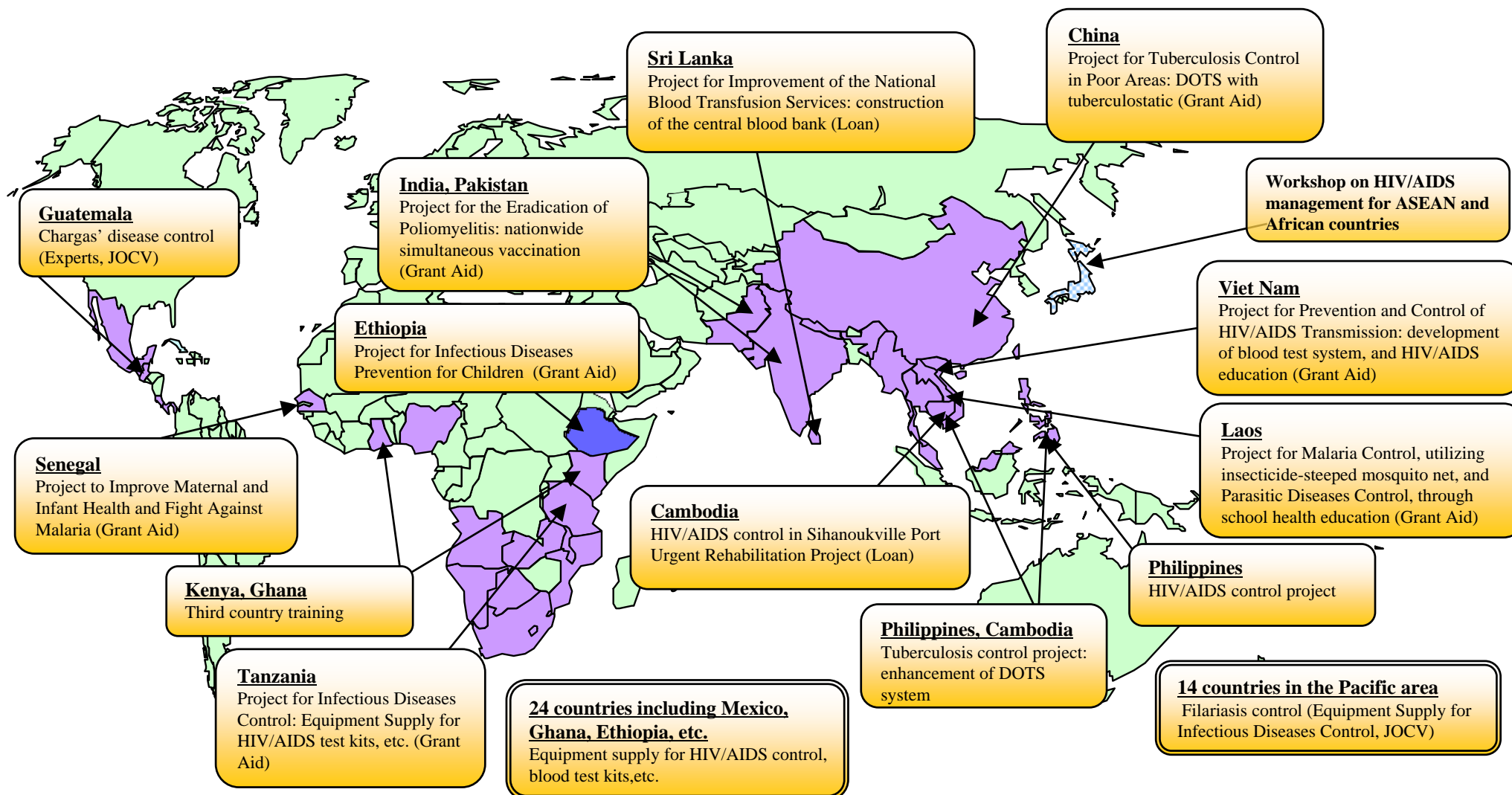
6. Promotion of Public Health at Community Level

- Promote basic sanitation through provision of safe water and construction of lavatories for prevention of infectious diseases in communities
- Link with education sector through promotion of basic education, deworming and health education in school
- Revitalize public health activities through promotion of primary health care and community health.



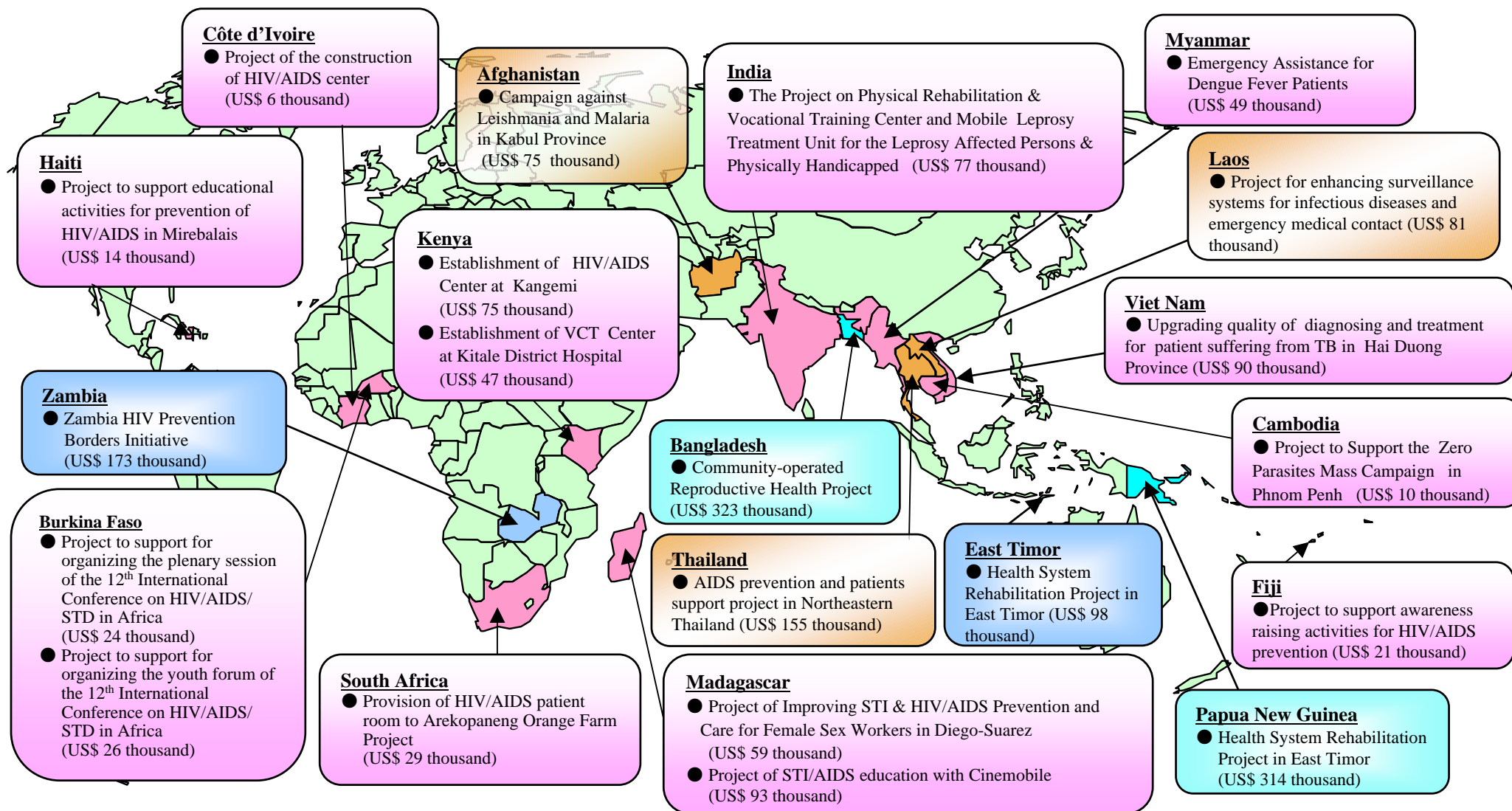
©Japan Bank for International Cooperation (JBIC)

Examples of Japan's Contribution against Infectious Diseases Epidemic all over the World



Major Examples of Assistance through NGOs

- **Grant Assistance for Grassroots Human Security Project**
● **Grant Assistance for Japanese NGO Projects**
● **JICA Partnership Program (Development Partner Scheme)**
● **Community Empowerment Program**



Coordination and Cooperation with US, Canada & UNICEF



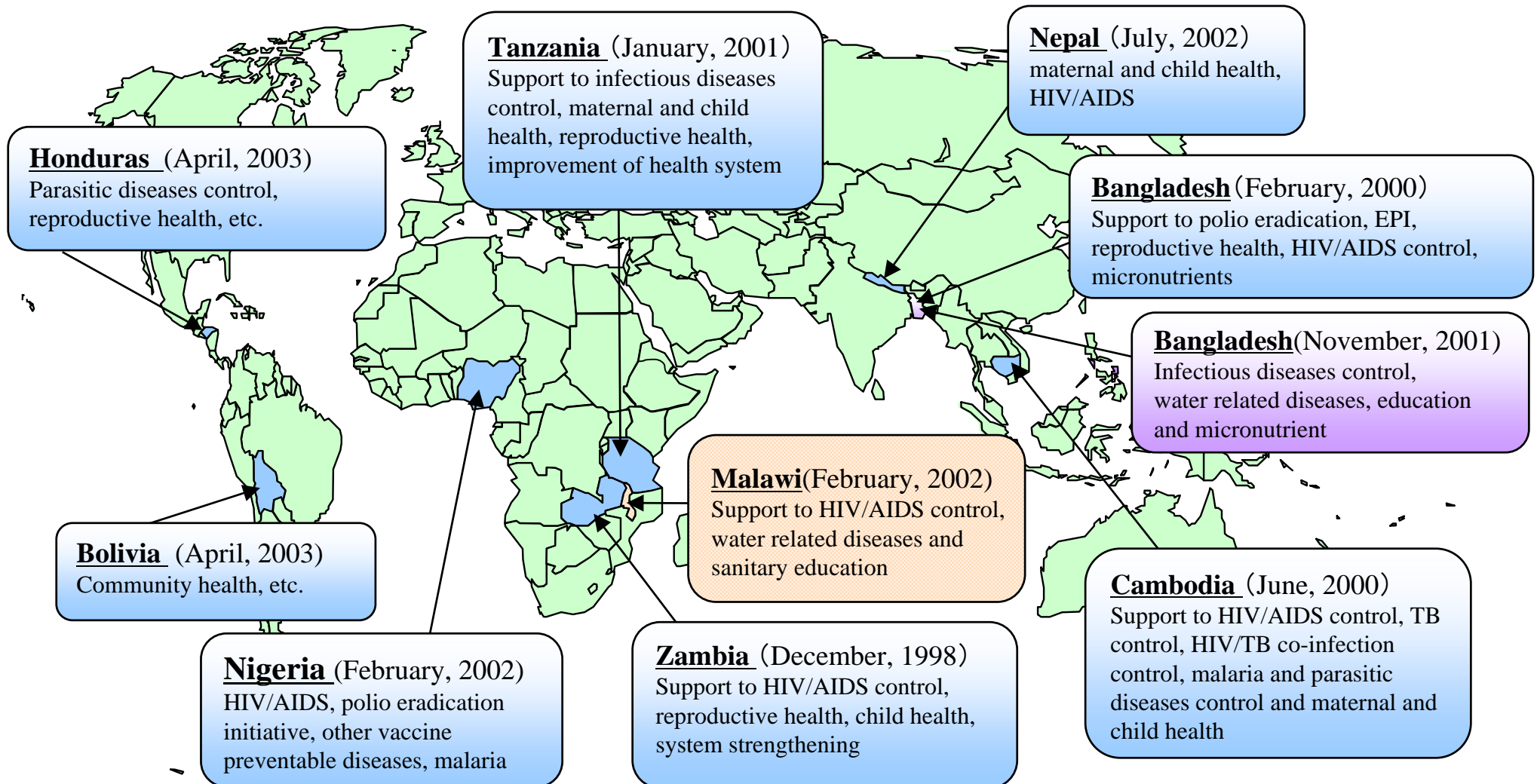
Japan-US Joint Mission



Japan-Canada Joint Mission



Japan-UNICEF Joint Learning Mission



Centers for Infectious Diseases Control by Japan's ODA

